READ THE NEWS POST-DISPATCH

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

TWICE AS MANY READERS AS ANY OTHER PAPER.

VOL. 37.—NO. 239. ST. LOUIS, MONDAY EVENING, APRIL 11, 1887. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.

HERZOG'S

GRAND SALE at 39c.

A New Excitement! Nearly 5,000 Articles to Be Sold at 39c—39c—39c!

Ladies' black and colored 50c Lisle Hose for.....39c
A 50c full regular Ladies' Hose, all colors, all sizes, 2 pairs for.....39c
Children's Ribbed Hose, full regular and all sizes, 2 pairs for.....39c
Embroidered back Kid Gloves, worth 85c, for.....39c

Grand Bargains in Laces This Week.

Spanish Guipure Lace, 3½ inches wide, worth 25c yd, price this week 3 yds for.....39c
5-inch wide Spanish Guipure Lace, worth 35c yd; price this week 2 yards for.....39c
5-inch Chantilly Laces worth 40c yard; this week 3 for yards.....39c
27-inches wide, two-toned, cream and white Lace for overdresses, worth $1.25 yard; to-morrow.....39c
10-inch wide Fancy Laces in ecru, navy and red and brown and tan mixtures; reduced from $1.50 a yard to.....39c
6-inch wide Fancy Laces in ecru, navy, brown, worth 50c a yard; 2 yards for.....39c
3-inch wide Fancy Laces in ecru, navy, brown mixtures, worth 25c a yard; to-morrow 5 yards for..39c
40 inches wide Oriental Flouncing, worth 85c; to-morrow.....39c
3-inch Colored Embroideries on fine French Batiste, worth 12½c a yard; to-morrow 8 yards for.....39c
Plain goods to match the embroideries, 4 yards for.....39c
Elegant Swiss Embroideries worth 40c; to-morrow 2 yards for.....39c
Navy Blue and Red all-over embroideries, worth 75c; to-morrow.....39c

Immense Bargains on Trimming Counters at 39c.

Brown Wood-mixed Drops, cost us $2 a dozen; to-morrow.....39c a dozen
Jet Drops, the newest for trimmings, 2 dozen for..39c
Black and Colored Silk-mixed Fringes and Marabouts for wrap-trimmings, cost $1.25 to make; to-morrow.....39c
Felt Ball Trimmings, sold last season 39c a yard; to-morrow, 14 yards for.....39c
Silk Tassels in drab, pearl and white, cost 39c piece; to-morrow, 14 pieces for.....39c

Lovely all silk and jet Gimps, cost originally $1 a yard; to-morrow 2 yards for.....39c
New Passementerie Ornaments, worth 40c apiece everywhere; to-morrow 2 for.....39c
$1.25 all-silk Sash Ribbons, in navy and brown, to-morrow 2 yards for.....39c
All-linen 10c Handkerchiefs, to-morrow 6 for.....39c
75c new style Long Purses, to-morrow.....39c
Mantel Coverings, embroidered on felt, cost us $1; to-morrow.....39c
Felt Embroidered Tidies, worth 30c apiece, to-morrow 4 for.....39c
25c and 35c Crepe Lisse Buchings, to-morrow 3 yards for.....39c
75c Lace Caps, to-morrow.....39c
35 Lace Caps, to-morrow 2 for.....39c
75c French Woven Corsets for.....39c
85c Lace Shams.....39c
Children's Mother Hubbard Chambray Dresses...39c
Ladies' Nainsook Aprons.....39c
60c Black Silk Jersey Mitts.....39c
50c Gauze Jersey Vests.....39c

Make Hay While the Sun Shines—Grandest of All.

60c Albatross and Nun's Veilings in cream, tan, ecru, etc., to-morrow.....39c
65c Double-fold, all-wool Serges in heliotrope colorings, to-morrow.....39c
Double-fold, half Cotton Serges, worth 20c; to-morrow 3 yards for.....39c
10c Ginghams, Seersuckers and Sateens, to-morrow 6 yards for.....39c
White-corded Pique, worth 30c all over; to-morrow 2 yards for.....39c
Brocaded and plain goods, not all cotton, worth everywhere else 7½c and 10c a yard; to-morrow 8 yards for.....39c
The famous Gilbert 40c waist linings to-morrow 2 for.....39c
14c Scrim Cloth, to-morrow 4 yards for.....39c
Black Nun's Veilings, double-fold.....39c
Kermess Satins in pink, Nile, yellow, cream, etc.....39c
Striped Velveteens, cost $1 a yard, to-morrow....39c
Figured Etamines, worth 20c a yard, to-morrow 3 yards for.....39c

SPECIALTIES.

Pure Silk Spanish Guipure Nets.....$1.19 yard
Pure Silk Grand Quality Chantilly Nets.....$1.45 yard
Pure Silk elegant Guipure Flounce, 40 inches.....$1.45
Pure Silk, 45 inches, Chantilly Flounces.....Cost $3.50; now $2.00 yard
$8.50 Box Suits, French Batiste, 10 yards, 40 inches wide, 9 yards, wide Embroidery.....$3.00
Very Elegant Merveilleux and Rhadame.....$1.10
Super 24-inch Pure Gros-Grain Silk.....$1.00
Beautiful 24-inch all Silk Surah.....68c
Black and colored Satin Fans, painted.....50c
Jet and Velvet mixed, new style Wraps.....$12.50
An all Jet exquisite new Wrap.....$15.00
60 French Wraps.....$5.00
The new English Covert Jacket.....Sold elsewhere, $7.50; our price, $5.00
Paris Wraps.....Worth to-day $100.00; few at $25.00
Late styles Italian and Newmarkets.....$7.50 to $10.75; elsewhere double

Remember Dress Goods Department is to be discontinued, therefore goods at cost and less. Just opened magnificent stock of Passementeries, Jet Fringes, Jet Ornaments, Jet Drops, Jet Epaulets, at half prices.

L. HERZOG & BRO., 407 N. Fourth Street.

"The Chesterfield."

IS THE MOST CELEBRATED COMBINED SILK AND WOOL

UMBRELLA

Now on the market. It never cuts, and wears like leather. All sizes, from 26 to 30 inch, and at prices from $3.25 to $10.00. For sale at the

WM. BARR DRY GOODS CO.'S, SIXTH, OLIVE TO LOCUST STREET, Who are sole agents in St. Louis.

CRAWFORD'S

Weather favorable to Crawford's Underwear Sale.

Query—"How on earth can Crawford afford to sell Underwear for less than the actual cost of the material of which they're made?"

Answer—Never you mind about the howness of the this. He does it! If you can buy a $1.25 Hubbard Gown at Crawford's—which you can—for 85 cents, a $2.75 one for $2, and a Chemise for 25 cents, what do you care about "how he does it?" Maybe it's because Crawford is anxious to accommodate you.

Good Drawers, 45 cents; best muslin chemise, with handsome pompadour front, 45 cents. Good muslin night dresses, with neat edging and tucks, 45 cents. Hubbard, with square yoke of tucks and Hamburg insertion and edging, 65 cents. Hubbard, with clusters of tucks and rows of herring-bone trimmings and Hamburg ruffle about neck and sleeves, 85 cents. If you like the sound of this, you can safely order it, as it looks better'n it sounds. A big variety of $2 gowns. A beauty in fine cambric has wide plaited yoke back, a solid, deep yoke front of fine nainsook embroidery, edges overlapping clusters of tiny tucks and rows of cording; sleeves gathered into wristbands of narrow tucks, finished with beautiful nainsook edging. $2 also buys a solid, all-over Hamburg yoke, finished with fine edging. The chemises sold at $1.25 to $3.50 are worth $2 to $5 at regular prices. Skirts, with cambric flounces, 65 and 75 cents. Crawford Specials, both. For $1.25, best muslin, deep flounce of tucked Hamburg and cluster tucks above. Children's white cambric dresses, 6 months to 4 years, 50 cents, with tucked yokes and Hamburg edge. Our $6.50 bridal sets reduced to $4.

D. CRAWFORD & CO.

MONEY TO LOAN
—ON—
Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Guns, Pistols, Clothing, Musical Instruments, etc., in sums from $1 to $50,000, at a very low rate of interest.

BUSINESS STRICTLY CONFIDENTIAL.

S. VAN RAALTE,
12 and 14 S. Fourth St.

3 Pounds of Coffee, $1.00
Cans (Returnable), 15c Extra.

DWINELL, HAYWARD & CO.'S
Royal Java and Mocha Coffee
Either whole or pulverized, can be sampled at BARR'S DRY GOODS STORE during the exhibition of the BOSS ONE-MINUTE COFFEE POT. Now for sale by all

First-Class Grocers
AND AT THE
DELICATESSEN LUNCH ROOMS.

GREELEY-BURNHAM GRO. CO., Agents

Every Man's Friend



No One Can Afford to Be Without One.

A clean, easy shave in 3 minutes, without danger of cutting the face. Any one can use it. Sent by mail on receipt of $2.

A. S. Aloe & Co.
CORNER FOURTH AND OLIVE STS.

SEEDS FOR THE GARDEN, FARM & FIELD

LAWN GRASS SEED,

Lawn Mowers,
Lawn Rakes,
Lawn Fertilizers,
Mole Traps,
Matthews' Little Gem and Planet, Jr., Seed Drills,
Hand and Horse Cultivators,
Choicest Seed Potatoes,
Seed Sweet Potatoes,
Choicest Flower Seeds,
Best Vegetable Seeds,

PLANT SEED CO.
213 and 214 N. Fourth st., bet. Morgan & Franklin av.

NEW SPRING GOODS!

WILL BE

OPENED THIS WEEK!

Chantilly Lace Flouncings, 40 inches wide, $2.50 to $6 yard.
Chantilly Lace Nets, with Laces to match, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75, $2.50 to $5.50 yard.
Chantilly Trimming Laces, 2 1-2 to 5 inches wide, 15c to 50c yard.
Spanish Guipure Flouncings, 40 inches wide, $2.15 to $5 yard.
Spanish Guipure Nets and Laces to match, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 to $3.75 yard.
Spanish Guipure Laces, 2 1-2 to 20 inches wide, 20c to $1.90 yard.

NEW STOCK OF ELEGANT EMBROIDERIES!

Cambric Edgings, 5c, 7 1-2c, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c, 17 1-2c, 20c, 25c—very cheap.
Nainsook Edgings, 10c, 12 1-2c, 15c, 20c, 22 1-2c, 25c, 30c, 37 1-2c.
Lot of Swiss Embroideries, 3 to 5 inches wide, for 25c.
Swiss and Nainsook Skirtings, 45 inches wide, $1 to $3.75 yard.

NEW RIBBONS! NEW RIBBONS!

All the New Shades in Wide Sash Ribbons, with Picot Edges.
New Scarfs and Sashes, New Ties, Narrow Fancy Ribbons.
Our assortment of Ribbons is the Largest in the City, containing many NOVELTIES not to be found in any other House.

NEW FANS AND FANCY GOODS!

New Japanese Silks for Draperies.
New Linen Tidies and Scarfs, Doylies and Napkins.
Many other Novelties in our Art Department.
ALL THE BEST MAKES OF CORSETS.
DR. WARNER'S LADIES' HEALTH WAIST.

-:DRESS TRIMMINGS:-

We are the Only Dress Trimming House in the City, and we are constantly receiving

THE LATEST NOVELTIES FROM PARIS AND BERLIN!

Our Paris Commissionaire keeps us constantly advised of all changes in fashions, and every lady who desires to have the best and most correct styles will not fail to inspect our Dress Trimmings.

CHILDREN'S NEW CAPS AND COATS

Our sales have been very large in these goods, as we keep only the most fashionable styles, which are made expressly for us in Philadelphia, and charge the same prices as are asked for inferior goods by other houses.

THE NEW QUAKER CAP FOR CHILDREN!

Prices Guaranteed the Lowest or Money Refunded.

CUNNINGHAM & SCHMITT,

505 North Fourth Street.

The St. Louis Dressed Beef Co.

Respectfully announce that they have fitted up a SECOND DEPOT for the sale of CHOICE BEEF, Mutton, Lambs and Veal, located at the STURGEON MARKET. THIS COLD STORAGE compartment has a capacity for 100 carcasses of beef and 200 sheep. Mr. Frederick Kraft, long known to the trade of St. Louis, has connected himself with us, and will have charge of our sales at this point. Attention is also called to our Clark avenue and Twentieth street cooler. Here we can hang 200 carcasses of Beef. Our trade is fast becoming established, and we are glad to say that the people of St. Louis begin to appreciate the class of meats we sell. Our Beef and Mutton is selected from the choicest and healthiest animals, slaughtered in the most cleanly and scientific manner, thoroughly CHILLED BEFORE SHIPPING, and offered at prices that defy competition. The public is invited to call and see these model COLD STORAGE SALESROOMS. Very respectfully,

THE ST. LOUIS DRESSED BEEF CO.

"Home Comfort" Ranges

—ARE THE—

BEST IN THE WORLD.

They BAKE better than any other.
They BROIL to perfection.
The WATERBACK outlasts any other 4 to 1.
The FIRE LININGS have no equal.

The whole Range is vastly superior to anything in this line, and parties intending to buy should see them.

Call at 411 North Fourth St.

Wrought Iron Range Co.

LATEST EDITION

AGAINST COERCION.

The Monster Demonstration in Hyde Park To-Day.

Bismarck's Actions in Alsace-Lorraine Causing Irritation in France.

Letters Threatening the Czar Found in the Winter Palace.

Illness of the Crown Prince of Germany—Ex-Empress Eugenie—The Stanley Expedition—A Ship Load of Dynamite for Ireland—Deputy Kable's Funeral—A Revolutionary Russian Lieutenant's Sentence—Death of the Duchess of Norfolk—Portugal's Treaty with China—President Cleveland's Letter on the Fishery Question.

LONDON, April 11.—The position to which Mr. King-Harman has just been appointed, that of Parliamentary Under-Secretary, is a newly created office, to which no salary is attached. A bill will be introduced in Parliament, however, providing an emolument for this office.

Sir Redvers Buller is still Under-Secretary for Ireland, his successor not having yet been chosen. Sir Wm. Kaye, now Assistant Under-Secretary, will probably be appointed to the office.

THE HYDE PARK DEMONSTRATION.

1 p. m.—The day appointed for the great demonstration in London against the Irish coercion bill, now before the House of Commons, opened brilliantly, the weather being balmy and the sun shining brightly. Vast crowds of people are marching towards Hyde Park, where the meetings are to be held, from every district of London with bands, banners and carriages filled with leaders in the day's exercises. The utmost enthusiasm prevails in the great throngs. Many of the banners exhibited bore portraits of Mr. Gladstone, Michael Davitt and Father Keller and the inscription: "Justice for Ireland." Fourteen platforms for the use of orators have been erected in Hyde Park and occupy the whole frontage facing the fashionable Park Lane. All those taking part in the procession, from the East to the West end of London, wear green rosettes to imitate the Irish emblem—the shamrock. A large force of police is held in reserve for an emergency.

AN IMMENSE, BUT ORDERLY GATHERING.

The gathering in Hyde Park this afternoon was the largest ever held in London. The people were enthusiastic, but orderly. A motion protesting against the coercion bill was offered simultaneously from the fourteen platforms and carried amid great enthusiasm. The Socialists stole a march on the police and erected platforms from which several speakers delivered orations. They afterwards held a noisy meeting in Trafalgar Square. Mrs. Gladstone watched the anti-coercion procession from a window in Piccadilly, and was given an ovation by the men in line.

DEAD.

The Duchess of Norfolk is dead.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE IRISH BISHOPS.

ROME, April 11.—In consequence of England's treatment of Ireland, and the attitude of the Irish clergy on the Irish question, the Pope has charged Cardinal Simeoni, Prefect of the Congregation of the Propaganda, to make a thorough inquiry into the whole matter, and to draft instructions for the Irish bishops.

THE HYDE PARK DEMONSTRATION.

Collision Between the London Socialists and the Police.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, April 11.—Hyde Park is to-day the scene of a great anti-coercion demonstration. The authorities have a large military force on hand, who have orders, at the slightest sign of riotous disturbances in the streets, to shoot down all persons who refuse to disperse at the word of command.

THE SOCIALIST MEETING.

A socialist meeting at Hyde Park Saturday terminated in a collision with a body of police. Nine socialists were arrested, including the leader, Williams.

A FAST CHINESE TORPEDO BOAT.

It seems an extraordinary thing to state that at the present moment the Chinese Government possesses the fastest torpedo boat in the world. This little vessel, which has just been completed for them by Yarrett & Co., has attained the speed of twenty-four knots an hour. Why the English admiralty do not possess anything that can approach this speed it is difficult to say. English vessels, whether large or small, have never seemed to attain their estimated speed.

A LARGE VESSEL AGROUND.

The large sailing vessel Prince Victor from New York to Sharpness, with 10,000 barrels of paraffine, got aground near Beachley on Friday. The water rushed into the cabin and drowned the captain's wife and child. The vessel was got off, but was again blown ashore, where she is now lying.

BISMARCK AND THE FRENCH.

Bitter Feeling Intensified by the Chancellor's Actions in Alsace-Lorraine.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

PARIS, April 11.—There continues to be much irritation throughout France over the course of Bismarck in Alsace-Lorraine. All members of the German army have been compelled to obtain permission of the German police to visit or live in this province, but now the prohibition is extended to all Frenchmen. This, following upon the heels of the expulsion of M Antoine, a member of the Reichstag, from this province, increases the bitter feelings. Alsace-Lorraine, practically, is under martial law. Four drunken men, who shouted "Vive La France" yesterday, were arrested and imprisoned. To-day the expulsion of all the French from this territory will be formally carried out. French physicians in the employ of the railroads, passing through the province, have all been ordered to leave.

EX-EMPRESS EUGENIE.

The Widow of Napoleon III. Returning to England—Her Guests.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, April 11.—Empress Eugenie will leave Rome on Thursday and return to London through Turin and Switzerland, reaching Farnborough about April 25th. She has been leading a simple life in the Eternal City, with her friend Mme. Le Breton Bourbaki. Dr. Scott, who went with the Prince Imperial to Zululand, and brought back to England his imperial highness' body, is at present one of her guests. The Empress takes great interest in M. Detaillures' plans for a splendid chapel at Farnborough, which is to receive the remains of her late husband, Napoleon III. and of the Prince Imperial. The Empress' cousin, the Duchess Bivon, is with her at present.

STANLEY'S EXPEDITION.

The Contract With Tippoo Tib as Governor of Stanley Falls.

LONDON, April 11.—The contract with Tippoo Tib made by Henry M. Stanley, the explorer, in behalf of King Leopold of Belgium, provides that Tippoo Tib shall receive a salary of £360 yearly as Governor of Stanley Falls and shall be allowed to pursue legitimate trade any where he likes. He will, however, have to uphold the authority of the Congo Free State and appoint a deputy to fill his office during his absence from the Falls. This deputy, on the death of Tippoo Tib, shall succeed him as governor, provided King Leopold approves.

The Crown Prince of Germany.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

BERLIN, April 11.—The Crown Prince of Germany is suffering from a bad affection of the throat, for which the application of electricity is considered by his medical advisers to be the most likely cure. In a fortnight or three weeks he will proceed to Ems, where he will be one of the earliest arrivals of the season.

Austria.

THE DUCHESS OF CUMBERLAND.

VIENNA, April 11.—The Duchess of Cumberland is much better. She drove out yesterday in company with her physician and his wife, to whom she has become attached.

DR. LENZ.

Dr. Lenz, the African traveler, was welcomed by numerous savants on his return to this city. Dr. Lenz states that he was prevented from relieving Emin Bey and other explorers by the insufficiency of the means at his disposal.

Germany.

DEPUTY KABLE'S FUNERAL.

STRASBURG, April 11.—Deputy Kable was buried yesterday. Patriotic societies were well represented at the funeral, which passed off quietly. Speeches at the grave were prohibited. By a strange coincidence, Baron Bussiere, who preceded Kable as member of the Reichstag, has just died.

THE EMPEROR'S REGRETS.

BERLIN, April 11.—Emperor William's private secretary, replying to a loyal address sent to the Emperor by the Metz Municipal Council, said: "His Majesty much regrets that illness prevented him from making his proposed visit to Metz last autumn."

Russia.

GOREFF'S SENTENCE.

ODESSA, April 11.—Lieut. Goreff has been sentenced to eight years hard labor in the mines of Siberia for distributing revolutionary propaganda. The Chief of Police here has organized a body of 100 volunteer detectives to watch suspects.

Ireland.

A CARGO OF DYNAMITE.

LONDON, April 11.—It is reported that there is a suspicious vessel off Youghal, County Cork, waiting for a chance to land a cargo of dynamite.

Russia.

THE CZAR THREATENED.

LONDON, April 11.—The Times correspondent at St. Petersburg says it is reported that the Czar, before returning to Gatschina on Wednesday, found letters on his writing table in the Winter Palace, threatening him with death.

Portugal.

A TREATY WITH CHINA.

LISBON, April 11.—The Portuguese Government has concluded a treaty of friendship with China.

The Dominion.

FOUND DEAD.

MONTREAL, April 11.—The body of Medical Student Homer, who has been missing for some time, has been found in the snow about two miles from where he was last seen alive. He had evidently wandered away and, being overcome with the cold, laid down to sleep.

SALVATION ARMY ATTACKED.

QUEBEC, April 11.—While a French detachment of the Salvation Army was parading the streets yesterday afternoon it was attacked by a howling mob, who pelted the members with large lumps of snow and ice. One of the females of the army was knocked senseless and dangerously hurt by being struck on the head with a piece of ice weighing nearly five pounds. The drums of the detachment were all smashed. The police have as yet made no arrests.

EXCEEDINGLY SERIOUS.

TORONTO, Ontario, April 11.—The Globe today says: The letter of President Cleveland to the President of the Fishery Union of Gloucester, Mass., is a remarkable and important document. It is not such a letter as the Americans interested in the fisheries desired to receive from the President, but the letter was evidently intended as a warning to Canadians also. While we desire that the rights of Canada be firmly and efficiently asserted and maintained, we hope that Americans will not be refused any privileges to which they are entitled, and that they will never experience unjust or unfriendly treatment from those employed in the protection of our rights. It would be folly, however, to put out of sight the fact that many in the United States, including, apparently, the President himself and the members of the Cabinet, assert that fishermen of the United States have rights in our waters, which we believe they have not under the terms of the treaty now in force, and that there are privileges to which they are entitled in the opinion of the President to which we say they have no title whatever. From this misunderstanding, if we assert what we believe to be our rights, great misunderstanding may arise. This letter, although studiously moderate in tone, intimates plainly what may follow. The position is, to say the least, exceedingly serious.

Railroad Shops Burned.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., April 11.—The carpenter shop and planing mills of the Panhandle Railroad at this point, caught fire this morning and were damaged to the extent of $12,500. The company insures its own property.

FOUND GUILTY.

DEPUTY RECORDER PRENDERGAST CONVICTED THIS MORNING.

The Jury Deliberates Only Five Minutes—Prendergast Disappears While His Judges Are in Retirement, But the Verdict is Entered Up Against Him by the Court—Archie Merrow Tells Why He Failed to Answer a Summons—The Election Frauds.

The trial of Deputy Recorder John J. Prendergast of the Third Ward was resumed this morning in the United States Circuit Court, Judge Thayer presiding in the absence of Circuit Judge Brewer, who has been called to Dubuque. In the cross-examination of Mr. Meysenberg, the expert, the defense had the witness pass upon the registration of Zaminski. He pronounced it similar to Prendergast's handwriting. The testimony for the defense establishes the fact that this particular signature was not forged by the defendant, and from this standpoint the defense started to batter down the expert evidence. For the defense J. P. Wiley and John F. P. Lynch were called on Saturday afternoon and testified that the signatures on the books were genuine. When the expert, Wiesehahn, was asked concerning these two names he said he was unprepared to give an opinion on the entries in question. The jury was discharged on Saturday evening with the usual admonition not to speak to any person concerning the case, or to permit any person to discuss the issues in their presence.

THE TRIAL TO-DAY.

When the Prendergast case was resumed this morning Timothy Ryan, who was a Deputy Recorder of Voters at the City Hall under Clarence L. Hobbitzelle, was called, and described the system of registration for the benefit of the jury. He explained that the books given to Prendergast were returned and taken out alternately to give the office force an opportunity to copy the names and addresses from the registration books to the poll books. With this evidence, which was introduced for the Government at the close of the case for the defense by permission, the case was rested.

Mr. Huff then made a statement for the defense. He suggested in a striking manner the weak points in the case made out by the prosecution, but seemed conscious of the fact that a great deal of the evidence was unassailable. Mr. Dyer followed. He showed that thirty names had been placed upon the registration books of the Third Ward in the same handwriting, and that the signature to the official oath in the Recorder's office was evidently written by the person registering these names. Two experts had taken the stand and sworn that in their opinion the man who had written the signature in the official oath book had also made twenty-two of the thirty-three entries in the Third Ward books. Five witnesses had been produced whose names appeared on the books, but all of whom swore that they had never applied to the Deputy Recorder for registration. Two of the witnesses for the defense swore that they had entered their own names, but neither of these was included in the list of twenty-two names identified by the experts. He said that any man who would enter false names on the registration books would find a way to have false votes cast on election day. The other witnesses proved that no persons lived at the addresses given by the bogus registrations.

INSTRUCTED BY THE COURT.

Judge Thayer then delivered the clearest charge that has yet been given in the election cases. He defined the points on which the jurors might be in doubt in clear, positive language. The instructions, review of the testimony and the directions on the points of the law were scrupulously fair.

Judge Thayer said the indictment only contains one count charging the defendant with knowingly entering thirty-three names in the book as the names of persons who had applied to him as qualified voters, and had taken oath. The registration laws of this State provide that persons applying for registration must take the oath, and unless such oath is taken the officer is not authorized to enter the name or permit any other person to enter the name. In so doing the officer violates the laws of the State and the United States. He then referred to evidence in the case. His instructions on the evidence were welcome to the jurors as they gave carefully noted dates and names concerning which the jury had received confused impressions in the presentation of the mass of testimony for the prosecution and defense. He advised the jury to consider the expert testimony with caution, as it was only an opinion, but that the experience of the witnesses in similar comparisons might be considered in weighing this testimony.

HAS PRENDERGAST SKIPPED?

With these instructions the jury retired, but in the meantime the defendant stepped to the door. No particular notice was taken of him as he left the court-room. He sauntered out into the hall but five minutes later when the jury returned with a verdict he could not be found. Mr. E. O. Sterling, foreman of the jury, announced that the jury had agreed upon a verdict. The court asked if there was any objection to receiving the verdict. Mr. Huff stated that he did not know where his client had gone. He had no objection to offer against receiving the finding, which was then read. The jury found the defendant guilty in the manner and form charged in the indictment. Prendergast's disappearance during the brief interval between the retirement and the return of the jury caused some merriment in the audience. The defendants in the case was out on his own recognizance, but in another case pending against him is under $2,500 bond, with Nicholas J. Steber as security. If he is not arrested before sentence is passed on him the remaining case will be docketed and the bond forfeited.

PRENDERGAST RETURNS.

When court met this afternoon Prendergast put in an appearance. He said he had only gone to dinner. He did not think the jury would return so soon. He was taken into custody by the marshal pending a motion for a new trial.

THE GRAND-JURY.

The United States Circuit Grand-jury made a partial report to Judge Thayer to-day, returning a new indictment against Deputy Recorder Malloy of the Twelfth Ward, who is charged with making false entries on the registry books. To-morrow morning some new matters will be presented to the jury when new indictments will be prepared.

TO-MORROW'S CASES.

The case of J. J. Stanley, Deputy Recorder of the Twenty-seventh Ward, will be tried to-morrow morning. After that Denis O'Toole, will be arraigned.

MERROW'S TROUBLES.

A Defendant in the Election Fraud Cases Tells a Sad Story.

This morning Archie B. Merrow sat in the United States Circuit Court, a broken-hearted and disgusted man. His cup of misery was full to overflowing. In rude expressions he told the story of his troubles. Merrow was a well-to-do saloon and boarding-house keeper at No. 736 South Second street. During the September registrations several fictitious names were placed on the books of the Third Ward and when the November Grand-jury in the Federal Court took up the investigation of the election frauds Merrow was indicted with Fred J. Leinert who had lived with him at the above number from which the registrations were made. In the trial of John J. Prendergast Merrow was called on Friday as a witness, but failed to answer. An attachment issued, and a deputy was dispatched to Merrow's house. He found the saloon closed and the house vacant. Merrow's bondsman was found, but could give no information concerning the missing man. On Saturday night he was located at Fourth and Almond streets by Deputy Marshal Atkinson, who placed him under arrest and locked him up at the Four Courts. This morning he was taken to court, where, when asked why he had not appeared to testify in the Prendergast case, he said: "Well, I have had too much trouble to think about these court matters." He explained that on Friday night he was tending bar when he missed Leinert from the room. Calling one of the frequenters of the house to attend the bar, he hurried up stairs, but found the door locked. He burst into the room, where a

found his wife and Leinert, and had his worst suspicions confirmed. The latter departed hurriedly and Merrow went back to the saloon. He closed the door at once and went back up stairs to inform the boarders that they would have to secure new quarters. He then left the house and wandered about trying to drown his misery in drink. On Saturday night he was arrested on the attachment and to-day he was surrendered on his bond. Leinert lived at Merrow's place and had always been a trusted friend, accompanying the proprietor and his wife on pleasure trips and social visits. A few days ago Merrow's suspicions were aroused and he has since found that they were but too well founded.

SIX MONTHS ago if any one had told us that little fodder plant Moxie could kick up such an excitement in this country, we should have shut him up for a lunatic.

THE BUILDING TRADE COUNCIL.

Meeting of the Various Trades in Chicago—Stove-Molders' Strike.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 11.—The third preliminary meeting looking towards the formation of a consolidated building trade council was held yesterday afternoon. There were present representatives from the stone-cutters', carpenters', painters', plasterers', derrickmen's, hod-carriers', steam-fitters', lathers', gas-fitters', galvanized iron and cornicemen's, stairbuilders', and slaters' unions. A constitution was adopted, and a permanent organization will be effected next Sunday. An attempt will be made to bring in the bricklayers' and plumbers' unions as well as other minor ones. The council will represent from 20,000 to 30,000 men and a general strike will be ordered in every instance where a strike in a single shop cannot be won without doing so. It is highly probable that the new council will take a hand in the carpenters' strike in case it is not soon ended. Members of the council say the strike of the carpenters will be the last one of any of the Chicago building trades. They will get what they ask for without resorting to a strike. The constitution adopted yesterday is like the one adopted by a similar council in New York. The name will be the Amalgamated Building Trade Council of Cook County. Among other articles in the constitution are the following:

"All trade and labor societies represented in this council, when desirous of making a demand for either an advance in wages or an abridgement of the hours of labor shall, through their delegates, report the same to this council prior to the demand being made, when, if concurred in by a two-thirds vote of all societies present at any stated meeting, the action shall be binding. This section shall not prevent any society from acting on its own responsibility.

"On demand of a union represented, a general strike shall be ordered to reinstate a member or members who have struck and are refused employment on that job that was struck."

A Switchmen's Strike Settled.

CHICAGO, April 11.—The Daily News' Centralia (Ill.) special says: Two weeks ago the switchmen in the Illinois Central Railroad's yard quit work because the company ordered the force reduced. They returned to work expecting to go out again today, but the company ordered the same number of men to be employed as heretofore, and the strike was averted.

Stove-Molders Strike.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 11.—The stove-molders employed by the Collins & Burgies foundry quit work this morning. This, together with the men who struck on Saturday, throws 600 men out of work.

MR. BLAINE'S CONDITION.

The Distinguished Patient Steadily Improving—Dr. Byrnes' Statement.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

GIBSON, I. T., April 11.—Mr. Blaine passed an easy and profitable night, waking only three times, on which occasions he took nourishment in the shape of milk. This morning he was much rested, and had considerable appetite. He ate meat and swallowed the fiber, instead of ejecting it, as before. He has no fever whatever, and has had none since Saturday night. His pulse is 80 per minute, and respiration and temperature normal. The weather, which threatens rain, continues warm and favorable to his recovery. He is fast regaining his strength and talks freely with his family, and the doctor says that all cause for alarm has disappeared. The doctor insists, however, on Mr. Blaine's keeping his room for at least a week.

IMPROVING.

Mr. Blaine is pronounced by his physician to be still improving. He is disposed to be more quiet this morning than yesterday, a fact for which his physician accounts upon the theory that it is a natural and not unfavorable reaction from his elation of the day before. He ate his breakfast with relish and took more solid food than at any former meal since his arrival here. He has passed the morning in quiet rest, and after a lunch of meat broth, he is sleeping quietly at this hour. The weather, which threatens rain, is mild and spring-like. Dr. Byrnes says that everything considered there could be no more favorable conditions, surroundings and attention for his distinguished patient.

HUMANE Society Benefit, Exposition Building to-morrow night. "Damon and Pythias" Miss Mary Hogan as Calanthe.

A WICKED PAIR.

John Matman and Wife Arrested for Burning Matthew Massock's House.

ITHACA, N. Y., April 11.—John Matman and wife, Julia, were arrested at Ludlowville Station, this county, to-day, charged with arson in causing the fire in which Matthew Massock and three small children were burned on the night of March 28. Both prisoners were arraigned today and plead not guilty. They were remanded to jail in default of bail, pending their examination, which is set for the 14th inst. The evidence against the accused is said to be strong.

SMALL POX IN CHICAGO.

The Health Department Crowded with People Anxious to Be Vaccinated.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 11.—The office of the City Health Department was besieged to-day by people desiring to be vaccinated. This morning several families from the neighborhood in which the stricken Italian Casselli lodged, informed the officials of the Health Department that the plague had already commenced to spread, and that several families in the district were down with the infection. No official report to this effect, however, has yet been made.

The Schwartz-Watt Trial.

CHICCOO, April 11.—The Daily News' Morris (Ill.) special says: In the Schwartz-Watt murder trial to-day the defense introduced Jonas D. Meade, father-in-law of Newton Watt, one of the defendants, who testified that he had sent Watt $300 in June of last year out of certain pension moneys he had received. This was offered in explanation that Watt had considerable money shortly after the express robbery.

Abated by Death.

William Dille's case was abated in the Criminal Court this morning, he having died in jail. Dille cut his wife's throat at their home on Angelrodt street, and then, after the neighbors came in and discovered his crime, attempted to kill himself by cutting his own throat. He was not as successful with himself, however, as he had been with his wife, and, after lying in the City Hospital for awhile, he was considered sufficiently recovered to be sent to jail. There he gradually grew weaker and died.

IN A TIGHT PLACE.

MAYOR FRANCIS' PREDICAMENT WITH REGARD TO THE CITY COUNCIL.

The Republican Members Scheming to Capture Councilman Aug. Frank—Councilman Rohan and Duross on the Fence—Democrats in the House of Delegates Divided on the Speakership—The Hendricks Association—Local Political Gossip.

The principal interest in local politics, just at present, centers in the City Council and the probability of the formation of a solid-seven combination to defeat the confirmation of the Mayor's appointments. As stated in the POST-DISPATCH, Mr. Aug. Frank will not stand by the Mayor unless his appointees are above reproach and will not vote to confirm any ward politician who may receive his appointment simply in payment of political services rendered the Mayor in past contests. Among the probable appointees who are classed under the latter head are Tom Cleary, Jerry Coakley, Billy Kunz and Joe Temple. Street Commissioner Turner would experience a hard time pulling through because of his politics, and Gen. Stevenson is said to be bitterly opposed by Ed Butler and his influential followers. That the Mayor has not made up his slate is the opinion of some of his nearest friends, and, under the circumstances, they think he will not make up his mind finally about who to put on it until he sees his way clear of the muddle which the members of the Council are stirring up.

This morning it was reported at the City Hall that Councilmen John J. Ganahl and Aug. Frank would not go into the Democratic caucus. That Ganahl should at this early day exhibit the symptoms of a kicker was a great surprise to many and the rumor was not generally credited. It is a fact, however, that efforts are being made to keep Frank away from the caucus, but thus far he has given no encouragement to the Republicans who are endeavoring to persuade him.

"I can tell you this much," said a prominent Republican official to a POST-DISPATCH reporter this morning; "Frank will be made Vice-President of the Council, and the position will be given to him in such a way as not to place him under any obligation to the Mayor or the Mayor's friends. In other words, if Frank will agree to vote with the Republicans on certain measures and appointments, the Republicans, with the aid of a Democratic vote, will elevate him to the second place in the Council."

Whatever truth there may be in these reports, it is quite evident that a great deal of wire-pulling is at the bottom of them, the ultimate object being to give the Republican minority a hold on the Mayor and help him in making a few of his appointments. Philip Rohan can always be counted upon to come promptly to the front against the Mayor at every turn, and with Frank doubtful and Duross "on the fence" the prospects are good for a lively tussle over the municipal patronage.

The House of Delegates.

The organization of the House of Delegates is puzzling more than one shrewd ward politician just at present. The Democrats, with a majority of four, are very much split up among themselves on the Speakership, and the indications are that no caucus nominations will be made. Tom Wand, who has already developed some strength as the recognized lieutenant of Judge E. A. Noonan, has declared against Mr. Jas. Bannerman and says: "Jim won't do. He's a nice man, but he won't be Speaker." Tom don't want it himself, and Jim Sullivan of the Fourteenth Ward denies that he is a candidate. This morning some of the Republican members, Peter Gundlach among them, wanted to know "What's the matter with Patrick Monahan for Speaker?" Monahan was a member of the last House. His friends are making an active canvass for him. For the Chief Clerkship, Joe Judge, ex-Chairman of the Democratic City Central Committee, is the candidate of the Wand faction, and in consequence he is bitterly opposed by the friends of Ed Butler. Joe says: "Butler has only got two members of the House anyway, and what do they amount to? I've got six Republicans who will vote for me in the event that the Democrats do not hold a caucus and the field is left open to everybody." Butler's candidate is Thos. Barrett, assistant clerk in Barney Taafe's office. Doc J. L. Hornsby is sort of laying around loose on the outside—the friend of all factions and waiting to be picked up as a compromise candidate.

The Republican members are apparently taking very little interest in the organization of the House and will hold no caucus.

The Hendricks Association.

The Hendricks Association and the Democratic Campaign Committee, Ed. Butler chairman, will meet at 8 o'clock this evening. According to Mr. John W. O'Connell, the association will inquire into the registration revision by Recorder of Voters Williams, and the Board of Registration reviewers, and if an action can be sustained, the matter will probably be taken into the courts. Provision will also be made for reinstatement of all names stricken off of the poll-books. The campaign committee will close up the financial end of the canvass and attend to any other business which may come up.

The Congressional Districts.

Prominent Republican politicians are discussing the advisability of requesting the Governor to direct the attention of the Legislature at the extra session to the necessity of redistricting the city Congressional districts in conformity with the new ward boundaries. It is probable that a meeting will be held shortly and a committee appointed to go to Jefferson City and urge the matter before Gov. Marmaduke.

THE OFFICIAL COUNT.

The Recorder of Voters Gives Out the Official Figures This Afternoon.

The official count of the vote for members of the City Council, completed this afternoon, resulted as follows:

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.	
Philip Rohan	15,043
J. G. Ganahl	15,446
Edward Devoy	12,469
P. P. Connor	14,372
W. H. Stone	11,293
J. A. Sloan	14,632
REPUBLICAN TICKET.	
C. D. Comfort	14,981
Simon Jordan	14,919
L. S. Metcalfe	15,180
F. W. Mott	14,677
N. O. Nelson	17,642
John Vogel	15,241
LABOR TICKET.	
M. D. Shaw	5,276
Jas. Barnidge	5,233
P. F. Coghlan	5,287
F. Poupenay	4,939
H. V. Lang	5,130
A. G. Stoltzenberg	4,866
SHORT TERM.	
Nelson Cole, Rep.	14,962
Arthur J. Judge, Dem.	14,460
A. J. Greenfield, Lab.	4,746

The result, as previously announced in the POST-DISPATCH, is in no way changed by these figures.

THE BOWMAN MURDER TRIAL

Postponed This Morning on Account of Absent But Important Witnesses.

The trial of George Voice for the murder of ex-Mayor John B. Bowman of East St. Louis, was set for this morning at Belleville, but when it was called State's Attorney Holder requested that a continuance be granted until this afternoon, as Messrs. M. B. Philips, Ed. Wright and S. Davis, three of Mr. Furlong's detectives, who are the principal witnesses for the prosecution, had failed to put in an appearance. He said he expected them up on the noon train, and would, if they arrived, be able to proceed with the case. The attorneys for the defense made no objections to a continuance being granted for that length of time, and Judge Snyder granted it.

ALBERT BOBB was placed on trial in the Criminal Court to-day on a charge of receiving $2,000 worth of jewelry and silverware stolen from Kortkamp's jewelry store on Franklin avenue.

COMMISSIONER ATKINS.

The Official Arrives Prepared to Open Indian Supply Bids and Award Contracts.

Commissioner of Indian Affairs Atkins arrived at the Southern Hotel this morning. Jerome Hill heard he was there and went down to call. While waiting for the bell boy to bring an answer to his card he talked about the Commissioner. "When I was a boy," he said, "J. D. C. Atkins and Emerson Ethridge were the two great orators of Tennessee. People would go miles in wagons to hear those men speak—go with their families and camp over night at the place where those men were to speak. They could stir up more enthusiasm than any political speakers I ever knew. That was from the Harrison campaign down. Atkins must be pretty old now. Let me see."

Some one remarked: "He doesn't look older than you, Mr. Hill."

"Well, he's a danged sight older," the latter retorted warmly.

The Commissioner looks like a man who would and could stir up a country audience to a high pitch of enthusiasm and even entertain a politically interested crowd of city folk. He is on the wrong side of his prime by a year or two, but is robust and stands erect. His hair and whiskers are iron gray. In his room at the hotel there was a continued stream of visitors this morning. The object of his visit to St. Louis is to open the bids for subsistence supplies that have been filed at the office of the Indian Department, established recently in St. Louis through the exertions of a large number of the business men of the city.

Among the visitors was C. C. Rainwater, with whom the Commissioner, who had met him in Washington, chatted freely. E. F. Kelly, secretary of the Merchants' Exchange Transportation Committee, was present. "You see before you," he said to the Commissioner, pointing to Mr. Rainwater, "the author of all your trouble. He was the instigator of the application for the location of the Indian Bureau at St. Louis."

"And St. Louis got it," said the Commissioner, as if the fact pleased him.

"You were very patient listening to us all," Mr. Rainwater, remarked, not to be outdone.

"Well, it can't be said," answered the Commissioner, "that I decided the question without due consideration of all the facts. St. Louis was the best place for the location of the bureau, and so it is here. The next thing is, are the merchants going to keep it here. I tell you very plainly that if I am not satisfied with the bids to-morrow, I shall make no contracts at all, but shall readvertise and the bids will be opened in Washington. I open bids for clothing and utensils in New York next week."

"There is one thing that bothers our merchants somewhat," Mr. Rainwater said, "and that is the red tape which surrounds this bidding."

"Yes, yes, I know," Mr. Atkins replied, "but we have to have that red tape. If all holders of office were honest and all business men were honest, we would not need these checks, but all holders of office are neither honest nor competent and so we must have checks. You call those checks red tape. They make business cumbersome sometimes, but are necessary. This transportation business. I'm afraid the bids won't be satisfactory. Of course we can't tell. There's no knowing what effect the interstate commerce bill will have. Perhaps the contractors will be induced to bid higher on that account. I should like to see this new venture, the establishment of an office in St. Louis, successful. New York has had it all the time, and if the business men out here want it there is no reason why they should not have it."

"There will be a number of bids sent to New York by St. Louis men," said Mr. Rainwater.

The Commissioner talked freely with every person who called, and there were dozens of callers. He will open to-morrow afternoon over one hundred and eighty bids, that number having been filed up to-day. It is thought 200 bids will be sent to New York for clothing and utensil supplies. The gentlemen who promoted the establishment of the bureau in St. Louis are anxious that a large number of bids shall be filed here in order that the entire Indian supply business may be eventually concentrated at this point. That would mean an addition of between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000 to the yearly trade of the city.

ABANDONING MAIN STREET.

The Merchants' Terminal Company Change Their Route to Commercial Street.

The incorporators of the St. Louis Merchants' Bridge Terminal Railway Company startled the Main street property owners to-day by formally notifying them that they had abandoned the idea of aking Main street as a route for he terminal road. Mr. Cobb, the president of the company, stated to the gentlemen who represented the Main street property holders, that the serious opposition to the bill manifested by them in the last House of Delegates had determined the company to seek some other route. He stated that he would take an engineer over Commercial street with him to examine it with a view to substituting Commercial for Main street in the bill to be introduced in the next Municipal Assembly.

MAYOR FRANCIS,

one of the directors of the Terminal Company, said in answer to a query this afternoon: "As I understand it, the company has determined to abandon that portion of Main street which lies south of Biddle street along the proposed route."

"This is the portion of the route along which it was provided in the amendment we were willing to accept that the consent of the property-owners should be obtained before we constructed our road."

"Has the company decided upon any other oute?"

"No; I believe that is to be decided on Wednesday next."

JOHN D. PERRY,

Another of the incorporators, said this afternoon: "Our idea is to abandondon Main street south of Biddle street, taking Commercial street or the Levee instead. We expect to condemn the property in some block, between Main and Commercial, and running across it diagonally to reach Commercial street on an elevated road twelve feet above the street level. This elevated road will proceed down Commercial street and perhaps connect with the roads in the Mill Creek Valley. If along the route it is desired to connect with Main street a switch from the elevated road will strike the level of that street."

"The height of Main above Commercial street is not very great at Plum street."

"I believe not. The road might come to a level there. But these are details which it will require a practical engineer to work out. The general idea is to meet, if possible, the objections of the Main street property-holders."

PROPERTY OWNERS SATISFIED.

The Main street property owners are very well satisfied with this new proposition, excepting perhaps those who own property above Biddle street. It is not thought there will be very serious objection from the property owners on Commercial street, for much of the property east will probably have to be condemned and none of it is very valuable.

Gen. Grant's Uncle Dead.

CINCINNATI, April 11.—News has been received from Bantam, Clermont County, Ohio, of the death there last Friday of Samuel Simpson, brother of General U. S. Grant's mother, aged 91. He was always a favorite relative of the General, and was visited by him at the time of his last journey to Cincinnati.

The Bridal Bulletin.

Name and Age.	Residence.
Henry H. Wulf, 31	1223 Clinton st
Sarah Fisher, 25	215 Howard st
John P. Neville, 39	1021 Clark av
Georgian A. McKenzie, 24	1510 Walnut st
Michael Keating, 27	139 Anna st
Johanna Donahue, 24	2900 Lucas av
Wilhelm Rohlmann, 29	Billings, Mo
Ella Beersmann, 25	2523 Glasgow, av
Geo. G. Berg, Sr., 24	2612 S. 7th st
Ottilie Oorth, 21	1806 S. 8th st
Frank Maurer, 45	29000 DeKalb st
Bertha Langendorf, 35	2900 DeKalb st
John L. Feilenz, 25	3900 Laclede av
Annie Kopitz, 24	810 Ann av
Geo. D. Clayton	Hannibal, Mo
Mary C. Morrison	Hannibal Mo
Joseph Loyda, 24	1702 Geyer av
Annie Reiner, 21	1044 Soulard st
Henry K. Schuchtele, 23	8412 S. 2d st
Annie Kramer, 18	8412 S. 2d st
Joseph Gehl, 23	3135 Gravois av
Lena Mertz, 21	1863 S. 11th st

PURE 18-KT. gold WEDDING RINGS.
Wedding invitations, the finest, lowest prices.
Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., Cor. 4th & Locust.

WASHINGTON.

SENATOR CAMDEN MAKING A DESPERATE EFFORT TO BE RE-ELECTED.

Defeat Almost Certain for the West Virginia Senator—Growing Opposition to Randall's Reappointment as Chairman of the House Appropriation Committee—The Easter Egg-Rolling Party at the White House Grounds—Parker Captured.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—A prominent West Virginia Democratic politician, friendly to Senator Camden, says Mr. Camden is secretly making a desperate effort to secure the five votes necessary to re-elect himself. The Legislature is soon to reconvene to pass the neglected appropriation bills. The issue will come up on the question of protracting the session long enough to resume balloting for Senator. This particular friend of Mr. Camden says the outlook is rather dubious for Mr. Camden, though he deserves a re-election on account of his services to the State in bringing in foreign capital to develop its industries. The Senator's only argument with the Republican members is that Gov. Wilson's appointee, D. B. Lucas, is a free trader, and that his own re-election will insure a high protection vote in his place. Republican leaders are actually representing, however, that the Senate is absolutely safe for any proposition involving the question of protection. They are pointing to such Democratic Senators as McPherson of New Jersey, Gorman of Maryland, Brown of Georgia, Eustis and Gibson of Louisiana and Kenna of West Virginia as a guarantee that the interests of protection will not suffer, notwithstanding the presence of Mr. Lucas in the Senate and the final defeat of Mr. Camden. Mr. Camden's friends intimate that the Senator is getting very mad about it, and may go to either greater indifference or unexpected zeal in the contest. A letter received here a day or two ago from Mr. Camden's friend says the situation is confidently expected to remain as it now stands until 1888. This means the defeat of Mr. Camden. Altogether the outlook of the corporation Senator from West Virginia is not encouraging. The commercial prospect of the canvass places the matter in doubt.

BOYCOTTING RANDALL.

Opposition to His Reappointment to the Committee on Appropriations.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—From present indications an effort will be made to prevent Mr. Randall from becoming chairman of the Committee on Appropriations in the next Congress. The opposition to Mr. Randall will come largely from the Western members, who, in a measure, are anxious to have him deprived of any power because of his position on the tariff question. In addition to this, however, there are a great many members who will be opposed to Mr. Randall because of his management of the appropriation bills in the last Congress. There are members who have gone so far as to say that unless Mr. Carlisle will first promise to not give Mr. Randall the chairmanship they will refuse to support Mr. Carlisle for the Speakership. By this proposed boycott system they hope to rob Mr. Randall of all future power in the House. Other members are more discreet, and take the position that when the time comes for the formation of the committees, members in all probability will be more interested in being assigned to committees of their own choice than in seeing Mr. Randall subjugated to the position of a private. It is said by the friends of Mr. Randall that the Speaker cannot afford to show Mr. Randall the discourtesy of refusing to give him his old place at the head of the Appropriation Committee, for by doing so he would create a division of the party.

Easter-Egg Rolling.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—The grounds immediately south of the President's house presented a very pretty picture to-day. Thousands of children wers gathered there engaged in the pleasures of Easter-egg rolling, a custom which has prevailed in this city for ever so long. The participants were of all ages, sizes and conditions of life, from the pampered child of luxury with her French nurse, to the poor black pickanniny with bare feet. All had eggs, boiled and dyed, and made the air ring with their happy shouts and merry laughter, as they rolled their eggs and themselves down the grassy knolls and chased each other across the lawns. The President enjoyed the spectacle very much. His office window opened directly over the scene, and he frequently paused in his work to gaze upon it. Mrs. Cleveland spent the morning at her country home, and so failed to see the children play. While the President's public reception was in progress in the East Room in the afternoon, the children heard of it and flocked in great numbers to shake hands with the President.

Parker Captured.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—Paymaster-General Rochester has received a telegram from Chief Paymaster Terrell, reporting that Charles P. Parker, the man who several weeks ago robbed Paymaster Bash of $7,400 has been captured.

Mr. Hall Qualifies.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—Benton J. Hall of Iowa this afternoon qualified as Commissioner of Patents, and will to-morrow assume charge of the office.

Carondelet Jottings.

The Carondelet Frohsinn will give their annual entertainment this evening at St. Boniface Hall.

The Ladies of Pearl Lodge, No. 640, Knights and Ladies of Honor, will give a social hop this evening at Union Hall.

Some unknown thief entered the residence of Dr. B. Bribach Sunday evening and carried off a hypodermic syringe, four dental forceps, three surgical scissors and a pocket aspirator.

Alfred Chelier, an infant eighteen months old, whose mother resides at 7116 Virginia avenue, fell through an outside vault, late Saturday evening. It was recovered several minutes after, but it is doubtful whether the child will live.

The members of the Carondelet Turning School gave a very entertaining entertainment last night at Turner Hall, to a large and fashionable audience. The programme was very lengthy and the affair terminated with a hop, which lasted until midnight.

Police Captain Sam Boyd received a letter this morning from the Sheriff of Warren City, Ohio, stating that Chas. Ferry, alias Baker, a United States soldier whom the Captain arrested a few weeks ago at Jefferson Barracks for horse stealing at the above place, received nine years in the Warren Penitentiary.

In Police Justice Von Gerichten's court this morning Fred Kump was fined $5 for disturbing the peace. Wm. Lee, against whom there were two cases for disturbing the peace and being drunk, was find $15. Bernard Eickmeyer was fined $50 by default for disturbing the peace. The case against Frank Lee for disturbing the peace was nolle prossed.

At 12:25 o'clock this afternoon the residence of John Degnan, a two-story frame house, on Marceau street, near the Iron Mountain Railway, was destroyed by fire. The east and west sides of the building is where the fire originated, and as the house has not been occupied for some time, the fire is generally believed by the police to be the work of an incendiary. Engine Company No. 2 responded quickly, running the two miles in seven minutes after the alarm was sounded, and soon had the flames under control. The damage to the building will not exceed $300.

Rev. Snyder's Day in Maine.

The Unitarian Club dinner will be held a week from to-morrow night at the Mercantile Club. It is probable that the feature of the evening will be a paper on the prohibition question, a subject brought to the notice of the club by Rev. John Snyder's paper, "A Day in Maine." The divine's radical stand against prohibition created some excitement among the members, and in the following discussion hardly anyone supported him. The exhibition of the strength of prohibition sentiment among the members surprised every one, and the paper for the next dinner will be from that popular side.

FINAL SALE. STOCK MUST GO.

STILL CUTTING PRICES!

The Mound City Shoe House,

608 OLIVE STREET, OPPOSITE BARR'S.

A FEW SPECIALTIES!



Ladies' Fine French Kid Flexible Sole Dress Shoe, Reduced from $6 to $3.50

An Extra Bargain.

Best American Kid, Opera Toe or Common-Sense, Hand-Turned Walking Boot, Reduced from $5 to $3.00

Men's Shoes, Button, Lace and Congress, Reduced from $3.50 to $2.00

On all our Men's Hand-Sewed Goods we have made a large reduction.

Attention is especially called to our Light Wear for Ladies in Low Shoes, Slippers and all Summer Goods, which we are

CLOSING OUT AT VERY LOW FIGURES.

DOWN ON DANCING.

THE PRESBYTERIAN PASTORS EXPRESS THEMSELVES ON THIS AMUSEMENT.

The Square Preferable to the Round, But Both Dangerous for the Christian—The Southern Methodists After the General Conference—A Preacher Trampled On—A Minister's Resignation—No Union Temperance Meetings.

As if postponed for the special purpose of serving as a warning against the frivolities of the post-Lenten season, the much-deferred paper of Rev. Dr. J. J. Marks on "Dancing," was read to the Presbyterian pastors this morning. There was nothing new or startling in Dr. Marks' presentation of the subject. His remarks were all in defense of the position that a Christian cannot safely dance. He declared that no family which indulges in dancing shows any practical piety. The paper was thoroughly discussed by those present, nearly every pastor having something to say on the subject and supporting the position of the essayist. The sentiment was against dancing of all kinds, but the general opinion was that round dancing is more injurious morally than square. The devotional exercises before the day's discussion were led by Rev. James H. Burlinson of Louisville.

AFTER THE GENERAL CONFERENCE.

The Southern Methodist people are agitating to get the General Conference, which assembles three years hence, to meet at St. Louis. To-day at the pastors' meeting at Centenary Church, a committee was appointed, consisting of Rev. Dr. T. M. Finney, Presiding Elder, and Mr. R. M. Scruggs to ascertain what inducements St. Louis could offer the conference. It was announced that Kansas City was working hard for it and had gone so far as to promise that it would entertain all delegates free. No other business was done except the routine hearing of reports from the churches.

At the Christian pastors' meeting it was reported that twenty-five accessions had been made to the Fourth Church during the revival conducted by the State Evangelist, Rev. A. H. Carter, which closed last night. Rev. J. H. Garrison was absent, attending a district missionary meeting at Vandalia, Ill. Rev. J. M. Tribie gave an encouraging account of the progress of Central's Sunday school, which yesterday was presented by a liberal citizen with $100 for its library.

A PASTOR JUMPED ON.

The Baptist pastors had no formal meeting. They expected to enjoy a Bible reading from Rev. H. A. Slaughter of the Sixth Street Tabernacle, but the announcement was made that his shoulder was dislocated and he could not appear. His injury was received at a fire the other day in the neighborhood of his church. He was standing in a crowd when the hose broke, and in the stampede that ensued he was knocked down and trampled on, with the result noted. Nothing else being provided to fill in, the meeting adjourned.

At the Methodist preachers' meeting, this morning, Rev. C. Brough read a paper on the "Uses of Our Quarterly Conference Committees." Revs. J. W. Jackson, W. M. Campbell, B. F. Thomas and K. E. Meredith were introduced to the meeting as visitors and listened to the paper.

A PASTOR RESIGNS.

Yesterday Rev. S. M. Ware, pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Ferguson, announced his resignation to take effect May 1, when he will take charge of the church at Clinton, Mo. Mr. Ware took the Ferguson Church four years ago and although he has labored faithfully he has found it hard to make any headway, as the field is not specially promising. Under the Home Mission Committee's rule of withdrawing $50 from their support every year, the work of sustaining a regular pastor has pressed rather heavily on the congregation the last year, and they have expected the resignation. As the Southern Methodist church is proposing to enter the field there, the Presbyterians will not abandon the work, but will place the church under the Home Mission committee, which will provide the supply.

NO UNION MEETINGS.

The plan of having union Temperance Meetings in the spring, which has been a favorite idea with the Presbyterians, will be abandoned this year on account of the lateness of the season and the inability of the Temperance Committee consisting of Rev. George P. Wilson and James H. Shields and Mr. Wm. C. Wilson to find time to arrange the series.

MERRY MRS. MERIWETHER.

Mrs. Elizabeth Meriwether of the W. C. T. U. was very jubilant to-day over the conversion of Senators Reagan and Maxey of Texas to prohibition. She said: "Why, it was scarcely three years ago that I wrote a letter to Senator Reagan on the subject of prohibition. He wrote back speaking of personal liberty and all that balderdash and now he is with us. Four years ago when I went to lecture at Paris, Tex., I was told that Mrs. Maxey of the W. C. T. U., was held back in her work by her husband's opposition, and now Senator Maxey has come over."

Good

Knee pants, 18 cents; boys' good vests, 25 cents; children's full suits, 69 cents, at the great consignment sale at the

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Will be stocked with the Latest Novelties for Men and Boys, and a large variety of Children's Caps, at prices so much lower than the regular hat houses—in fact, we intend to make the

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JAY GOULD.

THE RAILROAD MAGNATE ONCE MORE VISITS ST. LOUIS.

He Chats Pleasantly About His Visit, But Says Nothing About His Plans—St. Louis, He Thinks, Beginning to Boom—Mr. Gould Accompanied by His Son Howard, Sidney Dillon and A. L. Hopkins—The Concentration of the Missouri Pacific Shops.

Jay Gould, accompanied by his son, Howard Gould, Sidney Dillon and A. L. Hopkins, arrived here in a special car this morning from New York. At the Union Depot they were met by S. H. H. Clark, General Manager of Gould's Southwestern system, and General Superintendent Kerrigan of the Missouri Pacific. The party went through a Missouri Pacific train standing in the depot, inspecting the coaches, and then returned to Mr. Gould's special car and were taken to Carondelet. The railroad magnate was attired in a dark pepper-and-salt cutaway suit and a black silk hat. He did not appear to be in as good health as when here before, looking worn and pale. Notwithstanding the Easter proverb about new suits, the millionaire had on one that had evidently been worn before. His son Howard, a modest-looking boy, 16 years of age, wore a gray sack suit and blue tie. Under his arm he carried an amateur photographer's outfit.

Before Mr. Gould's car pulled out for Carondelet a reporter boarded it and had a few minutes' conversation with him.

A SHORT TALK.

"I came here direct from New York," Mr. Gould said, "and don't know yet how long I will be here."

"Then you intend to remain in the city a day or two anyhow?"

"Oh, yes; I shall be here that long any way."

"And from here you go West, I suppose?"

"Yes, but I don't know yet just where I will go to from here."

"You are now going down to Carondelet to look at the ground that has been purchased as a site for your new shops?"

"Well, I am going to Carondelet and will probably look at some ground down there."

"It is the general opinion that you intend building new shops there on the ground that has already been purchased in your interest?"

"There may be something in that. The new shops of the road may be built there, but I am not prepared to state positively about that yet. How are things in St. Louis—pretty lively?"

Mr. Gould was informed that there appeared to be considerable activity in trade here this spring and that real estate had been unusually active.

"Well," he remarked, "it ought to pick up. I thought it would experience some of the activity that exists in other places, and I think there is more back of St. Louis than there is back of other places about which we hear considerable. This city has always had a steady growth."

The railroad magnate is evidently a great lover of his children, and when his son's name was mentioned he looked admiringly at the boy and said: "Howard has his photographic apparatus with him, and takes instantaneous views of whatever strikes him along the line of route."

It is generally supposed that Mr. Gould's visit here is principally in connection with new shops, a new depot and the terminal facility bill, which the railroad men fear will be vetoed.

CONCENTRATION OF THE SHOPS.

After returning from their short trip to Carondelet, Messrs. Gould, Hopkins and Dillon went to the Missouri Pacific offices and were closeted with Col. Clark, who has been away from the city on a trip north for several days. Col. Clark was seen near the middle of the day and said that he had scarcely had time to talk to Mr. Gould, and, therefore, had nothing to say concerning his visit here.

Mr. Gould left the office at 1 o'clock and went to the Southern Hotel for dinner. He remained in the rotunda chatting with several gentlemen for a few minutes and was seen again by the POST-DISPATCH reporter. The railroad king was in unusual good humor and never was pleasanter. He smiled, and he chatted about everything except of what the reporter wanted to glean information. He even turned interviewer and questioned the newspaper man about St. Louis and the outlook for business, remarking again that the prospects for St. Louis were never brighter and that everything pointed to the city enjoying a substantial boom in business. Her territory is constantly enlarging and she is in a position to improve and grow, he said.

Mr. Gould also said that he would remain in the West for a week or two and was not decided how long he would remain in St. Louis. He was here to look around and acquaint himself with various matters.

With regard to the proposed concentration of his shops in Carondelet he said he had nothing whatever to say at present. It is understood that this, with the extension of the yards in Mill Creek Valley and the erection of a new depot are the objects of Mr. Gould's visit here. It has already been stated in the POST-DISPATCH that the Missouri Pacific shops would probably be concentrated here, with branch shops at Little Rock, and the purchase of large tracts of land for this purpose was described at length. The land was purchased by John N. Bofinger and others for the Missouri Pacific and lies adjoining Carondelet Park, bounded by Bates street on the north, Morgan road on the west, Kansas street on the south and Grand avenue on the east. The tract embraces several hundred acres and the proposal was to build up the shops there with residences for the employes around them, making a village in itself of the locality. The road has also been purchasing property in the Mill Creek Valley and the directors some time ago ordered the erection of a a new union depot, the plans for which were delayed until action was taken on the terminal facility bills.

Mr. Gould is undoubtedly contemplating some important changes and improvements in his system, and his present visit is for the purpose of carefully examining the ground.

An Inspection Drive.

A gentleman who is acquainted with Mr. Gould's plans said this afternoon that the passage of the bridge terminal bill put a new face on Missouri Pacific enterprises in the city. He said if it was signed by the Mayor it would be the starter for all of Mr. Gould's plans and would guarantee a new Union Depot with increased facilities. Mr. Gould, he said, is here perfecting his plans in anticipation of such action and will probably decide on proposals for concentration of his shops or, at least, will get the data necessary for such decision. This afternoon the Gould party took a carriage and drove over the depot and yard grounds and also viewed the property recently purchased by the road. He will leave the city to-morrow morning.

A MYSTERIOUS DEATH.

For Which a Husband and His Crony Are Held Under Arrest To-Day.

Yesterday afternoon at 3:30 o'clock, Mrs. Alice Sheehan, aged 42 years, died without medical attendance at her home in the rear of No. 1418 North Twentieth street, under peculiar circumstances. On the evening of the 1st inst. her husband, John Sheehan, a worthless, drunken fellow, quarreled with her because she would not give him money to buy whisky, and picking up a tea cup, struck her over the right eye. It was thought at the time that the wound he inflicted was only slight, and after it had been dressed at the City Dispensary she returned home. A charge of disturbing the peace was placed against the husband, but the wife, who was laid up in bed, could not appear against him and it was dismissed. On Sunday, the 3d inst., Patrick Garland, another drunkard, living in the yard with Mrs. Sheehan, went into the latter's house looking for his wife. Thinking she might be in bed with Mrs. Sheehan, he dragged the injured woman out into the floor in a violent manner. As she was already in a dangerous condition from the beating her husband gave her, it is supposed that Garland's action hastened her death. Both have been arrested and will be held to await the result of the inquest, which Deputy Coroner Hennessey will hold at the house at 9 o'clock to-morrow morning. Garland is a molder and Sheehan a laborer.

THE LABOR MOVEMENT.

OPINIONS OF PROMINENT POLITICIANS ON THE STRENGTH OF THE NEW PARTY.

A Labor Nomination for the Presidency More Than Probable—The Democratic Party Seriously Affected—Senator Hawley Makes Little of the Agitation—John Sherman's Opinion.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—The result of the recent elections in Ohio and Chicago, where the labor movement was arrayed formidably against the Democratic and the Republican parties, has caused a great deal of comment here among members of both parties. In the opinion of Judge Holman, the labor party bids fair to be very prominent in the next four years' campaign. "The labor vote in New York last year and the growing strength as demonstrated in the late elections in Cincinnati and Chicago," said he to the POST-DISPATCH reporter, "make it plain to every one that it will become a national issue next year, and I do not doubt that a candidate for the Presidency will be nominated. Everything tends to that at the present time."

"Will not this seriously affect the Democratic party?"

"It certainly will. It is said that 80 per cent of the laboring people of this country belong to that party, and in case the agricultural people should identify themselves with the movement it can easily be seen what will be the effect."

"Can not the Democrats hope to form an alliance with the labor party?"

"That will depend largely on the future management of the party. I believe, however, that in the event of the leaders of the labor party placing an independent ticket in the field, while it will divide the Democrats, it will not be strong enough to prevent the Republicans from again taking control of the Government. By uniting with the Democrats, the labor party will have some reasons for believing that they can accomplish some of the desired legislation they have been asking for. What has been done for the laboring people has been brought about through the Democratic party. It was a Democratic Congress that created the labor bureau. The reservation of the public domains from the railroads to the people was an act of the Democratic party. The laboring people got nothing from the Republican party, and neither will they, as it is the party that legislates for the aggregation of wealth against those who work with their hands. Upon the whole, I believe the movement will extend throughout the country until it will be of sufficient power and strength to demand the redress it is entitled to. If the movement extends to farmers, as I believe it will, better results may be obtained. The leaders of the new party are not all conservative and blessed with the excellent judgment that has so characterized Mr. Powderly. The result in Chicago was a favorable demonstration that the idea of anarchy and socialism can not prevail in this country. The labor interest, when under the management of conservative leadership, can and will be able to create a great party, though when created it will not differ in principle from the Democratic party."

"Who do you think will be the labor candidate for the Presidency?"

"That, of course, will be difficult to say at present. Powderly represents the better element of the labor organizations. The farmers as well as the laboring masses in the cities and towns have faith in his judgment and sincerity. Henry George and his theory is not popular. The vote in New York last fall was conclusive that George is regarded as dangerous, and his ideas, if made to prevail, would create a commercial revolution."

WHAT SENATOR KENNA'S VIEWS.

Senator Kenna of West Virginia said: "I feel sure a third candidate will be nominated. The elections in Ohio, where the labor party had tickets in the field and where they polled large votes, can be taken as strong evidence that the labor party is yet to grow until it becomes national."

"Will this vote have a tendency to detract from the strength of the Democratic party."

"The chances are that it will, as that party is made up largely of laboring men. And it is, perhaps, safe to presume that many of them will abandon the old party."

SENATOR HAWLEY.

Senator Hawley said he saw no danger as yet. "I hardly think a labor candidate will be nominated for the Presidency. As to the result of the recent election, I have given the matter no thought. I am just home from a two weeks' visit to Point Comfort, and not till to-day have I heard the question discussed. I see no use, however, in becoming alarmed. The question, I have no doubt, will be amicably settled, and to the satisfaction of the laboring people. I think, however, there are many of the new party who are too pronounced in their views as to the wants and necessities of the laboring masses. Those at Chicago are not in harmony with the better interests of the Government, and there are reasons for some apprehension that the socialistic element may become too formidable for the general good, though their defeat in that city is commendable to the laboring Democrats and Republicans alike, who voted for a conservative and safe business man against the labor candidate for Mayor, who was possessed of socialistic ideas. It is now too early to form anything like an opinion as to what will be the outcome of the present agitation."

SENATOR SHERMAN.

Senator Sherman of Ohio said: "I do not know what I could add to the various expositions that have been printed. The labor movement is a queer one. In Cincinnati it caused the disappearance of the Democratic party. In Cleveland the majority of workingmen are Republicans, and the result there argues that they personally preferred the Democratic municipal nominees, but in the strong labor town of Springfield they seem to have aided us in regaining control; hence the movement, as viewed from different towns' returns, showed constant alliances with neither regular party, nor any systematic indorsement of labor party."

"But do you not think that a State ticket in Ohio will be made by a labor convention next fall?"

"I could not say as to that. I believe that there will be a national labor ticket in the field in 1888. Labor men say so."

"What would you say as to its probable influence?"

"Statistically, of course, I would not attempt to estimate the vote. In some States it might have a decisive influence. Just recall the Mayoralty contest in New York City. Mr. Hewitt had but 3,000 majority instead of the normal 60,000 Democratic majority. The force of the Republicans aided Mr. Hewitt, but the fact will not alter the fact that the defection of such a result would be to the New York vote Republican. The majority of labor adherents drawn into a new party would be from the Democratic ranks, but not all. The present party affiliations of the laboring men differ in various cities. Now, I do not think the labor party can ever become the permanent or successful one. It is perfectly legitimate for laboring men to organize lodges, etc. But when they depart from the natural objects of such organizations and enter the field of politics, they are apt to be defeated, and nearly always are defeated, and the ends they seek to accomplish are perverted. They can never get the farmer vote. The labor vote is confined to the large cities, where it is natural and easy to aggregate men and interests connected with similar methods of wage earning. Their demands concerning hours of labor and manner of pay constitute points upon which the great masses of workingmen may agree, but the farmer will never agree to any such theories. When it is haying time he never heeds how early or how late the hour is. He is the most independent voter in the world, and the most independent in his mode of existence. Without the agricultural vote the labor party are helpless in any endeavor to win. By dividing the vote of the regular party they may succeed in electing sets of candidates the more distasteful to them."

"What would be the platform of such a new party?"

LABOR FOR PROTECTION.

"The labor men all seem to be with us for protection. I have never seen one of their platforms yet which does not declare unequivocally for protection. The radical difference is in their ranks. All the original greenback theories now are committed to some kind of currency, which is not based upon coin or some estimate and certain basis. Again we are compelled to differ from them and maintain a solid system of finance grounded upon an unmistakeable and persistent coin."

"Do you think Henry George's land theory would find lodgment in this national platform?"

"Never. They would not dare incorporate it. The farming community would go en masse against such a heresy. You know the farmer is imbued with no other idea than ownership of his lands. However small the tract, his theory is to hold it as his own in fee simple."

"Have you any notion of who the labor Presidential candidate will be?"

"Oh, no, not at all. Powderly is their strongest man. I don't think they have been altogether satisfied with their representatives, Foran and O'Neil. It would be better if they had a strong representative in Congress. Buiter would not do. He does not suit them, as was evinced by the election in 1884."

"Did you not call the labor movement a sideshow, Senator, while out in Ohio, recently?"

"In a jocular remark to somebody in Cincinnati about the Mayoralty election I did say that it would be a side-show, and was surprised at the submergence of the Democratic party. I do not see exactly what can be accomplished by the labor movement. In Congress both parties in the last session acceded to nearly all the demands for legislation made by the petitions from the labor organizations. In Ohio the Legislature passed many laws beneficial to their interests."

"Was there any special significance from a labor standpoint in the Rhode Island election?"

"The result there was no surprise. No other State in the Union has so peculiar a constitution. The reform was inevitable and has been foreseen for several years. But I am told that even the Democrats there have been as much devoted to the old order of things as the Republicans."

"Does not labor profit by the upheaval?"

"Yes, if enfranchisement should follow by repeal of the property qualification restriction. But how the newly enfranchised element, which is a laboring one, would affiliate politically, I do not know. The State is strongly protective, and the natural gift of the element would be to the Republican party."

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10c a Bottle.
For pure ammonia, put up for family use, good taste needs it, good health requires it, and is indispensable in the household.
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15c a Yard.
700 pieces imported Grass Cloth. These are perhaps the most desirable wash fabrics for summer wear in the trade, as they wash without fading or shrinking. Our linen ginghams are now in stock.
Barr's Lawn Department.

15c a Yard.
200 pieces fine fast-color Sateens in new silk patterns and colors. Also a full line of the better classes at 20c, 25c, 30c, 35c and 40c a yard.
Barr's Print Department.

20c a Yard.
We are showing this week 400 pieces of those White Dress Piques that are now so much in demand. We can highly recommend these goods, being the productions of the best manufacturers in France and England, and from the above to a higher range of prices a selection can readily be made.
Barr's White Goods Department.

20c a Yard.
100 pieces fast black Waist Linings in fancy slate, white and check backs; 100 pieces Lonsdale Silesia and 150 pieces French Sicilian at this price as the bargain for Easter week in
Barr's Lining Department.

20c a Yard.
We will sell 1,000 pieces of extra fine Zephyr Gingham at this price the coming week. This lot includes plain colors, plaids, stripes and broches; certainly the cheapest and most seasonable line of goods in America.
Barr's Gingham Department.

35c a Pair.
At this price we have 200 dozen Ladies' Jersey Taffeta Silk Gloves in light browns, assorted tans and black. These are equal in length to a 6-button Glove, are well-shaped and finished and will compare favorably with the average glove offered at 50c a pair.
Barr's Glove Department.

35c Each.
140 dozen odd Towels, pure German linen, heavy tied fringes, new style borders, size 22x40 inches. Grand sale of Towels this week.
Barr's Linen Department.

40c Each.
50 dozen Ladies' ¼ and ½-inch hemstitched, sheer Linen Handkerchiefs, embroidered in white and colors, tucked and revered, entirely new. The novelties are all shown at this price.
Barr's Handkerchief Department.

50c per Yard.
75 pieces double-width BURLINGTON Suitings, all-wool for spring and summer wear, in all the latest shades and the most desirable goods in the market, only to be had at the Wm. Barr Dry Goods Company. Domestic fabrics are pre-eminent in this stock.
Barr's Flannel Department.

50c Each.
We will open on Monday four cases Gent's Patent Balbriggan Shirts and Drawers. These Shirts are French Neck Silk, stitched and finished seams. Drawers are W. & G., patent seams; comfort and economy together.
Barr's Gent's Furnishing Department.

50c Each.
263 dozen Knotted Fringe Towels, with elegant broche borders, in 100 styles. These are a grand bargain. Grand sale of Towels this week.
Barr's Linen Department.

50c a Pair.
Ladies' Self-Colors and Fast Black Lisle Thread Hose. These are not OFF SHADES AND OLD STOCK, but new goods for spring, 1887. All desirable shades in Navy, Seal, Cardinal, Wine, Modes, Tans, and our famous Fast Black. All full length, spliced heels and toes.
Barr's Hosiery Department.

65c a Pair.
Ladies' Kid Opera (or Toe) Slipper, widths, C, D, E; sizes, 2½ to 6. Elegance and comfort combined; nothing more appropriate than a stylish slipper.
Barr's Shoe Department—Second Floor.

75 Per Yard.
68 pcs White Swiss Skirting, 45 inches deep. The embroidery on these Skirtings is 27 inches deep, and elegant designs. We have also a splendid line of Cream-Colored Skirtings in stock at the same price.
Barr's Embroidery Department.

75c Per Yard.
43 pieces Black and Colored Braid Marabout Trimming; also 54 pieces Black and Colored Chenille Fringe, 5 inches deep, in all the new shades, and the correct trimming for Spring Wraps.
Barr's Dress Trimming Department.

75c Each.
110 dozen Damask Towels, knotted fringes and open-work borders. These are the best value ever put on our counter. Size, 26x50 inches. Grand sale of Towels this week.
Barr's Linen Department.

$1 Per Yard.
65 pieces 58 inches wide La Porte Ladies' Cloth in plain shades and new mixtures; splendid for Riding and Traveling Habits, also for Tailor-made suits and Short Wraps. The quality of this cloth can not be surpassed by any other make for durability. Ladies asked for these goods at
Barr's Cloth Department.

$1 Each.
At above price we will sell "Pique Counterpanes" in different styles. Fine goods and light weight; something easy to wash. Now is the time to buy Quilts, Lace Bed Sets, Pillow Shams, Lap Robes, etc., etc.
Barr's Quilt Department—Second Floor.

$1 Each.
90 dozen Damask Towels, sizes 26x50 inches; adjoure and broche borders, very new styles. Best handsome Family Towels in the market. Grand sale of Towels this week.
Barr's Linen Department.

$1.25 Per Yard.
40 pieces extra quality Black Armures Royals, soft finish, rich luster; a big bargain.
Barr's Silk Department.

$1.25 Per Yard.
35 pieces 42-inch black Camel's Hair Grenadine, $1.25.
The above can be had in plain as well as lace effects, and are considered the most serviceable light-weight material manufactured.
Barr's Black Goods Department.

$1.50 Each.
A new line of Embroidered Cashmere Scarfs in cardinal, cream, tan and black, with chintz embroidery; these are something very stylish, and just the thing for a spring and summer shoulder wrap.
Barr's Shawl Department.

$3 Each.
250 Mikado styles Combination Suits at above price is the best bargain in suits that will be offered this season. Come early and secure one. Nothing has been offered this season that is so good value.
Barr's Foreign Dress Goods Department.

$3.50 Per Suit.
Just received, a nobby line of Spring Suits, for Boys 4 to 14 years, in light colors and fancy plaids, plaited with and without belts; very stylish.
Barr's Boys' Clothing Department—Second Floor.

$3.50 Each.
Complete lines of pretty one and two-piece Boys' Kilt, 2½ to 5 years, in plain and checked materials, also in combination colors, first-class goods and perfect in fit.
Boys' Clothing Department—Second Floor.

$3.75 Each.
The greatest bargain ever offered to the public. Infants' Short Cloaks, in all the new shades in striped and checked flannels; short waists and deep collars; sizes 6 months to 2 years.
Barr's Underwear Department—Second Floor

$4.
50 feet of good quality of Hose and Solid Reel, with Nozzle and Coupling complete. Keep your lawns green.
Barr's House Furnishing Department.

$5 Pair.
Every housekeeper in St. Louis, at the present time, is looking for something new and stylish to drape their windows and doors, and to supply their wants we have just opened two cases Colored Madras Curtains, entirely new designs, and the very latest novelties for draping. The colors are perfectly fast, and are really good value at $8 pair.
Barr's Upholstery and Rug Department.

$5.50 Each.
For a fine Black Embroidered Cashmere Fichu, with Deep Silk Fringe. This is something every lady should have, as it is one of the handiest shoulder wraps made, being dressy and always ready, and never out of style.
Barr's Cloak Department.

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A GREAT SURPRISE.

THE PRESIDENT'S SELECTIONS FOR THE PACIFIC COMMISSION CRITICISED.

Ex-Gov. Pattison on the Work of the Commission—The Pennsylvanian's Career—Judge Littler's Appointment Credited to Ex-Congressman Wm. R. Morrison—E. E. Anderson, One of the Commissioners, Has an Interview With the President.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—A great deal of surprise has been expressed here at the President's selection of ex-Gov. Pattison of Pennsylvania, E. L. Anderson of New York and D. L. Littler of Illinois as the commission to investigate the Pacific Railroads. It was supposed the commission would have been made up of persons having some knowledge of of the methods employed by the railroads in carrying on their business with the Government. It was generally understood that Judge Littler of Illinois was to go upon the commission at the request of Senator Cullom, who failed to name one of the Interstate Commissioners. Naturally, the appointment of ex-Gov. Pattison and Mr. Anderson was received with a great deal of surprise, and many have indulged in somewhat severe criticism on the selections, chiefly because of their lack of knowledge of the question with which they are to deal.

Ex-Gov. Pattison.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PHILADELPHIA, April 11.—The announcement of ex-Gov. Pattison's appointment gave entire satisfaction in this city. "There is plenty of work ahead of us," said the ex-Governor. "As to the chairmanship of the commission I cannot say, for really I don't know the name of the third member, having but told Mr. Cleveland yesterday of my determination to accept the appointment. The affairs of these railroads will be absolutely known now and the constant bickerings of Congressional committees will be done away with. Of course, their action will be final, although our report and recommendations will greatly influence any decision they may make."

Ex-Gov. Pattison's career eminently fitted him for the post to which he has been chosen. His first election to office was ten years ago, when at the age of 37 he was chosen to the office of City Comptroller. The old ring was in power in Philadelphia, and the Comptroller was the principal check upon its corruption. Mr. Pattison so exercised his powers that in 1880 he beat a very respectable candidate for the same office by 50,000 majority, although Garfield's majority was more than 20,000. During his second term as Comptroller a financial problem was presented to him such as that which he is now about to attempt. This was in the accounts of the notorious Gas Trust Company, which he had to audit after the reform councils investigated that body. Mr. Pattison was elected Governor in 1882 by an independent bolt in the Republican party. During his four years' term he alienated most of the managers of his party by his impolitic course, and decidedly handicapped his administration at the start by holding the legislature in extra session for nearly six months on a hopeless apportionment fight. It has been expected that Mr. Pattison would be given a somewhat higher office by the administration, and but few thought one so well suited to him would be picked out.

Judge Littler.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Just how the White House lightning happened to strike Dave Littler in the matter of the Pacific Railroad Commission, is what politicians have been speculating upon here. Littler is one of the shrewdest Republican politicians in this State. What he don't know about the machine isn't worth knowing. As a campaign stumper he is everywhere sought for. As a wire-puller his equal has never been found in the history of the Republican party of the State. He is a brother-in-law of Gov. Oglesby, and is, likewise, the most inveterate enemy this veteran politician has ever encountered. He has for several years represented the Thirty-ninth Legislative District in the House, but is now Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, as the head of which he has contrived to exercise a remarkable influence over legislation during the present session. His home is in Springfield. His appointment is generally credited to ex-Congressman Morrison and the impression prevails that it is intended to still further intensify the Republican factional feud in this State.

E. E. Anderson.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, April 11.—E. E. Anderson said yesterday that the commission will organize at once and map out a course of action. The object of the commission is to inquire into the business and management and affairs of all the Pacific Roads that have at any time received assistance from the Government, with a view to determining the amount of money due the Government from these roads. "The Central Pacific and the Northern Pacific are the principal roads which will receive our attention," said Mr. Anderson, "but besides these there are about fifteen smaller roads into whose affairs we shall inquire. The management of the two former during the past twenty years will be looked into. The work will require much time and continuous labor. We are given until December 1 next to make a report. There are many branches of the investigation according to the act under which the commission is appointed, and we shall undoubtedly sit in several cities before our work is completed. Our first meeting to examine witnesses will possibly be held in Washington. We shall sit in San Francisco, Omaha and Boston, and possibly in other cities as well. The amount due the United States Government will possibly reach $100,000,000, so you see the work before us is one of some magnitude. Officers, directors, and in fact, everyone connected officially with any of the roads, will be required to appear before us for examination with such books and memoranda as may be of use."

Mr. Anderson was in Washington Saturday and called on the President and had a long chat relative to the work of the commission. The President is deeply interested in the investigation, deeming it wise that the public should know everything concerning the roads, which have received valuable grants of land from the Government, and have been otherwise assisted to put big fortunes in the pockets of the stockholders. Mr. Anderson was born in 1833, was admitted to the New York City bar in 1854, and has since been in the active practice of his profession in this city. In politics he has always been a Democrat, and has been connected with many of the reform movements in this city. He was one of the leading men in the organization of the County Democracy. He has been specially connected with much important litigation involving the close examination of accounts and methods of railroad corporations.

At 10 A. M. To-Morrow—First Floor.

500 pairs ladies' shoes at 74 cents.
450 pairs kid opera slippers at 49 cents.
300 pairs hand-made velvet embroidered slippers at 45 cents.
650 pairs men's shoes at 99 cents.
1,000 pairs men's seamless $2.50 shoes at $1.50.
100 dozen men's and boy's hats at 19 cents.
50 dozen boys' polo caps at 9 cents.
50 dozen undershirts and drawers at 15 cents.
In the great consignment sale at the
GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Monarch Club will give its first ball at the Pickwick to-night.

Frank Anderson and Miss Lon Melcher will be married on Wedesday.

Fire did $300 damage to the shed in the rear of 2330 Montgomery street yesterday.

The Royal Arch Lodge, United Order of Honor, was organized Saturday night.

A serenade was tendered Councilman L. S. Metcalfe at his residence Saturday evening.

The Attuck Guards have issued invitations for a military hop at Stolle's Hall this evening.

The roof of the building 1223 Olive street was damaged to the extent of $250 by fire yesterday.

The Directors of Temple Israel decided yesterday to donate $300 to the Beecher monument fund.

Miss Agnes Taylor has withdrawn from the Carmelite order, in which she was serving her novitiate.

Dr. J. C. Learned delivered a lecture at Memorial Hall Saturday night on the "Symbolism of Art."

The General Committee of the Odd Fellows met Saturday to discuss arrangements for the parade on the 26th inst.

At the meeting of the St. Louis Medical Society Saturday night resolutions on the death of Dr. H. T. Moeller were adopted.

At a meeting of the Directors of the Western Commercial Travelers' Association Saturday two new members were elected.

Jos. D. Storts, while under the influence of liquor Saturday, discharged a revolver at the Four Courts building. He was arrested.

Officer Ira Malin of the police force has disappeared, taking with him his star, his keys and a number of Police Relief benefit tickets.

A man supposed to be Henry Watson was arrested Saturday afternoon for attempting suicide in the river at the foot of Chouteau avenue.

Peter French of 1018 North Twenty-second street complains that his wife has eloped with his brother, taking with her $75 cash and a gold watch and chain.

A milk wagon ran into car 31 of the Bellefontaine line on Eleventh street near Franklin avenue Saturday, and the car mule was so injured that he had to be shot.

Fred Miller and Otto Geschke had a fight over the affections of a young girl to which both lay claim, at Third and Clark avenue, Saturday evening. During the fight Geschke was slightly cut. He was taken to the hospital and Miller was arrested.

On and after Sunday, April 10, Mobile & Ohio Railroad trains will run as follows:

	Depart.	Arrive.
New Orleans and Florida express (daily)	8:30 a. m.	6:20 p. m.
Sparta accommodation (except Sunday)	4:40 p. m.	10:10 a. m.
Local freight from East St. Louis (except Sunday)	7:00 a. m.	5:30 p. m.

Passengers may ride on local freight trains.

AMUSEMENTS.

Easter Attractions at the Theaters—The Vokes and Barrett Engagements—Notes.

Melodrama and minstrels were the only new things the theaters had to offer last evening. At the People's, Geo. W. and W. J. Thompson appeared in the latter's play, "The Gold King," which was presented here last year. It is a thrilling melodrama which develops the suffering, but final vindication of Jack Redmond, the hero, who is wrongfully accused of crime. Geo. W. Thompson's methods are excellent for melodrama, and he gained the appreciative hearing of the excellent audience. Mr. W. J. Thompson took the part of 'Squire Marvine. Miss Lottie Forrest treated the soubrette part of Pug cleverly. The rest of company was fairly satisfactory. The trained dogs, Hector and Hero, did some wonderful acting, and figured in several thrilling situations with remarkable sagacity.

* * *

Hicks and Sawyer's Colored Minstrels opened at Pope's last evening to a large upper-house. This is the return engagement of the organization and it kept the audience entertained from beginning to end. The fact that the minstrels are genuine negroes adds to the amusement, and they do their work with a dash which is taking. The dancing was good, as was the singing for most part, and the jokes were the same old funny jokes that the public always laughs at. All the special features were entertaining. Performances will be given every night and the usual matinees to popular prices.

* * *

"Bertha, the Sewing-Machine Girl," a new version of "Little Sunshine," was presented at the Standard last night. The play narrates the trials of an innocent girl who is pursued by a villain, and is even accused of theft that she may be driven to yield. The plot ends, however, in the happiness of Bertha and the discomfiture of the villain. The latter part, under the title of Jack Ryerson was played by Rose W. Purselle, while the part of Bertha was cleverly taken by Miss Bessie Taylor. The others in the cast were only fair.

RAYMOND DEAD.

The Famous Comedian Closes the Last Act of His Life.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 11.—The Sunday devotions of this city were sadly broken in upon yesterday by the death of John T. Raymond, the actor, which occurred at an early hour of the Sabbath. He had been suffering from heart trouble for years, and his death resulted directly from pericarditis, with fibrinous effusion, with congestion of the lungs. Raymond played at Hopkinsville, Ky., Thursday night, but was then so ill that he could only stagger through the acts. At the close of the performance the nervous tension which had sustained him relaxed, and he became completely prostrated. On reaching this place Friday afternoon he went straight to bed in utter collapse, and sank rapidly till the end. The death-bed scene was very affecting. Although no relatives were present, the members of the company with whom he was a general favorite and had traveled so long, gathered around his couch and sorrowfully watched his brilliant life come to a close. Mrs. Raymond who was in New York was notified of her husband's death and was overwhelmed with grief. The body was embalmed and shipped last evening to New York.

John T. Raymond was born at Buffalo, N.Y., April 5, 1836, and made his debut as an actor in 1853 in the part of Lopez in the "Honeymoon." In 1867 he went to Europe and made a hit as Trenchard in "Our American Cousin," in London and Paris. His first appearance in St. Louis as a star was in 1873 at the Olympic, when he played Uncle Nathan in "Only a Jew," and Timothy Toodles in "Uncle Toodles." His most successful part was Col. Sellers in the "Gilded Age," in which he made his great reputation as a comedian. In later years "In Paradise" and "For Congress" were the plays in which he most frequently appeared. He was a member of the St. Louis lodge of Elks. In 1880 he secured a divorce from his wife, Marie Bordon, and a year later married Rose Courtney Barnes, daughter of Rose Eytinge. At the time of his death he had in contemplation another professional visit to England. He made several fortunes in his lifetime, but lost them all, as he seemed to have a genuine Col. Sellers enthusiasm for any wildcat speculation a friend might bring to his attention. He died comparatively poor, having only $5,000 in bank and his New York residence. He had, however, an insurance of $25,000 on his life.

Amusement Notes.

The Steen family gave a mind-reading entertainment at the Olympic last evening.

Manager Rice stated that the interstate commerce law just doubled the cost of transporting the "Adonis" Company to Cincinnati.

Mr. Lawrence Barrett attended the performance of "Adonis" last evening, and after the performance went back of the scenes and met Mr. Dixey.

The sale of seats for the Stoddard series of lectures has been very large and indications point to packed houses at Entertainment Hall. The first lectures of the course will be delivered April 13 and 14.

The performance of "Damon and Pythias" by the Pythian Association at Entertainment Hall to-morrow evening promises to be an interesting event. The performance will be given for the benefit of the Humane Society, a cause which commends itself to the liberal support of the public.

To-night the Rosina Vokes Comedy Company will open an engagement at the Olympic in a triple bill: "In Honor Bound," "My Milliner's Bill" and "A Pantomime Rehearsal," and Treasurer Edward Dunn will receive his complimentary benefit. The sale of seats has been very large.

To-night at the Grand Mr. Lawrence Barrett with his company will present for the first time here his superb production of Miss Mitford's tragedy "Rienzi, The Last of the Tribunes." The tragedy is said to be powerful and the production rich and complete, requiring a large force of auxiliaries including a cathedral choir and chorus of boys for the church scene. The sale of seats has been fine, and a notable week is anticipated.

The final performance of "Adonis" drew out an excellent audience to the Grand last evening. The boys appeared in a new specialty representing the various types of policemen in existence and made a big hit receiving a double encore. Mr. Dixey was given a happy send-off during the performance and after it, when he was met by several friends. He expressed himself as delighted with his visit to St. Louis socially and dramatically. He was accompained to Cincinnati, where he plays a return engagement by Messrs. Field and Hawkins of the Chicago News who came here to meet him.

When John T. Raymond was here last he was chatting at the Olympic with some friends about the death of actors and said that McCullough, on nearing of the death of a friend, met him and remarked that they (McCullough and Raymond) would be next. Raymond said he guessed it was his turn now that McCullough had gone, and Mr. Vogel, leader of the orchestra, coming at that moment, reminded him of a promise he had made some years before to play a dirge at the first performance after he had heard of his death. The news of Raymond's death arrived yesterday but Mr. Vogel was not leading at the Grand last night and hence the dirge was not played.

Greatest Commercial Event.

GREAT CONSIGNMENT SALE.

Over $250,000 worth of Clothing and Shoes had been consigned to us, with instructions to sell at about half manufacturers' cost. Whatever loss is incurred is not ours, but the consignee's. Among the thousands of bargains offered are the following:

Children's Good Suits at	69c	Boys' Long-Pant Suits at	$1.95
Knee Pants at	18c	Men's Good Shoes at	99c
Men's Union Cassimere Suits at	$2.95	Men's Fine Seamless	$2.50 Shoes. $1.50
Men's Strictly All-Wool $10 Suits	5.65	Ladies' Button Shoes at	74c
Men's Blue Flannel Suits at	3.95	Ladies' Kid Opera Slippers at	49c
Men's Striped Pants at	69c	Men's and Boys' Hats at	19c
Men's All-Wool $4 Pants at	$1.95	Boys' Polo Caps at	9c
Men's Unlaundered Shirts at	15c		

And thousands of other bargains which we have not space to mention. Don't hesitate to come and satisfy yourself of the magnitude of this sale. The earlier you come the better choice you will have.

GLOBE--705-713 Franklin Av.

Largest Shoe and Clothing Establishment in the West.

Open until 9 p. m.; Saturdays until 11.

POINTS BY A STOCK BROKER.

The Waste of Over Six Years Repaired in Six Months.

About four years ago, to avoid the rigor of our Northern climate, my family and myself wintered in Florida. I went mainly for my wife's benefit, who was in a feeble state of health. Not long after our arrival Mrs. Titus contracted what is known in the South as "chills and fever." Inasmuch as this malady is common there, we did not think it very serious. "A little quinine and a sea voyage," the physician said, "will soon make everything all right." We began with the quinine and kept on with it all the rest of the winter, but without breaking up the disease. Spring came at last and we concluded to try the second part of the doctor's prescription for malaria—namely, the sea voyage. We therefore returned North by steamer. The voyage ended, but THE QUININE WAS CONTINUED AND THE CURE SEEMED FURTHER OFF THAN EVER. Medical treatment, so far as we could see, had exhausted its resources and done no real or lasting good; and for over six years Mrs. Titus suffered from malarial intermittent fever in its most distressing forms, with its accompanying depletion of the life forces. She went through the entire letting-down process—the shocks from quinine and other powerful drugs used tending to weaken the system—until the result was great languor, nervous debility and general exhaustion. Then came the digestive disorders which always attend chronic malaria, until the very food necessary to support life actually became an irritating agent—assisting the disease instead of imparting strength to overcome it.

It is no more than simple truth to say that the quinine treatment did at times give temporary relief, but the periods of relief became shorter with longer pauses between, until the use of the drug had to be discontinued. We then tried many remedies continually suggested by kind friends, but the equally numerous failures aroused the fear that we never should find the right one. But like many another blessing, it was nearer than we dreamed. In the summer of 1886 a friend who had experienced great and happy relief from Kaskine—the new quinine—said to me, "Why don't you try it for Mrs. Titus?" "I will," I replied. I can hardly convey to you in words the pleasure and surprise we felt at the change for the better wrought by that efficient and potent medicine. It came as the summer dawn comes, stealing noiselessly upon our sight. The disease was rebuked as from a Power that speaks by authority; the system gave clear signs of the approach of health: the appetite improved; food was more rapidly assimilated and Nature proceeded to rebuild the wasted tissues and to heal the hurt vitality. A delicate nervous organization righted itself; the fires of fever went out as Kaskine destroyed the germs which fed them; the digestive processes became more active and natural, and all this was accomplished so rapidly that THE WASTE OF OVER SIX YEARS WAS VIRTUALLY REPAIRED IN SIX MONTHS.

It was a healing wrought by a wholesome and genuine remedy. The functions and organs of the system all received a new impetus. Brain, stomach, nerves, digestion, assimilation now did their work with an ease and power that was delightful, and in all this there was no shock nor reaction. Kaskine is plainly the remedy for the delicate organization of women. It differs from other drugs in this important respect; that while they claim to cure by breaking down the disease, Kaskine cures by rousing to action the recuperative forces of nature and so makes its results real and permanent.

CHAUNCY I. TITUS,
Of Messrs. C. I. Titus & Co., Brokers,
Albany, N. Y.

Other letters of a similar character from prominent individuals, which stamp Kaskine as a remedy of undoubted merit, will be sent on application.

The Kaskine Company, 54 Warren St., New York, and 33 Farringdon Road, London.

Boys' Clothing Department—Second Floor.

$3.50 Each.
Complete lines of pretty one and two-piece Boys' Kilt, 2½ to 5 years, in plain and checked materials, also in combination colors, first-class goods and perfect in fit.
Boys' Clothing Department—Second Floor.

$3.75 Each.
The greatest bargain ever offered to the public. Infants' Short Cloaks, in all the new shades in striped and checked flannels; short waists and deep collars; sizes 6 months to 2 years.
Barr's Underwear Department—Second Floor

$4.
50 feet of good quality of Hose and Solid Reel, with Nozzle and Coupling complete. Keep your lawns green.
Barr's House Furnishing Department.

$5 Pair.
Every housekeeper in St. Louis, at the present time, is looking for something new and stylish to drape their windows and doors, and to supply their wants we have just opened two cases Colored Madras Curtains, entirely new designs, and the very latest novelties for draping. The colors are perfectly fast, and are really good value at $8 pair.
Barr's Upholstery and Rug Department.

$5.50 Each.
For a fine Black Embroidered Cashmere Fichu, with Deep Silk Fringe. This is something every lady should have, as it is one of the handiest shoulder wraps made, being dressy and always ready, and never out of style.
Barr's Cloak Department.

THE DEADLY TOY PISTOL.

Many a simple object is capable of inflicting death, and so it is with that dread disease, catarrh. Though often commencing in a simple cold, it often runs the gamut of throat disease to consumption. A free test Carbolic Smoke Ball, southeast corner Broadway and Olive, will convince you of its merits.

HORRIBLE, IF TRUE.

A Watchman Drives Two Boys Into a Cistern and Lets Them Drown.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 11.—Saturday evening Robert Steel, the watchman of the Memphis Oil Works, on entering the warehouse of the Chickasaw Refining Company, heard a splashing in an abandoned cistern that had been uncovered by the wreck of a portion of the flooring. Looking down into the dark aperture, he saw something struggling in the water which he at first took to be a dog, but soon found that it was a colored boy. Steel ran and got a pole to reach to the boy, but returned to the brink of the cistern only in time to see the little fellow sink out of sight. He summoned several of the colored laborers on the premises and with their aid fished up the body of the boy, whose name proved to be Willie Bryant, and his age 13. Sunday the body of another colored boy, Willie King, was found in the cistern.

An inquest was held on the two bodies and a verdict of accidental drowning returned. The mother of Bryant claims that she can show that F. M. Mills, the watchman at the warehouse, drove the boys into the cistern and stood there and saw them drown without offering to rescue them. Her husband has sworn out a warrant against Mills, charging him with murder. Mills is under arrest.

Garden Hose,

Fifty feet with brass couplings and nozzle, $4.00. Best in the market for the price.
DAY RUBBER CO., 615 North Fourth street.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

PUBLISHED BY

THE DISPATCH PUBLISHING CO.,

JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

[Entered at the Post-Office at St. Louis, Mo., as second-class mail matter.]

TERMS OF THE DAILY.

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Three months	2 00
One month	65
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THE WEEKLY.

One year, postage paid	$1 00
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POST-DISPATCH,
515 and 517 Market street.

TELEPHONE NUMBERS.

Editorial Rooms	501
Business Office	558

MONDAY, APRIL 11, 1887.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND—Lawrence Barrett in "Rienzi."
OLYMPIC—Rosina Vokes' Comedy Company.
POPE'S—Hicks & Sawyer's Minstrels.
PEOPLE'S—"Gold King."
STANDARD—"Bertha, the Sewing-Machine Girl."
PALACE MUSEUM—Daily from 1 p. m. to 10 p. m.

The indications for twenty-four hours, commencing at 3 p. m. to-day, for Missouri are local rains, preceded by fair weather in the southeast portion; southerly winds, becoming variable; slightly cooler.

THE anti-dust movement gathered a great deal of strength yesterday.

THE Grand Army subscription appeals to every patriotic pocket in St. Louis.

THE statesman who secures the passage of a sprinkling ordinance at the coming session of the Municipal Assembly will be the biggest man in St. Louis.

THERE will be only one more dusty Sunday before the new Municipal Assembly meets, but that will be all that is needed to hasten the framing of a sprinkling bill.

EVERY citizen should subscribe his name to the invitation to President CLEVELAND and his money to the Grand Army fund to make the reunion and visit a success.

THE pious custom which restrains the sprinkling contractors from laying the dust on Sunday gives the people of St. Louis an opportunity of studying the magnitude of the dust nuisance. It is immense.

ONE of our prominent merchants calls attention, in a communication which we publish to-day, to the injury done to the horses by the dust which prevails in St. Louis. Considerations of both economy and mercy call for sprinkling for the welfare of man and beast.

WHEN the case of PRENDERGAST was submitted the jury went to their room, but immediately countermarched with a verdict of guilty. He was one of the numerous company of officials indicted for what the Hendricks Club calls "alleged election frauds."

THE justly celebrated retail clothing dealer who lost money on every pair of pants he sold and was enabled to live only by his selling so many of them, is surpassed by the railroad manager who loses money on every car load of the long-haul, but who will be ruined if he is not allowed to continue losing his money.

A GOVERNMENT that will assent to treaties dishonoring American citizenship, as our treaty with Germany does, or accept the role of Cossack vassal to the Czar which is imposed on the United States by the Bayard-De Struve extradition treaty, has no use for an army or navy, steel guns or steel cruisers. It is prepared to submit to any degradation.

SO FAR as the Republican members of the Legislature have been heard from on the railroad questions they evince a general desire to obstruct railroad legislation on partisan grounds and then throw the responsibility for failure on the Democrats. In other words, they are more ready to serve their party than they are to serve the State, and readiest of all to serve the corporations.

THE deposition mill has been grinding out a formidable amount of testimony from prominent and respectable citizens against the standing of Senator VEST'S Surveyor of the Port of St. Louis. But above all this din soars the voice of Senator VEST proclaiming himself a red-hot partisan of CLEVELAND for a second term, and predicting his triumphant re-election. This method of stuffing cotton into the Presidential ear is much older than civil-service reform.

THE week's proceedings in the United States Court will have a deep interest for honest citizens and a painful interest for the dishonest citizens who have been guilty of frauds and forgeries in connection with the elections. The best legal talent of the city is engaged in protecting the criminals from their merited punishment, and the Democratic bosses are determined to "let no guilty man be punished." It is well to keep the public attention directed to the proceedings.

ALEXANDRA, Princess of Wales, has other griefs just now besides ALBERT EDWARD'S roving disposition. Her father's subjects are making his throne totter, her sister, the Duchess of Cumberland, has just been sent to a lunatic asylum, and report says that her sister, the Czarina, is going the same way from the continual assaults upon the Czar's life. If all the royal families in the world should resign, retire to strictly private life and let the people take care of themselves we would not blame them a bit.

ON Long Island yesterday the innocent Sunday amusement of not less than fifteen thousand spectators at base ball games was broken up by the authorities. The peaceful, law-abiding disposition of the people was shown by the fact that in no case was any resistance or disturbance made in any way. Considering the amount of unpunished crime that the law is called on to deal with, it might profitably be excused from attempting to enforce theocratic legislation directed against decent amusements.

THE arbitrary rule adopted and enforced by the Board of Public Improvements, without warrant of State law or city ordinance, prescribing that new sprinkling plugs should not be erected within 600 feet of plugs now owned or controlled by the present street sprinkling monopoly, looks quite innocent. But the monopoly has taken advantage of it by locating its plugs about 1,190 feet apart. Under the 600-feet rule regulation where can a new plug be located so that it will not be within 600 feet of one or the other of the two original plugs?

THE approach of the session of the Municipal Assembly ought to be marked by some exhibitions of activity in the way of cleaning the streets and alleys at least in the busy portions of the town. One would naturally expect the officials to show reason for their reappointment in the way of greater vigilance and zeal, but it is to be noted with regret that the customary neglect of cleanliness prevails. The responsibility for the noisome alleys and littered streets is pretty evenly divided between the City Hall and the Four Courts.

SENATORS REAGAN and MAXEY of Texas refuse to concede that the anti-prohibitionists have a monopoly of "Jeffersonian Democracy." They take the ground that a prohibition ordinance is something clearly within the power of the people, that thorough and conscientious Democrats take opposite views of the merits of the question, but they insist that the people have a right to be heard and to decide. It is in order now for these Texas statesmen to be "read out of the party" by the law-tinkers from our wolf-scalp counties who have failed to pass a railroad law.

THIRTEEN times the Presidency has been awarded to candidates whose names terminated in the letter "n," but as it was once awarded to JOHN QUINCY ADAMS over JACKSON and once to HAYES over TILDEN, and eleven times in all to candidates whose names ended with letters other than "n," Mr. BLAINE'S alleged superstition in regard to the potency of such a terminal letter seems to rest on a very slight foundation. Since the Republican party came into being it has captured the Presidency six times, and four times out of the six without the aid of "n."

WHAT is published as a correct copy of the new extradition treaty with Russia not only provides for the extradition of all persons implicated in any attempts upon the life of the Czar or any member of his family, but it provides for the extradition of any political prisoner who may escape from the horrors and tortures of Siberia by using a passport which is alleged to be a forgery. We find it difficult to believe that any administration would dare to approve any such treaty, or insult an American Senate by asking it to ratify anything so contrary to American traditions.

The English Press Gag.

Correspondence New York Times.

We all know that the English paper is a dull, decorous thing five days in the week and a hideous charnel house of scandal on the sixth, when a divorce case is being tried, and we assume that this is because the English are stupid and sluggish hypocrites. They are not much different, in fact, from the people of Milwaukee or Melbourne. They would like papers like ours if they could be printed. But the English libel law makes that impossible. To get out a readable paper is only a secondary function of a sub-editor here. His first and all-important duty is to weed out everything which could even by implication be made the basis of an action for libel. He knows that a thousand people have hawk-like eyes on his paper, ready to pounce on it with a summons. An actor will sue instantly for a criticism; a doctor for the faintest suggestion in type that he did not do his whole duty; a contractor for the merest hint that his work should be watched; a lawyer for the bare suspicion that his bill was too large. The press, in fact, wears a gag as odious in its way as the Russian censorship—and worse, in that it is in the hands of the merest nobody to apply it.

Chicago Democrats.

From the Kansas City Times.

But what did the Democrats really do in Chicago? Lord of Israel! but what did they really do? They abandoned the field, they ran, they dissolved, they hid away, they crawled on their bellies to the feet of their masters, and then—with voices husky with the filth which they had licked from their boots—they besought the Republicans for permission to vote the Republican ticket. No political crime like this—so imbecile, so infamous, so atrocious—has been committed since the revolutionary war. As they came crawling the Republicans jeered and gibed at them. As they came crawling even the dogs in the streets smelt of the beggars and forgot to bark through an animal disgust that was almost human. The whole nation to-day is holding its nose in the presence of this putrefying corpse of Chicago's Democracy. The implacable enemies of a lifetime to whom it sold itself will let it rot where it lies. No shroud, no coffin, not even a shallow hole in the ground in the potter's field. The ordinary respect which goes with the dead is denied to the remains of this gibbering suicide. Murdered, damned, cast out and offensive, its carcass might be shoveled into a sewer for the rats to devour in lieu of jackals. It is dead, the thing called Chicago Democracy. God be praised. It is not only dead, but it is also damned. Still, God be praised. When there are no longer any more lepers there is no longer any more leprosy.

The Red Flag.

From the Springfield Republican.

The great labor vote at Cincinnati is distinctly opposed to the anarchist propaganda. After the Chicago bomb-throwing last year the Cincinnati anarchists presumed to take the head of the procession, upon an occasion when all the trades were to turn out in public celebration. When the little knot of anarchists walked up to the front behind the red flag the labor unions of Cincinnati took a vote right on the spot, and every one of them refused to march behind the red flag. It broke up the procession, but it put a quietus on the anarchists in that city.

METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals are Saying This Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH

NEW YORK, April 11.—The WORLD says: "The President made an excellent appointment when he put Ex Gov. Pattison of Pennsylvania on the commission to investigate the affairs of the Pacific roads. Ex-Gov. Pattison is the man who, while Governor of Pennsylvania, excited considerable indignation in railroad circles by insisting that it was proper and necessary to put law-breaking railroad officials in the penitentiary in accordance with the statutory provision."

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "Mr. Cleveland is doubtless entitled to the benefit of such an excuse as may be expressed in saying that he has done the best he could; but to borrow a term from his favorite scheme, there are others on the Democratic list of eligibles whose knowledge of the needs of the country and the party is greater than his. He has tried his best, in his own way, and what has been the result? He has made Indiana a Republican State, almost won Virginia back to the Republicans, let the Democrats in the Forty-ninth Congress waste the session in aimless bickerings, cut down the Democratic majority in the Fiftieth Congress, smashed the Democratic party in Illinois and Ohio, weakened it in New Jersey and West Virginia and strengthened it nowhere save with the mugwumps of Massachusetts. And yet he hopes for a renomination?"

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "The Cleveland machine in this State is not yet running; but it's all set up and presently will be in fine working order to turn out the Democratic Presidential candidate in 1888. Here are some of the handles by which the thing is to be manipulated—Fairchild, Maynard, Yeomans, Eickhoff, McCue, Benedict and Shoemaker, not to mention others whose labels are equally well known. A glance at Mr. Cleveland's appointments from and in this State, given in our Albany letter, shows how the job of setting up the machine has been done. Democrats of influence have been taken to Washington or placed in post-offices, custom-houses and internal revenue offices, at home. This has been so quietly accomplished that some of the more voracious Democratic spoilsmen are not quite satisfied; they have been blinded by the shrewd attitude of the President toward the New York Post-office, and think that his pretense of civil-service reform is only too sincere. It is not. D. B. Hill knows that, if no one else does."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "Our Washington dispatches this morning throw some light on the possible results of Senator Cockrell's investigation into the work of the departments. It is quite likely to afford the basis of a more thorough weeding out than has yet been made of material that is worthless or worse. If it be candidly and carefully conducted the effect cannot but be good. No one at all familiar with the departmental service doubts that under the the system of partisan appointments that has prevailed in the past many of the offices have been overloaded with men of no earthly use, to the injury of the service and the demoralization of the force. A very clean sweep of these would be beneficial, though it would, of course, be denounced by Mr. Cleveland's party opponents. There is, however, an obvious way in which these could be silenced."

THE PEOPLE'S FORUM.

The Dust and the Horses.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I am now an old man, but the lively turn you have given the public street-sprinkling project has given me a fresh desire to live in the hopes that the near future will see your efforts rewarded by success. The arguments advanced are good and the plan is practical and cheap. In fact, the luxury of living in this city when free of dust will be cheap at any price. The horse is man's most faithful and at the same time most useful servitor. He represents a cash value, which is based upon the amount of work he can do. In the hot summer day our poor horse, panting under oppressive loads, receives into his distended nostrils hot air laden with dust, some of which is surely deposited in the lungs. This is the prime cause of lung fever or general debility. Owners of teams, livery stables, transfer companies and street car lines come to the rescue and lend your aid in the good fight. It will be money in your pockets in more ways than one. The faithful beast cannot raise his voice in this matter; humanity demands that you speak for him.

Where is the powerful voice of the Humane Society? It is true you punish a man for beating his horse, but that is only a temporary punishment, and it is the exception. But this dust is a continuous and an aggravated punishment, resulting in disease and certain death. Make haste to have owners of teams, liverymen and officers of street car lines sign petitions and exert all their influence to have all the streets sprinkled by the city. Let each branch of industry present a separate petition, so that the signatures may be identified and their full weight and influence felt. Don't imagine that the sprinkling monopoly intends to quietly surrender its present annual profit of $350,000. Stuff the ballot-box with names good and true and hand your petitions to the POST-DISPATCH in time for presentation to the new Council and House of Delegates on April 19. A representative officer of your society will please call at the editorial rooms of the POST-DISPATCH at 11 a. m., April 12. L. J. PECK.

Joining the Movement.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch:

I wish to add my own and my wife's support to Mr. Mansfield's noble efforts to rid the city of the dust nuisance. As a property owner, both improved and unimproved, I say the city should take the matter in hand and at once. CITIZEN.

St. Louis, April 11, 1887.

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

SPORT.—Any well-known player will teach you to play billiards.

W. H. YOUNG.—There is no exclusively base ball paper published.

SUBSCRIBER, Belleville, Ill.—Your wife's brother's wife is no relation to you.

H. C. H.—The last performance of Mr. Edwin Booth in this city was given on Saturday night, October 23, 1886.

B. B.—Doescher was put on the black-list for signing players for one club, while he was under contract with another as manager.

SUBSCRIBER.—The members of the St. Jo team are McCloskey, Rauschkolt, Wyle, Erhardt, Conway, Bouchard, Gooden, Wilcox, Millard, Calhoun and Daniels. Their salary is private information.

B. T. BAILEY, Harrisburg, Station, Ark.—Spinal meningitis is considered a contagious disease, but is not positively known to be such. It is more epidemic among children than adults. Its epidemic character is affected by climate. It is curable in certain cases.

MUSICAL UNION CONCERT,

THURSDAY, April 14.

At Other Times It's Nobody's Business.

From the Somerville Journal.

And now they say that the whole story was a fabrication, and that the Vassar girls don't want to wear caps and gowns—in the day time.

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 585

A BIG COMBINE.

WHOLESALE ARRESTS OF PANHANDLE EMPLOYES FOR ROBBING FREIGHT CARS.

An Organization With Ramifications All Along the Line—Nearly Sixty Conductors, Brakemen and Other Train Hands Lodged in Jail—Arrests Begun at Midnight Still Being Made at Various Points—The Stolen Property Valued at $300,000.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 11.—The most important arrests made in this part of the country were begun at an early hour this morning. They will not be completed before late this afternoon, and at that time the officers of the Panhandle Railroad will have in custody the most daring gang of railroad robbers this country has ever known. How many members belong to it are not known, but they run up into the hundreds. Their stealings extended over a period of two or three years and the amount stolen reaches nearly $500,000. Simultaneous arrests were made all along the line of the Pan-handle road between here and Columbus. Warrants have been in the hands of officers for some time, and the persons arrested will comprise nearly the entire freight men of the line. They include the conductors, brakemen, engineers and firemen. The ring-leaders of the gang are outside the railroad business, are known and some of them are now believed to be under arrest.

THE ARRESTS.

The first arrests were made about 2 o'clock this morning, the police surprising eighteen men at their boarding-houses. The men were taken at once to the jail. Further arrests were made between 2 o'clock and daylight, when forty-six mon, all railroad employes, conductors, brakemen, firemen and engineers, were behind the bars. In speaking of the arrests a prominent officer of the Panhandle road said: "For three years past the Panhandle road has been systematically robbed. Cars on sidings and cars in moving trains were broken open and goods stolen, including every description of merchandise. It is estimated that at least $300,000 worth of goods were taken, for which the company had to pay. In August last we got a clue, and the company determined to push it to the end. Detectives were employed who followed up every scent, and finally we had the information upon which to proceed. When everything was ready we decided to make a move all along the line from Columbus to Pittsburg, and 2 o'clock this morning was fixed to strike the blow.

ABOUT EIGHTY WARRANTS

were issued for men in Pittsburg. I can't tell how many for other places, but it was at every point along the line; it will run up in the hundreds. It is the biggest thing of the kind that ever happened in Pittsburg, or in railroad matters in the world, for nothing like it has ever happened before. I cannot tell who the men are under arrest, or who the ring-leaders are. This much I will say, however, we suspect outsiders of being implicated in the robberies, but know nothing positive."

Among those arrested was a man named Baker, against whom there are thirty-eight charges. Early one morning some months ago, at Sheridan station, near this city, a train was stopped for water. An attack was made on the crew and in the fight the fireman was shot. He afterwards died from his injuries. At daybreak it was found that two cars had been broken open and their contents stolen. Baker is accused of firing the shot that killed the fireman, and this is understood to be one of the thirty-eight charges against him.

STATEMENT OF THE COMPANY'S ATTORNEY.

John H. Hampton, Esq., attorney for the Pennsylvania Company, was seen this morning in the office of the detective agency, where, sitting amid a heterogenous collection of the plunder, he said: "These robberies have been carried on systematically for several years. The company have long been aware that there was a leakage somewhere, and as early as September 1886, they quietly commenced investigations. Detectives were placed on trains where the goods could be watched and the thieves caught. We had already discovered that the culprits were employes of the company. In September there were eighty crews of freight trains on the Panhandle Railroad coming into Pittsburg. Of these eighty crews, no less than seventy-five were crooked. A crew consists of a conductor, flagman and two brakemen. In some cases all the men were involved; in others only a part. The statement that the engineers and firemen were mixed up in the robbery is wrong, not a single one is involved. The goods were obtained by the thieves in various ways. In many instances the seals were broken, while in others hatchets were used to cut a hole in the end of the car through which the men could crawl and take what they coveted. Then they reported the car in bad condition claiming that the hole had been made by accident. The operations were all

THE RESULT OF A COMBINATION.

"Arrangements were carefully made and each rascal was assigned to his particular part of the work in much the same way as a bank robbery is conducted by professional cracksmen. I do not know that the members of the combination were oath-bound or anything of that kind, but it is certain that a thorough understanding existed among them and they acted in concert to cover each others' misdoings. A thing which alarmed us more than any thing else, was that they stole large quantities of whiskey and drank it in the cabooses. They needed vessels to hold the liquor, so they stole milk cans and kept it in them. Not daring to keep whiskey openly on the cars, they tore up the flooring and hid it underneath. Men were continually reported drunk on duty and the probability of disaster was something frightful to contemplate. All kinds of goods were stolen, including sewing machines, guns, revolvers, cutlery, silverware, cigars, clothing, liquors, groceries, furniture, and, in fact, every imaginable article that can be carried on a car, were quietly removed. The depredations were committed all along the road and the losers reside at points as far west as Denver, Colo. Fences were established in this city, where the stolen property was taken and then sold, the money being evenly divided among the crews. It is impossible to give what the aggregate value of the property stolen is, but it will not reach $300,000, as reported."

MORE ARRESTS.

The arrests have created the greatest excitement among the railroad employes of this city. The scenes about the jail doors this morning, where relatives of the prisoners had gathered to learn the cause of the arrests, were of the saddest description. Wives, children, parents, brothers and sisters, with tear-stained faces, stood around the entrances to the prison, eager to hear the latest developments and pleading with the officers for admission to the jail to see the prisoners. At 1 o'clock ten more arrests were reported. They were captured at the pay-car while receiving their wages. This makes a total of fifty-six now in jail here, and it is supposed that as many more have been apprehended at other points along the line. Consternation prevails among the proprietors of the "fences" and dens where the goods were secreted and sold. In one instance the proprietor of a notorious den was detected in the act of burning stolen property. A telegram just received from Dennison, O., states that J. R. Dunlap, the leader of the gang, was arrested there this morning.

THE PARTIES UNDER ARREST.

The following are the names of the parties lodged in jail this morning: Conductors—John Hastings, Mac Roberts, J. P. Brennan, L. Black, H. H. Kuhn, Thomas C. Shay, T. J. Hanley, William Isett, Charles Watson, Charles Shanks, C. Langacre, Clyde Laughlin.

Brakemen—J. C. Lawson, V. E. Myers, Edward Wolfe, I. F. Haggerty, Robert Mackey, M. C. Connelly, George Schrier, S. Goodman, J. A. Fisher, W. T. Lavelle, Thomas Vincent, A. L. Collis, William B. Bolas, John A. Bowser, Michael Joyce, W. C. Martyn, George Morris, T. O. Gutshall, A. Griffiths, M. B. Doyle, John Donavan, John Martin, William Roth, John Sweeny, T. W. Abers, J. W. Richey, William Briggs, John Kirkwood, J. F. Wright, J. A. Taylor, H. W. McCune, H. C. Thompson, J. T. Kinney, Michael Reilly, Thomas Long, Samuel Fitch, James Young.

SEVEN MORE ARRESTS.

Seven more arrests have been made, but the names have not yet been recorded. Nearly two hundred warrants are still out, and it is expected that the list of arrests in this city will be swelled to eighty before night.

A number of houses in various parts of the city were raided to-day and a large quantity of goods recovered. Every man arrested had stolen goods somewhere. Among the prisoners are several desperate characters who were wanted by the police for other offences. They were all armed, and when not taken by surprise, resisted arrest. Numbers overpowered them, however, and all were safely lodged in jail. A special dispatch from Dennison says the officers have arrested Jas. and W. Collis, with several thousand dollars' worth of velvets and high-priced dry goods in their possession, articles taken from the United States bonded cars en route to Chicago, St. Louis and other points West. One Busby, the worst man, slipped his hand-cuffs and recklessly threw himself from the train while it was going and escaped.

AN IMPORTANT ARREST.

The most important arrest made here was Brakeman Young. He called at the jail to see one of the prisoners this morning, and was immediately locked up. At first he protested his innocence, but finally admitted that he had a large lot of the stolen property at his home, and told how the goods had come in his possession. His confession will, it is said, convict thirteen crews. Telegrams from Cadiz, Steubenville and points west of Columbus report the arrest of a large number of railroad employes implicated in the robberies. The preliminary hearing will be held on April 18.

LABOR NEWS.

The Striking Stove-Molders—Co-Operation in North St. Louis—Notes.

Anchor Lodge, No. 1847 North Broadway, this morning presented a lively appearance. It is the headquarters of the striking stove-molders. There they meet in daily consultation. It is their club-room and social gathering place. To-day all were on hand at an early hour. It is their regular pay day. A POST-DISPATCH reporter met the treasurer with his pockets bulging with about $2,000 ready to disburse to the expectant strikers. This sum is sent from the International headquarters, supplemented by contributions from various sources. The men were jolly and confident, and felt that they were being supported.

It was said that the Excelsior stove-works had started up this morning with a light force no union men working and all refusing Bridge-Beach pattern work.

At Buck's stove-works, Second and Destrahan streets, all was quiet on the strike situation, all the force being steadily at work. A committee, however, had been appointed to look to business there, and it was expected that it would leave headquarters after dinner and call out the union men employed at Buck's. It is reported that there are some Poles and other employes there not under the control of the union.

The co-operative idea in manufacturing establishments in St. Louis is growing. The latest addition is the Willhelmsen Belting Works at 214 Destrahan street, North St. Louis. Speaking of the matter to a POST-DISPATCH reporter Mr. Charles Willhemsen said: "When my employes, after the death of Mr. Henry Schwanner, my partner, understood that I was about to form a company, they came to me and asked if they might not take an interest as partners. I readily gave them the preference and let eight of them take from one to six shares, and I am perfectly satisfied that it will be an advantage to them and myself.

Notes.

Iron Moulders' Union No. 59, attended yesterday afternoon the burial of Geo. J. Smith in North St. Louis.

The Knights of Labor will hold an open meeting and entertainment to-night at the hall, Ninth and Franklin avenue. Addresses will be delivered on labor subjects.

The Plasterers' Unions, Nos. 1, 2 and 3, will give a ball to-night at the Masonic Hall. The prime object of the occasion is to start a fund for the entertainment of the National Union, which is to convene in this city in June.

THE STATE CAPITAL.

New Corporations—County Treasurer Appointed—The New Laws—Gossip.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., April 11.—The following incorporated companies filed articles today: Herf & Frericks Chemical Company, St. Louis, capital $50,000; the South Joplin Land Company of Joplin, capital $32,000; and the St. Louis Investment Company, capital $30,000.

The Governor has commissioned George B. Chadduck County Treasurer of Holt County, vice Edgar L. Allen, deceased.

Secretary McGrath placed the laws passed by the last General Assembly in the hands of the printer to-day. The Secretary expects to have the advance copies ready for distribution by the 1st of May. These acts consist of 198 bills and joint and concurrent resolutions.

The Governor still has three bills under advisement; they are the Kansas City police bill; also Senator Proctor's bill to extend the power of corporations so as to increase their bonded indebtedness; and house bill 151, introduced by Mr. Dunn of Lincoln, to allow benevolent organizations to conduct a mutual life insurance on the assessment plan. This bill was introduced and passed in the interest of such organizations as the Ancient Order of United Workmen, Knights of Honor and kindred organizations. The Governor will determine the fate of these three bills this afternoon. The chances are that neither bill will receive a favorable indorsement.

Col. H. H. Gregg of Joplin, until recently Clerk of the Board of Railroad Commissioners, is in the city.

The Governor to-day pardoned Henry Miller, sent up for three years from the Jackson County Criminal Court, November term, 1885. Miller is in the last stages of consumption. His pardon was recommended by the prison physician and inspectors.

A NEW CABLE SYSTEM.

The California Plan Adopted for the Citizens' Railway—Electricity for the Extension.

The Citizens' Railway is making contracts for putting in a cable on its lines of street railway. The cable will be put on the main line as far west as Goode avenue and on the Fair Ground extension. Beyond Good avenue the Sprague electric motor will probably be used. The system adopted is what is known as the California system, and is a general improvement on the Locust street road. The curves will be made gradually, and a turn table will be placed at the western end that will be operated by the cable and a friction pulley. The work will commence immediately and will be finished by October 1.

The Julian motor will be ready for experiments on the Washington avenue line in another week.

E. O. Stanard Milling Company.

We learn the E. O. Stanard Milling Company manufactured and sold 50,000 barrels flour during the month of March, which speaks well for their enterprise and for the reputation of their two celebrated brands of flour, the "Royal Patent" and "Eagle Steam." Mr. Stanard has always kept these brands up to the very highest grades possible to be made, from the best selections of wheat, and with the most modern appliances of machinery. These brands of flour are worthy of the reputation they enjoy.

Fell From the Bridge.

About 6:30 this morning a railroad man who was coming through the Union Depot Company's yards saw a young man lying under the Fourteenth street bridge in a semi-conscious condition and moaning with pain. Officer Mundinger was notified and had the young man removed to the City Dispensary. The youth said his name was Thomas Ryan, that he was 18 years of age and lived in this city. This was all that could be learned from him in his dazed condition. It is supposed that he fell off the bridge in some manner and that he has been injured internally.

A Sculptor Knighted.

CINCINNATI, April 11.—A private cablegram from Rome announces that Mr. Ezekiel, the well-known sculptor, has been knighted for merit in art by the King of Italy.

SOCIETY CHAT.

VARIOUS ITEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED IN THE LOCAL SOCIAL WORLD.

Wedding of Miss Georgie McKenzie and Mr. John P. Neville This Afternoon—The Reception—Some of the Handsome Easter Toilets Seen Yesterday — Mrs. Drummond's Soiree Dansante—Society Notes.

This afternoon at 5 o'clock Miss Georgie McKenzie, daughter of the late Capt. McKenzie, was married to Mr. John P. Neville, Vice-President of the Granby Mining Company. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Montgomery Schuyler at Christ Church. The musical programme, under the direction of Miss Mohan, the organist of that church, was very effective. The bridal chorus from "Lohengrin" was rendered by a large chorus, the first part sung as the bride entered the church, and the joyful refrain taken up as they left the altar. In the chorus were: Misses Foster, Wells, Wagner, Koenicke, Ryland, Ryder, Kilpatrick, Wall, Hogle, Stockton, and Mesdames Gibson, Bofert, Stockton, and Messrs. Gibson, Warren, Mason, Hazeltine, J. H. Herzog, and others. The bride wore pure white satin, made with a long court train, the tablier and draperies of rare old point lace worn by her mother upon her wedding gown. The corsage is made high and the bridal veil was worn without flowers or ornament. In her hand she carried a bunch of white roses and lilies of the valley. The first bridesmaid was the sister of the bride, Miss Jennie McKenzie. The other bridesmaids were Misses Nellie Schuyler, Fannie Wickham, Aimy Breckenridge, Adele Kimball and Nellie Plant. These young ladies were costumed alike in very effective toilettes of white faille covered with filmy drapery of point d'esprit lace, with long pointed corsage of leaf green plush. In their hands they carried large bunches of white lilies, surrounded by lilies of the valley sheathed in their green leaves, thus carrying out the effect of a "lily," or "Easter wedding." The attendant groomsmen were Messrs. January Plant, Charles Maffitt, Charles Switzer, Luther Kennett, Ed Callahan and Richard Rankin. The ushers were Messrs. John Rankin, Charles Chambers, Charles Bates, Otto Schulenberg, Sid Francis and Lil McNair. After the weddingat the church there was a large reception at the residence of the bride's mother, Mrs. McKenzie, No. 1510 Walnut street. Here the the decorations, in charge of Weber, are very handsome. The halls and salon are banked with plants, and a bower of palms in the back of the hall screens the musicians from view. The mantlepieces are banked with cut flowers, of which Easter lilies are the most prominent feature. The marriage bell, which is suspended between the windows in the back parlor, is formed of lilies. The reception will continue until 12 o'clock. Mr. and Mrs. Neville will leave to-morrow for a bridal tour.

Easter Toilets.

A more beautiful Easter Sunday never dawned than that of yesterday, and the streets were thronged from early morn until night with pedestrians, as well as those who "drive in chaises." With the ringing of the early Easter bells there were as many people wending their way to early mass as is usually found upon the streets 10:30 to 11 o'clock any fine Sunday. The churches were all filled, most of them crowded to the very doors. At St. George's, on Twenty-seventh and Chestnut, the throng at one time extended for a square toward Olive street, and many persons turned away, unable to gain admission at all.

Although it is not as heretofore an absolute necessity that one should have an Easter gown—in fact, it is hardly en regle to appear on Easter Sunday in a brand new dress—there were a great many beautiful new toilets seen yesterday as the fair wearers wended their way to church in the morning or promenaded in the afternoon on the principal streets in the West End.

Mrs. W. H. Newman of Pine street wore a handsome black satin merviellieux, richly trimmed with jet, the entire tablier covered with a net-work of beads, from which were suspended numberless glittering pendants. A small visite of jet work was worn with it, also a richly jetted bonnet; her parasol of heavy brocade, besprinkled with roses shaded from the faintest pink to the richest hues of crimson, gave the only dash of color to the handsome toilet.

Miss May Alice McLaran wore a very stylish costume of delicate fawn-colored camel's hair cloth, worn over a petticoat of ribbed velvet, brown and fawn color combined. The draperies gathered under the long-pointed waist in front were drawn back to the left side, where they were confined beneath a large bow. Her hat, with rather abroad brim, was turned up at the side and faced with brown velvet, the two shades of brown forming the high trimming in front.

Miss Jessie Tutt wore a very pretty gown of gray and brown cloth in small checks, tailor-made and fitting perfectly her exquisite figure. Her hat was close fitting at the sides, and trimmed high in front. Her cousin, Miss Payne of Nashville, wore a similar costume in a lighter check, and wore a large bouquet of yellow roses.

Miss Gertrude Schuyler wore black gros grain trimmed with jet, with small turban-shaped bonnet.

Miss Fanita Hayward wore a stylish combination of black and white; the skirt of black gros grain, with full draperies of black puffed high at the back, the tablier crossed with scarf draperies of black and white satin and gros grain striped looped high on the right side. The corsage was of gros grain, in narrow pleats extending to the throat, a deep pointed girdle of the black and white defining the waist; hat trimmed high in front with loops of ribbon.

Miss Ruby Turnbull wore ecru camel's hair, the soft full draperies looped high at the side over a petticoat of the same shade, striped in a rich pattern of chenille embroidery, the same trimming appearing upon the close fitting waist. A light spring hat, with high loops of ribbon, completed the toilet.

Mrs. E. L. Metcalf wore black gros-grain, the entire tablier trimmed with a heavily embossed silk, passementerie, bunches of grapes and foliage; a little visite of black gros-grain, with sleeves composed entirely of jet pendants was worn with it; a small black bonnet trimmed high in front with heliotrope.

Miss Stella Hartnett, a stylish cloth dress of the new shade of green, with visite, finished with long ends of plush striped with green, two tones; her felt, hat same shade as the dress, trimmed with two shades of green.

Mrs. Hawley wore a very handsome costume of black gros grain and jet, and her daughter, Miss May Hawley, wore a gown made of one of the new shades of amethyst.

Mrs. Dr. Sonneschein wore a very stylish gown of sage green serge, combined with velvet, with hat and parasol to match.

Miss Leonora Louderman wore a toilet of amethyst faille, the deep pointed draperies looped high over a petticoat of velvet, in broken plaids of the same shades; hat of the same colors combined with pink.

Miss Nellie Portis, a light French grey camel's hair, tailor made, with large straw hat trimmed with pink and grey tips.

Miss Luna Garrison, an apple-green cloth, heavily braided with large cords of a darker shade; a small black tulle hat, trimmed high in front with delicate green ferns and leaves; a large corsage bouquet of yellow roses.

Miss Morris, a very handsome toilet of wine-colored velvet, trimmed with passamenterie of the same shade.

Mrs. W. L. B. G. Allen, black gros-grain, elaborately trimmed with a network of jetted passementerie, laid over a panel of pistoche green. The small visite was made with shoulder sleeves of the pistoche green, covered with a network of jet. The bonnet was of lace and jet, with high trimmings of the pistoche green.

Miss Blanche Wilkerson, an ecru serge, made with full draperies looped high over a petticoat of the same shade striped with Persian bands in camel's hair. Her hat was of brown straw trimmed with loops of ribbon in Persian effects.

Miss Addie Meyer, wore a striking combination of heliotrope figured foulard and green velvet. The foulard was made very full, and looped high over a panel of apple-green velvet; the corsage was of the foulard, cut away with scuave effect, showing a full vest of the velvet; the lower part of the tight-fitting sleeves was of the velvet, while the upper part was of the foulard, one deep puff, extending to the elbow; her large straw hat was trimmed with the same colors.

Miss Belle Loader wore a light French gray combined with the new shade of green, with hat showing the same colors.

Miss Lulu Jacobs wore red camel's hair richly braided in black with black hat trimmed high with loops of red ribbon.

Miss Nancy Rex, apple green combined with floriated foulard, with small turban hat showing the same colors.

Mr. Drummond's Reception.

This evening Mr. James T. Drummond gives a soiree dansante complimentary to his son, Mr. Harry Drummond, who has just returned from Harvard. Mrs. John N. Drummond of Alton, assisted by her daughter, Miss Bertha Drummond, will be mistress of ceremonies. Connor has carte blanche for the floral decorations, which will be very elaborate and effective. The entire lower floor will be thrown open, and every nook and corner filled with plants, and the mirrors and chandeliers draped with a new and delicate vine, which looks almost like mist. A bower of plants will be arragned in the hall to screen the musicians from view, and upon the newel post will be arranged a pyramid of blooming plants. In the dining-room the mantle-piece will be banked with cut spring flowers, hyacinths, tulips and lilies of the valley. In the library and salons the fire-places will be filled with palms and ferns and the mantle-pieces covered with flowers in beautiful design. The supper will be served in courses from a handsomely appointed table in the dining-room, upon small tables set in the conservatory, on the verandas and in other convenient places. It will prove a brilliant opening of the Easter festivities.

Notes.

Christ Church, the oldest Episcopal Church in the City, with Dr. Montgomery Schuyler, the most venerable minister in the city, in the pulpit, had one of the most interesting of all the Easter services in the city. It was the children's celebration in the afternoon. Miss Mohan, the organist, had prepared a very pretty choral programme for the children, and no prettier picture could be imagined than that made by the children, as, ranged about the altar, grouped among the flowers and standing upon the steps they joyfully sang, while presenting their Easter offering ($90):

Come, children, one and all,
Our Easter carol sing,
And with the birds and flowers
Our hearts' pure incense bring.

Mrs. John W. Carroll, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Julia Carroll, returned yesterday from Leavenworth, and has a meeting today of the Spanish booth, of which she has charge. In addition to the Spanish booth Mrs. Carroll will look after the Irish interests. During the encampment two or three years ago she had charge of the Irish tent, and became so thoroughly identified with the Irish interests in the city that she has been importuned by them to add the green to the yellow and black of Spain.

BEFORE JUDGE NOONAN.

A Number of Minor Cases Disposed of This Morning.

William Carr and "General" Allen, the two negroes who stole $5 worth of thimbles, etc., from the Andrews Novelty Show Company, were tried before Judge Noonan this morning on charges of petit larceny and sentenced to sixty days each in the Work-house. Allen was an employe of the show and stole the thimbles which were given out as souvenirs and had Carr to sell them for him.

John Johnson was sent to jail for fifteen days for stealing a $4 rocking-chair from J. H. Crane, the furniture man of Fourth street and Washington avenue.

Mr. Whitesides was fined $25 and costs for assaulting W. M. Osbor of 3511 Evans avenue.

Nolle prosequies were entered in the following cases: Derrick Bernard and Artie Flint, members of the "Roasting Club," charged with robbing Ed O'Donnell while initiating him; Francis Angelo, disposing of chattels mortgaged; George H. Reador, sending threatening letter to Mrs. John Roberts to frighten her into paying him $100; Sallie Kuntz, abandoning her child by throwing it into the cellar of the house No. 1028 Papin street; Dan C. Martin and John Moran, petit larceny.

George Davis and Wm. Smith had a preliminary hearing on a charge of breaking into the store of Morris Nedelman and stealing $100 worth of clothing, boots and shoes. They were held for the Grand-jury in the sum of $1,000 each to answer to a charge of burglary and larceny.

The burglary and larceny case against Mike Welsh was continued generally.

"CURLY" RYAN.

A Very Young Man With a Very Bad Record.

William Valle, who, with two others, was sentenced to twenty-five years in the penitentiary from Independence, Mo., the other day for stealing tools with which to burglarize a bank, turns out to be John, alias "Curly" Ryan, a young but desperate St. Louis burglar. It was stated that he was from this city, but the police have just learned who he is. Ryan was with the two Roseys when they shot Officer Mercier and beat him so brutally. He afterward shot an officer in Kansas City and jumped bonds both here and there. Although only 23 years of age, he has a bad record. He was a pal of the Roseys and also of Algeo and Paddy Welch. They are all doing time now in various penitentiaries except Algeo, who is serving a sentence in the House of Correction of Chicago. A sister of Ryan has gone to see the Governor, it is said, to intercede for her brother and endeavor to have his sentence reduced.

FIVE DOLLARS A SHOT.

What Judge Cady Charged Jeff D. Storts for Pistol Practice.

Jefferson Davis Storts, the Shannon County barrister, who created a sensation Saturday afternoon by standing in front of a saloon across the street from the Four Courts building and firing three shots at the temple of justice, was before Judge Cady this morning on a charge of discharging fire arms. He pleaded guilty and said he had been drinking and did not know what he was doing. Judge Cady said: "Mr. Storts, your assault on the building appears to have been totally unprovoked, and I will charge you $15 for your pistol practice—$5 a shot. As you failed to hit the target you get no prize."

Jeff paid his fine and the juvenile cannon which he had discharged was returned to him.

New Warrants.

Albert Isabel is charged with burglarizing a car of the Bridge & Tunnel Company.

William Price is charged with illegal voting.

Hattie Hawkins accuses Jack Donevan of stealing $2.

George Roiger charges Charles Mersick with assault to kill.

William Bergish and Philip Franz were jailed on a charge of stealing a harness from Henry Flaehr.

Simon Cantanzaro accuses Mike O'Keefe with the theft of two bunches of bananas.

Fred Miller is charged with assaulting to kill Otto Geschke.

Fatal Coincidences.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

PEORIA, Ill., April 11.—Recently Pat Connors was killed by the cars here. His people have just received word that his brother was killed in Pennsylvania in the same way, on the same day and at the same hour. Word is also received of the death of Milly Shea at Fort Scott, Kan., by the cars. He was a Peorian, and his brother was killed three months ago in Colorado in the same wa y.

Bit His Thumb and Run.

About 6 o'clock last evening Fritz Brown, private watchman at the Eau Claire Lumber Company yards, on Hall and Salisbury streets, saw a young man, about 18 years of age, carrying a piece of lumber down Destrahan street. Brown placed him under arrest and while walking along with him, the man struck Brown a blow over the left eye and bit his left thumb and then made his escape.

North St. Louis.

The Twelfth Ward Union Labor Party Club will hold a meeting to-morrow night at the Old Church Hall, Thirteenth and Benton streets.

The ladies of Prosperity Lodge, No. 79, United Order of Honor, will entertain their friends with a grand party at their parlors, 2630 North Tenth street, on Wednesday.

The annual meeting of the Children's Aid Society will be held at the Mercantile Club to-morrow, at 3:30 p. m. A full attendance is earnestly requested by the management.

WHAT THEY THINK.

THE CHICAGO PLAYERS BELIEVE THEMSELVES OF A FEW IDEAS.

The Batteries in the Three Remaining Games—Hudson to Play With the Browns This Year—Three Releases—Lon Myers Heard From—Chat Among the Ball Men—Sporting News of All Sorts.

The Browns leave the city to-night for Louisville, where, to-morrow, they continue the spring series with the Chicagos for the championship of the world. President Von der Ahe has chartered a special car on the Ohio & Mississippi road. On one side of the coach will be stretched a banner upon which will be blazoned in bold letters the words: "The St. Louis Browns" and on the other side in equally bold lettering the words: "Champions of the world." In the remaining three games at Louisville, Cincinnati and Indianapolis the batteries of the two clubs have not as yet been positively selected. Caruthers and Foutz will, of course, alternate in the box and at right field for the Browns while Bushong will be the receiver in all of the three games. For the Chicagos Clarkson, Pyle and Baldwin remain and Flint and Daly as catchers, but just how they will be played Capt. Anson himself does not know. He says it depends altogether upon what men the Browns play at these points. It is doubtful, however, whether Pyle will again be put into the Brown's crucible to be shattered, and the strong probability is that Clarkson will pitch the opening game abroad, Baldwin the second and Clarkson the last.

Pyle was selected as first choice in St. Louis and if Baldwin proves a better man it will be a matter of surprise for the big captain and the White Stocking players.

HUDSON IS COMING.

President Von der Ahe has opened communications with young Nat Hudson, the pitcher, who is now in Chicago and the youthful prodigy will doubtless arrive in the city either to-morrow or the day after but will not pitch in the big games. Whether Mr. Von der Ahe will hold him down to the threatened $1,000 is not known but it is pretty safe to say his salary will not much exceed that sum.

THREE RELEASED.

Dawson, Haesemaer and Schulze were released to-day from the Brown Stocking Club. And thus at one fell swoop the aspirations of three young men to the honors a world's fame can bestow are nipped in the bud. The young men were more of a speculation probably than a permanent investment, and were purchased and held against the risk of the old stock failing to sign.

ABOUT THE BETTING.

It is estimated that a total of between $7,000 and $9,000 have changed hands in the pool-rooms here on the result of the three Browns-Chicago games in St. Louis. The outside betting was pretty heavy, but no estimate within a correct range could be placed upon it. Of the sum indicated above, which has been placed exclusively on separate games, and not on the series, about one-third will average at odds of 7 to 10 on the Chicagos. Odds of 6 to 10, and toward the end of 5 to 10 were offered against the Browns in Saturday's game.

CHICAGO CHATS.

The League Champions Talk About the Browns and the Result of the Series.

Capt. Anson: I will never be satisfied until I see the Chicagos alluded to every day in the newspapers as the world's champions, the world's champions, the world's champions. Nothing but that title will please me and please Spalding. This business of substituting the world's champions for the Browns makes me sick. The best in the business should belong to Chicago, and I tell you that, as sure as my name is Anson, it's going to be there. I've slightly weakened on that $1,000 bet, but nevertheless we're going to get there, if not this spring at least next fall. I've been bred up to the idea that all such things as obstacles to carrying everything before us are to be overcome, and although I think that your club here is a pretty fair sort of a sample, still we will overcome it and win the world's championship after all. A series of games between Chicago and Detroit or New York for the title would draw big in Chicago, in Detroit, in New York and Boston and big money could be made out of it. That series will be played next year.

Pitcher Clarkson: The Chicago Club has to play ball under peculiar conditions. The people in Chicago are kind enough and patriotic enough in their way, but they expect too much from the club. Now, we have been winning the League Championship right along, and the Chicago crowd have become so used to it that they expect it as a regular thing. While we are winners nothing is too good for us. As soon as we begin to lose, the enthusiasm in the city does not begin to wane but the people set up a hullabaloo and kick, swear at us and make it anything but pleasant. Down here, on the contrary, and in other cities in the League and the Association the public sympathy is always with the club. When they lose from poor condition or bad luck the people find apologies for them and excuse them, and when they win they praise them. It is this sentiment in Chicago that has much to do with our great confidence in ourselves. We've got to have it, and it is just such confidence that helps us to win.

Ed Williamson: In Caruthers and Foutz the Browns have two of what I consider the way-uppest, crackest pitchers in the country. They are both speedy, both have good control of the ball and both are prime batterers. I did not think that Bobby would be in the good trim he is in and did not think that he would show up as well against us as he has. Of the two though I think that Caruthers pitches harder and swifter ball against the Chicagoes than Foutz does. He is not pitching as effectively against us now as he did last spring, but that I think is due more to the new rules, which militate against his speed, than to any other cause. I never faced a pitcher so hard to hit in all my life as when I faced Caruthers last fall. When he steps into the box we all have to keep on the lookout. At the same time Foutz is no baby. Anson is dead certain that we will win the series, but between you and me I don't agree with him. Our young batters can't stand up against your old pitchers like they did against the young men down in the South.

Third Baseman Burns: For awhile down South I thought that the young blood on the team were going to pan out big batters. The way the team batted down there was a caution. Sullivan in particular showed up in great shape with the stick and we all counted on him big in these games, but he hasn't done anything yet. The report that he was a cousin of the pugilist is all in my eye. He is no relation. No, in my opinion, our present outfield, Ryan, Sunday and Sullivan, will never replace the old crowd at the bat, at least, whatever they may do in the field. Your club here is one of the luckiest teams in the country. Everything seems to come their way, and every new man they get turns out well. I attribute most of the success of both the Browns and the Chicagos to the captains. Anson and Comiskey try to get the men to play together and in harmony, and that's the main point. The days of the record player are rapidly approaching their end, and you'll find this year that run-getting will be the rage. I think we ought to win this series if we have luck.

Pitcher Baldwin: I'm one of the young blood boys on the team and I never try to be the least bit fresh with any one. When I got the offer to go to Chicago I thought I was in luck, and I'm going to stay with them as long as I can. The management has always been on the square with me, and I'm going to be on the square with them. I think we would show up against the Browns stronger than we have if Flynn was in any kind of a condition to pitch. In my opinion Flynn is going to make a great pitcher. The trouble with him now is that he has got a very sore arm, around the shoulder. He strained himself down South and nobody knows how soon he's going to get well. I like your audiences down here first-rate. They don't care who makes a good play, they applaud it all the same. This is appreciated a great deal more by the players than most people imagine, and makes a club like to play ball in the town.

Pitcher Pyle.—As an umpire, I don't consider Mr. Doescher amounts to much. I'll never forget those four bases on balls he gave me. I don't think he treated me right in that respect. As far as I could see the balls went over the plate pretty regular, and it is not so hard to put 'em over the plate under the new rules as it was under the old. You make an estimate yourself. The game I pitched here was the first time I ever stood up in the box and had to listen to a man chattering like a monkey on third base. You know whom I mean—Latham. N-a-a-w-w, he didn't rattle me just a little bit, but I don't like his style, after all. That sort of business, you know, is dead against the rules, and Mr. Latham will find he'll get sat down upon pretty hard as soon as the regular championship season opens up. He can "coach" all he wants, but when he says, "We've got him in the hole, Comy," to the pitcher, he's breaking the rules right along, and ought to be shut off.

Sprinter Sunday: The new rules don't help base-stealing so much as we thought they would at first. The only thing I've noticed advantageous about them is that they give the runner a little start from first to second, but after that he's got to hustle for himself. A daring base-stealer could run down to second and third with almost as much ease under the old system as the new. The point where these people who think they can steal second as easy as eating pie are going to get fooled is when the left-handed phenomenon comes into the box to pitch. Then it's going to be as hard work as ever to get there. The slide practiced by the Browns is a great institution, but it's terribly dangerous, and I prefer to depend upon speed in stealing. It's safer to slide feet first when you've got to slide than head first, and the knowledge of this is what made the Phillies quit it altogether. When you slide head first you run big risks of getting spiked in the hand, and that's anything but pleasant, I can assure you.

Fred Pfeffer, second-baseman: As a catcher and a hitter I think you'll observe that young Daly is going to make his mark. He is not as old as Bushong probably, nor as tricky as Kelly, but he's a good, reliable man behind the bat, an earnest worker and an attentive player. As a general thing his throws to second don't keep me jumping around the base like a Punch and Judy show. Occasionally, like everybody else, he is a little wild, but practice will straighten him out all right. Kelly's throws were always dead at the mark and that's one reason why I like Bushong's work. Not only is he certain for second, but occasionally he shoots one over to third and first and catches a man. I think we ought to win the series if we have any kind of luck, although I wouldn't consider us disgraced if we lose. The new rules have not affected us much that I can see, except to give big batting records where they don't exist.

EAST AND WEST.

How the New Code is Regarded From Various Standpoints.

A Pittsburg exchange says: The new rules, about which so much has been said ever since their adoption, have been given a very fair and impartial test by the numerous clubs of the country during the past week. One would naturally suppose that the number of games played so far would permit of a definite conclusion—either one way or the other—of their success or failure. But not so. The opinions expressed regarding them are as dissimilar as the variegated colors of a rainbow. Eastern writers, as a rule, are uncertain as yet what effect they will have on the playing of the game, and give various reasons for this belief. They seem to think that the rules have not been strictly enforced in the exhibition games, which consequently prevents a fair estimate of their worth. From another source comes a complaint that the Committee on Rules made a mistake when they did not confine them to the pitchers. The universal sentiment in the West seems to be in favor of the new code, with the exception of the four-strike feature. The fault found with this change seems to be that it not only worries the pitcher to an unnecessary degree, but is bothersome to spectators and gives the batsman an unfair advantage. Quaker City base ball fiends are averse to being put on record as for or against the "revised edition," and prefer to wait till the opening of the championship season. They are of the opinion, however, that with a person like Lon Knight as umpire, their practicability and improvement over former rules will be clearly demonstrated. Umpire Cuthbert has this early in the season been the subject of faint praise from St. Louis papers for his failure to follow instructions in calling a strike on a ball that passes over any portion of the plate, insisting that it must pass over squarely. The instructions on this point have been so frequent and explicit that there should be no excuse for a misinterpretation.

From the exhibition games played in this city it is plain to be seen that the pitcher has a much harder task to perform than formerly, the catcher is kept a trifle more busy, the scores have a weakness to run to double figures, and batting and base-running is freer. The most objectionable feature, or most unsatisfactory, rather, to be found with the new rules, is the one giving the batsman a base hit when he reaches first on balls. It will furnish food for thought at the end of the championship season, when players who have heretofore been classed as poor hitters will be well up to the head of the batting list. Numerous instances have already been recorded of a player being credited with four hits out of four times at the bat, when in reality he did not touch the ball at all. It is very unjust to give such a player an equal average with Foutz, who made six clean hits out of a similar number of times at the bat. It takes the fascination and premium off of legitimate hitting.

Dawson Pitched.

The Topeka Club and the Browns played yesterday at Sportsman's Park, and the world's champions were defeated by a score of 12 to 9. Dawson and Conway were the pitchers. The Browns made sixteen hits and twenty-four totals, and the Topekas seventeen hits and twenty-five totals.

Saturday's Game.

From Saturday's 6 O'clock Edition.

SPORTSMAN'S PARK, ST. LOUIS, MO., April 9.—The largest audience seen here this season was present this afternoon to witness the last St. Louis game between the Browns and the Chicagos for the world's championship. The White Stockings arrived early on the grounds and for half an hour or more the audience was amused by their clever practice plays. The batting order of the clubs was identical with that of yesterday, with the exception of the batteries, which were: For the Browns, Foutz and Bushong, and for the Chicagos, Clarkson and Daly. At 3:30 o'clock the Browns came on the field accompanied by H. A. Baermeier, Dr. Henry Ahlbrandt, H. Clay Sexton and President Von der Ahe composing the Board of Directors. Collector Sexton introduced Chester H. Krum, who presented to the Browns, when they were gathered around the home plate, two banners. Both were of silk, one being inscribed with the words, "World's Champions" and the other "Champions of St. Louis." When the presentation ceremonies were over, the club, accompanied by the Board of Directors and Mr. Krum, marched across the field to the flag pole, on which the pennants were run up after the old Association pennant was lowered. It was estimated that the audience numbered in the neighborhood of 5,000 spectators. The benches lining the western end of the field were filled, and those on the sides were fairly occupied. The grand stand was thoroughly crowded, and quite a number of ladies were present.

Comiskey won the toss for the choice of the umpire and selected McQuade, who, when he appeared on the field, was greeted with a rousing cheer. The immense audience became perceptibly excited when play was called and Latham stepped to the bat.

FIRST INNING.

For the Browns Latham hit easily to Williamson, who threw badly to Anson. The big captain failed to handle it and the dude was safe. He stole second and reached it only by a desperate slide. McQuade called a ball on Clarkson; the batter went to first and Latham to third. Anson kicked on the decision, but McQuade was too firm for the "baby." Daly threw wild to first, in order to catch Gleason, and Latham scored, advancing Gleason to third. O'Neill hit to Pfeffer and went out at first. Comiskey hit to Williamson, who threw Gleason out at the plate, and Comiskey was thrown out at second.

For the Chicagos, Sunday hit to Gleason and went out at the first bag. Ryan's long hit to left brought him to second. Sullivan went out from short to first and Ryan went to third. Anson's fly muffed by Gleason, allowed Ryan to score and gave Anson first. He stole second and scored on Pfeffer's hit to O'Neill, which the latter failed to field. Pfeffer scored on the error. Daly went out from third to first.

SECOND INNING.

For the Browns Welch took first base on five called balls and went to second on Foutz's long grounder to left. Caruthers' foul-tipped out. Robinson hit to Clarkson who threw to third, but Burns muffed the ball allowing Welch to make third and Foutz second. Welch scored on Bushong's sacrifice to Williamson and Robinson went to second. Foutz and Robinson scored on Latham's hit to Sullivan, and a wild throw sent the dude to third. He scored on Gleason's single to center. O'Neill struck out.

For Chicagos Williamson got his base on balls and went to second on Burns' hit to O'Neill. Clarkson hit for a single to Welch, who fumbled the ball, allowing Williamson to score and advancing Burns to third. Sunday hit to Foutz who threw to Bushong, and Burns was caught between home and third. Clarkson went to second on the play, and was put out at third on attempting to steal the base. Ryan took first on balls, advancing Sunday to second. Sullivan flew out to O'Neill.

THIRD INNING.

For the Browns Comiskey hit safely to left and went to second on Burns's fumble of Welch's hit. Both advanced a base on Foutz' sacrifice and Comiskey scored on a passed ball. Welch scored on Caruthers' hit to Sunday. Robinson's two-bagger sent Caruthers to third. Caruthers was caught between home and third and Robinson went to third. Bushong went out from pitcher to first, leaving Robinson on base.

For the Chicagos, Anson hit safely to left center and went to third on Pfeffer's long single to center. Pfeffer stole second. Anson scored on O'Neill's muff of Daly's fly. Pfeffer went to third and the batter took second on an error. Five balls sent Williamson to first. Burns hit to Foutz, who threw to Bushong, retiring Pfeffer at the plate. Bushong threw to Comiskey and doubled Burns at first. Daly went to third and Williamson to second. Clarkson fouled out.

FOURTH INNING.

For the Browns, Latham hit safely to short center, but was thrown out at second, Gleason fouled out. O'Neill went to first on five balls, but was put out at second on Comiskey's hit to Burns.

For the Chicagos Sunday went out from second to first and Ryan from short to first. Sullivan hit safely to center and went to second on Anson's hit to center. Anson was caught napping at first.

FIFTH INNING.

For the Browns, Welch struck out. Foutz hit safely to right-center. Caruthers struck out. Robinson hit to short and Williamson failed to field the ball, allowing Foutz to go to third. Bushong went out from pitcher to first.

For the Chicagos Pfeffer took three bags on a long hit to center and scored on Daly's out to to Welch. Williamson went out from second to first. Burns went out from pitcher to first.

SIXTH INNING.

For the Browns Latham's fly was caught by Sunday. Gleason hit to Anson and quit at first, and O'Neill's foul fly was captured by Anson.

For the Chicagos, Clarkson struck out. Sunday was struck by the pitcher and went to first. The sprinter stole second. Ryan fouled out. Sunday stole third and Sullivan went to first on balls. Sullivan stole second, but Anson flew out to Welch.

SEVENTH INNING.

For the Brown's Comiskey went out from short to first. Welch flew out to Pfeffer. Foutz took three bases on a long hit to center. Caruthers went out from second to first.

For the Chicagos Pfeffer hit to Robinson and stopped running at first. Daly fanned out. Williamson hit a high fly to Foutz, but the pitcher muffed it. Williamson was thrown out at second.

EIGHTH INNING.

For the Browns, Robinson took bases on balls. Bushong hit to Ryan, who muffed the ball, but threw Robinson out at second. Bushong scored on Latham's three-bagger to center and Latham scored on Gleason's out to Ryan. O'Neill went out at first.

The Chicagoes went out in one, two and three order.

NINTH INNING.

The Browns went out, one, two and three.
The Chicagos made one run.

THE GAME BY INNINGS.

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Browns	1	1	2	0	1	0	0	0	4	—9
Chicagos	3	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	—7

Base hits—Browns, 14; Chicagos, 14.
Errors—Browns, 5; Chicagos, 6.

Base Ball Briefs.

Morrill has captained the Boston Club since the middle of the season of 1883.

New York's Giants are hitting the ball in great style. Rodger Connor, Gore, Ewing, O'Rourke, Ward, Dorgan and the others will make Detroit's pitchers very tired.

"Keep your eye on Chicago in the present world's championship series," says the Philadelphia News. Yes, and reserve the other one for the flagpole at Sportsman's Park.

Manager Watkins of the Detroits recently stated that he had refused an offer by the New Yorks of $1,400 for the release of Shindle. President Day of the New York Club, however, denies that he ever negotiated for the services of that player.

Nine innings are too much for a pitcher under the new rules, and managers are likely to play two pitchers on their team when they can. Ferguson, Dailey or Buffinton in the outfield would not weaken the "Phillies" much in batting, but would weaken the team in fielding, no matter which of the regular fielders was left off the nine.—[Philadelphia Record.

At Savannah, in a game with the Detroits, McArthur was hit for twenty hits, with a total of twenty-eight. He gave six men their bases on balls and made nine wild pitches, making fifteen errors in all, but which, under the new rules, are not included in the error column, and he is credited in the score as having made no errors in the game.

MYERS—MALONE.

The Middle-Distance Champion Tells an Interesting Story.

The following extract from a personal letter from Lon E. Myers in Australia explains why he and Malone could not meet on the cinder path:

"A most laughable thing happened on my arrival. It seems not a soul knew I was coming, and Malone had just issued a challenge to run any man in the world, any distance from 50 yards to 440 yards, allowing any one, bar Hutchens, half a yard in each 50 yards, i. e. half a yard in 50 yards, one yard in 100 yards, two yards in 200 yards, etc., for any amount from $2,500 to $5,000. I did not lose a minute in covering his deposit, which I found to be only $125. Well, when it was known I was in town there was consternation in the Malone camp. Their excuse was that they didn't mean me. Of course, I didn't want any start, but I told them that they should not have forgotten that America was in the world, although Australia was quite a large place. After skirmishing a good bit, it was agreed that Malone and I should run 440 yards level for £300 a side. When the articles of agreement were presented to me this sum had been further decreased to £250 a side, £50 down as forfeit, and £50 additional to go up February 1, and £50 to go up three days before the race. I objected to this, and it was agreed that £100 should be the second deposit, February 1. During the time between the making of the match and February 1, Hutchens met and defeated Malone at 150 and 250 yards; and Malone's backer, becoming disgusted with him, came to me and offered to go on with the match for £100 a side or forfeit his £50. I told him that he must keep to terms or forfeit. He chose the latter, and I received the £50. Wasn't this a come-down from the original offer to run anyone for £1,000?"

A MIDNIGHT RIDE.

An Exciting Moonlight Coast Down Solomon's Hill by Adventurous Bicyclists.

There was quite a thrilling scene Saturday night on Solomon's Hill, near Manchester, a grade that is known to every wheelman in the city. It is nearly half a mile long, smooth and hard, and very steep. A party of half a dozen cyclists left the city late in the evening for a moonlight ride to Ballwin, twenty miles distant. The road being in excellent shape the hills were coasted with a rush. When old Solomon's was reached about midnight, the moon was unobstructed by a cloud, and the roadway looked entrancingly smooth as the line passed over the crest. "Brakes off!" yelled the leader, and away the line dashed down the hill, the spokes glistening in the pale light. Faster and faster flew the wheels, and a hum of rattling steel sounded as the turn was rounded and the steepest part was reached. Suddenly the wheel ridden by R. N. Stubbs was seen to waver, a moment later it broke in two, the backbone snapping off, and the rider was pitched across the road. E. C. Klipstein was so close behind he could not miss the prostrate form in front. The big wheel struck Stubbs in that region made sacred against prize fighters' blows, and the grunt of expostulation he gave lifted Klip clear over the head of his machine and sent him rolling down the hill, near the bottom of which he gathered himself together pretty generally scratched up. When the party reached Ballwin Kessler's arnica and court plaster were freely levied on.

The Rancocas Farm.

NEW YORK, April 11.—From present indications it is not likely that Pierre Lorillard intends giving up the Rancocas stock farm at Jobstown and retiring from the turf, as he stated he intended doing not many months ago, on the occasion of his clearing-out sale. At that time it was announced that the farm was for sale, and that furthermore an offer had been received for it from a Western horseman, which had not been accepted for the reason that the sum was considered far below its real value. No further attempt was made to sell, and it is not likely that it will be sold now, as it is said that Mr. Lorillard has given the farm to his grandson, Pierre.

Sporting Gossip.

The Jack Hopper-Mike Cushing fight, skin gloves, to the finish, for $500 in stakes and a purse of $400, will be decided the latter part of this month near New York.

J. I. Case has invested $60,000 in California real estate. A twenty-acre patch in the foothills of Pasadena will serve as a winter residence. Then he has a few acres more in the growing town of Monrovia and thirty-five acres in the Duarte district, all set out with orange trees.

Pat Killen, heavy-weight champion, writes that "there is no use of Jake Kilrain bothering John L. Sullivan. There is plenty of money in Minneapolis for a fight between Kilrain and myself if he will come here. I would like to give him material for any amount he names, and let the best man fight the big fellow."

The Cleveland Driving Park Company will open a $5,000 stake for 2:24 or 2:25 class on the plan similar to last year. Payments of 2½ per cent on May 1, 2½ per cent on June 1, 2½ per cent on July 1, and last payment on July 19. Horses held for amount paid only, and must be named and eligible at the time of fourth payment.

The uncertainty as to whether Tremont will start for the Withers or be reserved for the Suburban forms one of the hardest conundrums backers have ever had presented them, and the betting books show layers in the same state of mind. It will be noticed that he is at as good as 3 to 1 for the Withers, which, taking all things into consideration, is good odds, while he has receded to 25 to 1 for the Suburban.

Of all the men who have contributed to the proud position which America holds in yachting supremacy to-day there is no man who has done more than Gen. C. I. Paine of Boston. In 1885, when the America's cup was in danger and there was no boat fit to meet the Genesta, he came forward and built the Puritan. Next year, when there was some doubt about the Puritan's fitness to handle the Galatea, Gen. Paine came to the front and built the Mayflower at his own expense. Now, when the canny Scotsmen of the Clyde have exhausted all their practiced skill and knowledge in the production of the Thistle, to make one more effort for the long-coveted "blue ribbon of the sea," the very first man to come forward and order a boat fit to meet her is Gen. Paine.

"How seriously is Oliver K. injured?" asked a representative of the Inter Ocean of a well-known trotting-horse man but recently returned from California. The gentleman smiled as he replied: "I guess it don't amount to very much. When the match was made Budd Doble was opposed to it, not caring to jeopard the horse's chances by trotting him a bruising race so early in the season. The match was made against his wishes, however, and Budd began the task of preparing him for the struggle; but the horse did not do as well as was expected of him. Later on a few little wind-puffs appeared on his legs, and my theory is that Budd saw a good way of getting out of driving a losing race and at the same time save money for his employer, and so 'Oliver K. strained a tendon.' He'll be all right again in a few weeks, and you can gamble on it. That's my theory."

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This Powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., N. Y.

DIED.

HALL—On Sunday, April 10, at 8 o'clock p. m., ELIZABETH, wife of Charles Hall, aged 53 years 10 months.

Funeral will take place from family residence, corner of Guy and Gano avenues, Tuesday, April 12, at 2 p. m. Friends invited.

KALTMEYER—LIZZIE, nee Sandrock, wife of the late Emile Kaltmeyer, Sunday morning at 3 o'clock, aged 27 years.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday, April 12, at 2 p. m., from the residence, 2315 North Tenth street. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

SMITH—In Iowa City, Io., on the morning of the 11th inst., SUSAN F. SMITH, widow of Capt. Henry W. Smith.

The remains will be brought to this city and interred in Bellefontaine Cemetery.

VICKROY.—April 10, at 5 o'clock, a. m., Mrs. ETTIE S., wife of T. B. Vickroy, aged 49 years and 6 months.

Funeral will take place from family residence, 2933½ Dickson street, at 2 o'clock, p. m., Tuesday, April 12, to Bellefontaine. Friends invited.

Bedford (Pa.), Columbia (Pa.) and Lebanon (Pa.) papers please copy.

WHITSETT, UNDERTAKER.
Satisfaction or no pay. 1304 Olive. Residence, 2822 Washington av. Reasonable charges. Telephone 473.

ARTISTIC
BRIDAL GIFTS.



We ask your attention to our New and Lovely Collection of Clocks, Potteries, Vases, Lamps, Sconces, Plaques and Mirrors, which offer an incomparable opportunity for the selection of ELEGANT BRIDAL GIFTS. Come and see.
OUR PRICES ARE VERY, VERY LOW.
Mermod & Jaccard
JEWELRY CO.,
CORNER FOURTH and LOCUST

5,000 ROLLS CARPETINGS
20,000 PAIRS CURTAINS!
Comprising the newest SPRING STYLES and colorings in all grades of WILTON, VELVET, BODY BRUSSELS, TAPESTRY BRUSSELS and INGRAIN CARPETINGS, and all the latest novelties in WINDOW and PORTIERE CURTAINS are now in stock and on exhibition by
J. KENNARD & SONS.
We invite all who expect to furnish and decorate their homes to examine the beautiful patterns which we have imported for this season.
We are the LARGEST IMPORTERS of CARPETINGS in America.
We have the most complete stock of Curtains and Upholstery Goods in the West, and will offer this week Special Bargains.
2,500 pairs Nottingham Lace Curtains at a reduction of 25 to 50 per cent from regular prices. This lot is the balance of the production for this season of one of the largest English manufacturers. We bought them cheap and intend to sell them lower than similar goods have ever been offered, as follows:
3 yards long, in Cream and White, 60c and 75c per pair.
3 1-2 yards long, in Cream and White, taped edge, $1 pair.
3 1-2 yards long, heavy make, in single and double borders, plain or floral centers, good quality, at $1.25, $1.50 and $1.70 per pair.
3 1-2 and 4 yards long, single and double borders, very wide, excellent quality, $1.75, $2 and $2.50 per pair.
4 yards long, French Guipure and Saxony styles, superior designs and quality, $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00.
In addition to the above, we offer OUR OWN DIRECT IMPORTATION of NOVELTIES in CURTAINS, such as:
French Canvas Curtains, 3 yds long, $1.50 per pair.
French Canvas Curtains, 3 1-2 yards long, $2.25 and $3.00. These are offered as great bargains by other merchants at $4.00 per pair.
Irish Point and Colbert Lace Curtains, in sash and long curtains to match, at $3.50, $5, $7, $9 and upwards.
Brussels Lace Curtains, in sash and long curtains to match, $20 to $40 per pair. These are of a superior make and design and are better quality than can be purchased anywhere in this city for the same money.
Imported Florentine Silks, 34 inches wide, 12 colorings to select from, 65c per yard.
Imported China and Canton Silk, 27 inches, 85c and $1 per yard. Edgings, fringes and loops to match, all colors.
250 pairs and half-pairs Manufacturers' Sample Portieres, all colors, at a reduction of 35 per cent.
2,000 Wood Poles with Brass Trimmings, 20c each.
500 Wood, fancy ends and rings, pin hooks included, 35c each.
500 all Brass Poles, at 65c, 75c and $1 each.
Orders carefully executed, and goods not up to expectations may be returned.
J. KENNARD & SONS,
420 AND 422 NORTH FOURTH ST.

10 MONTHLY ROSES FOR $1.00,
Selected from 100 different varieties.
30 packages of our Superior Flower Seeds for.....$1.00
25 packages of Tested Vegetable Seed for 1.00
Lawn Grass Seed, per quart..... 20
Tuberose Bulbs, extra large Flowering size, 12 for.. 1.00
Gladiolus Bulbs, Our Superb Strains of Colors, 12 for..... 1.00
Send for our Illustrated Catalogue, mailed free.
C. YOUNG & SONS, 1406 Olive Street.
Growers of Fine Cut Flowers.

INGALLS' PRICE-LIST and TERMS
Baby Carriages, $4 to $40; Gasoline Stoves, $3 to $18.
Ice Boxes, $5 to $21; Lamps, $1.50 to $18; Albums, 25c to $14.
Clocks, $1.20 to $50; Rugs, $1.50 to $9; Mirrors, $5 to $12.
Pictures, $1 to $30; Rattan Chairs, $4 to $12.
Gold Watches, $20 to $120; Silver Watches, $9 to $25.
Fine Illustrated Bibles, Best Silverware, Lace Curtains, Celluloid Brush and Comb Sets in fancy cases, Bisque Figures, Fine Vases, Decorated China Chamber Sets, etc, etc.
Picture Frames made to order in my own factory—2 to 8 months given to pay bills or a fair discount for spot cash. Open at night. INGALLS, 1007 Olive st.

EXCELSIOR MANF'G CO. CHARTER OAK STOVE 212 & 214 N. MAIN ST. ST. LOUIS, MO.
SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CIRCULARS AND PRICE LISTS.

IDEAL BROILING.
Broiling can be done in the oven of the Charter Oak Range or Stove with the Wire Gauze Oven Door, more perfectly than over the live coals.
Lay the steak, chops, ham or fish on a wire broiler or meat rack, placing it in an ordinary bake pan to catch the drippings.
Allow it to remain in the oven with the door closed 15 or 20 minutes. No turning is required. At the end of this time it will be found nicely cooked ready to serve. THIS IS THE IDEAL WAY TO BROIL MEATS.
There is no taint of coal-gas or smoke, and the meats are more tender and better in flavor than those broiled over the coals. The convenience or broiling in the oven will be appreciated by every house-keeper, and adds another to the many reasons why the Charter Oak Range or Stove with the Wire Gauze Oven Door should be preferred to all others now in the market.

AMUSEMENTS.
PEOPLE'S ★ To-Night, Every Night This Week ★ Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday Matinees.
THE LOCAL FAVORITES,
★GEO. W. AND W. J. THOMPSON★
IN THEIR NEW AND STARTLING MELODRAMA,
THE ★ GOLD ★ KING!
Supported by their own company, and introducing the celebrated Acting Dogs, HECTOR and LION.
Sunday Night, April 17—The local favorite, BURT G. CLARK, in Bondo, the American Prince.

Fair Grounds and Zoological Garden
The most charming resort in the city. One hundred and forty acres of the most tastefully cultivated grounds in the United States, with Club-House and Grand Stand unsurpassed if any country in the world.

WOOD CARPETS
Inlaid Hard-wood Floors!
J. L. Isaacs Wall Paper Co.,
Excelsior Building, 1210 Olive St.

CONSUMPTION.
I have a positive remedy for the above disease; by its use thousands of cases of the worst kind and of long standing have been cured. Indeed, so strong is my faith in its efficacy that I will send TWO BOTTLES FREE, together with a VALUABLE TREATISE on this disease, to any sufferer. Give express & P.O. address. DR. T. A. SLOCUM, 181 Pearl St. N. Y.

AMUSEMENTS.
OLYMPIC.
One week, commencing Monday, April 11,
ROSINA VOKES
And Her English Comedy Co.
Repertoire—Monday and Tuesday, In Honor Bound, My Milliner's Bill and a Pantomime Rehearsal. Wednesday and Thursday, A Game of Cards, My Milliner's Bill and a Double Lesson. Friday Night and Saturday Matinee, The Schoolmistress. Saturday Night, In Honor Bound, My Milliner's Bill and a Pantomime Rehearsal.
Sunday, April 17—M. B. Curtis, in his new play, "Caught in a Corner."

OLYMPIC | TO-NIGHT.
Annual Benefit
ED. DUNN!
ROSINA VOKES
and her English Company will appear in a TRIPLE BILL:
"IN HONOR BOUND,"
"MY MILLINER'S BILL,"
and "A PANTOMIME REHEARSAL."
Performance begins at 8 p. m. sharp.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE—Easter Week.
Six Nights and Saturday Matinee—Commencing Monday, April 11, Mr. Lawrence
★ BARRETT ★
and his Excellent Company in a grand production of Miss Mitford's Tragedy in five acts,
RIENZI, The Last of the Tribunes.
Entire New Scenery, Costumes, Properties and Music. A grand Cathedral Choir of 6 adults and 16 boys, and an unusually large and complete auxiliary force.
Sunday, April 17—Wilson & Rankin's Minstrels.

STANDARD.
Easter Week. Usual Matinees.
BERTHA,
★ The Sewing-Machine Girl. ★
With an Elegant Company.
Next week—E. T. Stanton's NECK AND NECK.

POPE'S | NOTE OUR PRICES: 15c, 25c, 35c, 50c and 75c.
Every Night—Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday.
HICKS & SAWYER'S
Colored Minstrels.
See the Grand Parade and Drill To-day.
April 21—Sarah Bernhardt.
This theater for rent April 17, 18, 19 and 20.

ENTERTAINMENT HALL,
EXPOSITION BUILDING.
The Stoddard Lectures!
Wednesday Evening, April 13, and Thursday Evening, April 14. Opening nights of Course A and B.
NAPOLEON III.
AND THE FALL OF PARIS. The story of a remarkable life and a remarkable Empire, with Magnificent Illustrations, especially of Old and New Paris.
April 15 and 16—Queen Elizabeth. April 18 and 19—The New Dickens Lecture. April 20 and 21—Peter the Great. April 22 and 23—Egypt and the Nile.
Course tickets, $3. Single reserved seats, 75c. Admission, 50c. Seats at Balmer & Weber's.
BURDETT & NOBLE, Managers.

LODGE NOTICES.

HALL OF ST. LOUIS LODGE, No. 5, I. O. O. F., n. w. cor. 4th and Locust sts. —The officers and members of this lodge are requested to meet at hall to-morrow afternoon at 1 o'clock to attend the funeral of Brother Franklin Weston. A full attendance is desired.
R. E. LASHER, Noble Grand.
C. E. PILLING, Rec. Secy. 33

LAFAYETTE COUNCIL, No. 392, American Legion of Honor, will hold a regular meeting every Tuesday evening, at 8 o'clock sharp, southwest corner of 9th and Franklin av. Companions of sister councils courteously invited. By order JAMES F. DUGAN, Commander.
Attest: ROBT. TERRY, Secretary. 33

STELLA COUNCIL, Legion of Honor, meets every Tuesday at their hall, corner of Broadway and Benton. Visitors are fraternally invited. MATT PARK, JR., Chancellor.
C. H. PELLET, Recorder.

WEST END MECHANICS' EXCHANGE.—General meeting on Monday, April 11, at Exchange Room, 3617 Easton av., at 8 p. m. sharp. All members respectfully requested to attend. Non-members also respectfully invited to attend. By order
P. D. SAGE, President.
W. A. BORMANS, Secretary. 33

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

The Trades.

WANTED—Licensed engineer and a machinist wishes a situation; first-class reference. Address W 57, this office. 38

Boys.

WANTED—Work of any kind by boy of 18; can milk and take care of horse. Address J 58, this office. 42

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation of any kind. Address C 58, this office. 43

WANTED—Job work on grading, spading, sodding, or pruning trees or vines. Add. F 58, this office. 43

WANTED—Sit by young man as porter in dry-goods house; no loafer; can furnish reference. Address L 58, this office. 43

WANTED—A young German man would like to have situation in any kind of business. Address Drug Store, 2d and Walnut sts. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Clerks and Salesmen.

CHEW a fine meal for 15 cents at the Novelty Restaurant, 607 Market st.; 21 meals $2.50 54

DR. CORNWALL'S trade-mark, red ring marked bottles, the best to sober up drink in country. 54

THE Bryant & Stratton

BUSINESS, SHORT-HAND AND ENGLISH TRAINING SCHOOL, corner Broadway and Market st. Thorough instruction is given in the commercial and English branches, short-hand, type-writing, etc. For circulars, address Dr. W. M. Carpenter, Pres.

The Trades.

WANTED—A stencil cutter. Meyer & Illig, 211 Pine st. 58

WANTED—Two good safemakers or locksmiths. 22 S. 3d st. 58

WANTED—Four good carpenters. Hachamant and Bartmor av. N. Pelligran. 58

WANTED—First-class coats, pants and vest-makers. 2409 N. Broadway. 58

WANTED—First-class bench and floor molder, at St. Louis Malleable Iron Co. 58

WANTED—In a country town, a compositor for English and German; must be able to translate from English into German; Catholic preferred. Address B. Herder, 17 S. Broadway. 58

TO TAILORS—Wanted, pressers on coats. Mills & Averill, 5th and Pine. 58

Waiters.

WANTED—Two waiters, ones that understand order work; wages $9 a week. Apply at 202 S. Broadway. 57

Laborers.

WANTED—Ten good laborers; steady work. Apply to Western Steel Co., S. St. Louis, Mo. 59

WANTED—Ten teams to haul macadam and building rock. Madison and Main. Bambrick Bates Construction Co. 59

WANTED—Immediately—20 shovellers; $1.75 a day, and 6 teamsters on Page and Union avs.; board furnished. Thos. Whelan. 59

Boys.

WANTED—An errand boy at 606 Pine st. 61

WANTED—Boy of 15 years to wait on table; also, step dishwasher. Call at 308 N. 7th st. 61

WANTED—Boy that has worked at carriage painting. Edward McConlogue, 717 Lucas av. 61

WANTED—Boy 14 or 15 years old of good business habits and of nice personal appearance, at confectionery, 1497 N. Broadway. 61

WANTED—An experienced strong boy to drive and attend to horse and wagon in the grocery business; reference required. Apply at 131 S. Compton av. 61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—First-class box-nailers. Apply to Eno, 20th and Cass av. 62

WANTED—An experienced houseman. Inquire at 504 Lucas av., Illinois house. 62

WANTED—100 young men this evening, Monday, Grand Opera-house, stage door. 62

WANTED—Two lively young men; reference required. Call at 1424 Franklin av. 62

WANTED—A colored porter. J. Fernow's drug store, s. w. cor. Market and Broadway. 62

WANTED—A colored man or boy to keep the pavement and windows clean, black boots, etc. Apply at 3544 Lindell av. 62

WANTED—An ambitious, earnest man located outside principal cities, to represent in his own locality, a responsible house. Good salary. References. Manufacturer Supt., lock box 1585, N. Y. 62

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES.

Housekeepers.

WANTED—By a young German widow a situation as housekeeper. Apply at 310 Lami st. 47

WANTED—Respectable German widow lady of culture, (40), efficient in household affairs, desires a position as housekeeper for elder gentleman or widower, with one or two children. Address R 57, this office. 47

General Housework.

WANTED—Situation to do general housework in private family. Call or add. 1416 Papin st. 48

WANTED—Situation by young girl to do house and dining-room work; no washing or ironing. Apply at 1230 N. 14th st. 48

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks, Etc.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class cook. Call at 1612 N. 18th st. 49

WANTED—Situation in a country hotel. First-class cooks call or address 1306 Franklin av. 49

WANTED—Situation by steady middle-aged colored woman to do plain cooking, washing and ironing. Call at 1326 N. 11th st. 49

WANTED—Situation by middle-aged woman as first-class cook; no objection to country; no washing. 1104 O'Fallon st. 49

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A middle-aged lady would like a situation in private family or small boarding-house. Call at 3514 Cozens av. 52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—5 first-class sewing girls. 104 S. 7th st. 69

WANTED—Girls to sew on custom coats. 919½ N. 9th st. 69

WANTED—Two first-class dressmakers and an apprentice at 1913 Park av. 69

WANTED—A respectable young lady as skirt trimmer; also a waist maker. Apply 1221 Pine st. 69

WANTED—First-class finishers on custom coats; wages from $6 to $9 weekly; steady work; also, one to make fine hand button-holes. Roberts, 314 N. 3d st., Room 22, 4th floor. 69

Nurses.

WANTED—Nurse girl, 12 to 18, at once. 1405 Olive, third floor. 70

WANTED—Girl to nurse and assist with up-stairs work. 2733 Gamble st. 70

WANTED—A woman as children's nurse. J. B. Johnson, 3839 Cook av. 70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—2 girls to do the work for three in family. 1623 Morgan st. 71

WANTED—Girl to work in restaurant; must sleep at home. Apply 415 N. 12th st. 71

WANTED—Young girls to learn to make artificial flowers. Call 614 Olive st., 3d floor. 71

WANTED—Ladies to work for us at their own homes; $7 to $10 per week can be quietly made; no photo-painting, no canvassing. For full particulars please address at once, Crescent Art Co., 19 Central st., Boston Mass., Box [illegible] 71

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

WANTED—German girl for general housework. Apply at 2615 Glasgow av. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for general housework. Apply 1450 Wright st. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework; three in family. 20 South 35th st. 66

WANTED—A good house girl to assist in washing and ironing at 2824 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—A good German girl for house and dining-room work. 2600 Chestnut st. 66

WANTED—At 962 Chouteau av., a girl for dining-room and housework; call immediately. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework in small family. Apply at 419 S. Ewing av. 66

WANTED—Girl for general work, small family; one to go home nights. 2523 North Market st. 66

WANTED—Good girl for general housework in small family. Please call 3714 Finney av. 66

WANTED—A young girl to assist with housework in small family; call soon. 2945 Gamble st. 66

WANTED—German girl for housework, washing and ironing. 1222 Linn, or S. 14th (up-stairs.)

WANTED—White girl for general housework. Apply, with reference, to-day or Tuesday, at 3128 Pine st. 66

WANTED—A neat colored girl or a woman for general housework, washing and ironing. 2330 Park av. 66

WANTED—Young girl for general housework; no washing; reference required. Apply 1108 Mississippi av. 66

WANTED—An experienced girl for general housework in family of two; reference required. 2917 Washington av. 66

WANTED—Settled woman for general housework; two only in family; only those wanting a good home and can work need apply on Wednesday morning only at 1530 Lafayette av. 66

Cooks.

WANTED—A good cook at 1705 Park av.; wages $16 per month. 68

WANTED—At 840 Chouteau av., two girls, a cook and a housegirl. 68

WANTED—Good second cook. Novelty Restaurant, 607 Market st. 68

WANTED—A No. 1 cook, to wash and iron also; good wages; ref. req. 3544 Lindell av. 68

WANTED—A girl to cook and do general housework in a small family; no washing; want a German, English, French or Swede girl. 3511 Chestnut st. 68

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS WANTED—Men & women ev'ywhere for an easy money-making bus. Workers cl'r $30 per week easily. Don't fail to send for t'ms & free samples if you need paying bus. Merrill M'f'g Co., B22, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—Canvassers to sell useful articles in every house; good money can be earned. Call after 9 o'clock at 323 Clark av. 73

WANTED—Men, women, boys and girls to earn $70 per month at their own homes; costly outfit of samples, a package of goods and full instructions sent for 10c, to cover postage and advertising. Address H. C. ROWELL & CO., Rutland, Vt. 73

WANTED—Lady and gentlemen agents for Mrs. Campbell's new patent Electric, Embossed "Empress." Richest and most stylish water-proof outside garment ever made. Beautiful as satin and more durable. Large profits. Address, with stamp, E. H. CAMPBELL & CO., 484 W. Randolph st., Chicago.

WANTED—PARTNERS.

WANTED—Partner with $300 cash in big paying patent article at 720 Pine st., Room 5. 23

WANTED—Young lady or widow with $100; rare opportunity to enter into big paying business with thorough going young business gent. Address G 58, this office. 23

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—Permanently, by a lady, one unfurnished room with parties living in their own house; rent not to exceed $5 per month; ref. ex. Address H 54, this office. 13

WANTED—To rent a small three or four-room house in western part of city; location not west of Benton station and not north of Olive st. Ad. A 58, this office, and give price. 21

BOARD AND LODGING WANTED.

WANTED—One furnished room, and board if convenient, in respectable family by a lady, who has one gentleman friend to visit her; state terms. Address T 57, this office. 20

MONEY WANTED.

GOLD IN ALASKA.

Prospector wants capital to prospect the interior of Alaska. Address F. G. Wilson, Mt. Sneffles, Ouray County, Colo. 25

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—If anybody will to adopt a child call at 2900 N. Broadway. 26

WANTED—A second-handed No. 8 cook stove; for wood only. Address K 58, this office. 26

WANTED—A home of adoption for a handsome boy baby 3 months old. Call at 115 S. 14. 26

THEATRICAL.

WANTED—Ladies, gentlemen and children who desire to appear on the stage will be given an opportunity each Friday night. The management has given this night to amateur performances exclusively and it will hereafter be known as amateur night. Inquire at office Broadway & Treyser's Museum, Jas. F. Jukes. 75

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—On Saturday—Lady's diamond lace-pin, set on knife-blade. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at F. A. Durgin's, 305 N. 7th st. 30

ALL SORTS.

CARPET-BEATING AND RENOVATING WORKS, 2725 Laclede av. Carpet-beating, 3c per yard; renovating, 5c per yard. Robert Allen, Proprietor. Send postal. 32

HIGHEST price paid for gents' cast-off clothing. Address postal card to M. B. Cohn, 624 Morgan st.

NORTH St. Louis ground to give away; filling done cheap. Geo. Knapp, 4011 N. 20th st. 32

STALEY'S CREDIT PLAN

gives you the opportunity of getting your household goods on credit on a cash basis. 1009 Olive. 32

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—Family horse, new harness and piano-box buggy; $200. 4519 Blair av. 12

FOR SALE—Good three-spring wagon for peddler or grocer, cheap. 1813 Market st. 12

FOR SALE—Fine mare, harness and Timken buggy; parties leaving city. Call 18th and Chestnut. 12

FOR SALE—Two horses, furniture wagon and harness complete. Mitchell Furniture Co., 607 N. 4th

FOR SALE—One good saddle and buggy horse; has all the gaits; works single or double. No. 4517 Maffett av. 12

FOR SALE—A covered 3-spring delivery wagon; first-class make and good as new; cheap. 1714 Market st. 12

FOR SALE—Doctor's fine horse and buggy; would make good family horse; also two mastiff dogs, at 1205 Chouteau av. 12

FINANCIAL.

MONEY loaned on clothing, diamonds, watches, chains, guns, pistols, musical instruments, etc., at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 31

MONEY loaned on furniture without removal; any amount; lowest rate. John C. King, 813 Morgan.

$25 TO $500 loaned on furniture, pianos, without removal; also on horses and wagons; weekly payments taken and interest reduced in proportion; no commission. F. W. Peters & Co., 813 Chestnut st.

A GENTLEMAN wishing to invest some surplus funds will loan $25 and upward on household furniture and other security; parties wishing advances will be treated fairly and can secure loans on satisfactory terms. Call at 1015 Morgan st. 31

FURNITURE LOANS.

$25 and upward to loan on furniture at residence without removal; lowest rates; business strictly confidential. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 31

LOANS on furniture in residence, city real estate and all good securities; fair and reasonable terms. Porter & Williams, Room 2, 904 Olive st. 31

BUSINESS FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—And reduced to $175, a store. Address 7718 S. Broadway. 4

FOR SALE—A 1 POST-DISPATCH route centrally located. Apply at this office. 4

FOR SALE—Complete dairy; 40 cows, 5 horses and all appurtenances, and will rent place. 3216 Gravois av. 5

BOOKS.

WANTED—Books—All kinds bought for cash. Call or send address. Book Exchange, 309 N. 9th. 28

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—Julius: Please send me word where I can see you. Mamie. Add. H 58, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Lucille: Just returned; leave to-morrow; note received; if can, call me up to-morrow before 12 m. D——. 1

PERSONAL—Cora, "S. 52," make another appointment; failed to get your letter in time; letter for you at POST-DISPATCH. A. C. W. 1

PERSONAL—Lady who got on Broadway car about 8 p.m. at Cass av. and spoke to old gent about Allen av. would like to get address. Add. B 58, this office.

PERSONAL—Will the young lady in black, who spoke to gent, corner Jefferson av. and Olive st., and passed up Olive st. an hour later yesterday forenoon, please send address to E 58, this office? 1

PERSONAL—An attractive, well-dressed and cultured gentleman of means, sojourning in St. Louis, who can give the very best references as to character, family, etc., solicits the acquaintance of a stylish, attractive lady of good figure, refined and intelligent; object, social amusement; all letters answered and returned; strictest confidence observed. Address M 58, this office. 1

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Adv, M. D., 1422 Olive st., medical and electric treatment; also electro-magnetic hand baths and baths of all kinds for ladies and gentlemen. Baths are a necessity and a luxury. Patrons can have choice of male or female assistants.

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

IF you need a suit of clothes call and see the fine misfits at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

COSBY'S New European Hotel and Lunch Room, 110 N. Broadway, is open day and night; ladies' dining-room on second floor. J. D. Cosby. 74

NOTICE TO HOUSEKEEPERS—Parties declining housekeeping and wishing to sell their household goods for cash will do well to call on or address R. U. LEONORI, JR., & CO., 1005 Olive st. 74



DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure, operations safe and sure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office 517 Olive st. 74

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS $1

H. B. Crole & Co., Printers, removed to 813 Locust.

MADAME SILVA, massage and magnetic treatment, and magnetic hand baths; this treatment is good for many ailments. 1425 Pine st. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Dossen, practical and competent midwife; business strictly confidential; attended to, with board; charges reasonable. 115 S. 14th st.

GO AND SEE PROF. WARRING,

MEDIUM AND REAL ASTROLOGER, at 2009 Olive st. Five thousand dollars to any one who can equal him in telling the past, present and future, causing speedy marriages, bringing separated together, and in business affairs whose advice is invaluable. He tells consulter's name in full, and is the only person that can do so. Prof. Warring asks no questions and uses no cards of any description in his profession. Open Sundays. SATISFACTION GIVEN OR NO PAY. Fee—Ladies, 50c; gents, 50c. Hours, 8 a. m. to 9 p. m. 74

MRS. G. LUBY,

the great fortune-teller, mother of Mrs. Wilcus, can be consulted on business matters, marriages and losses of every description; tells name and age of sweetheart and future husband, bringing separated together, and causes speedy marriages; gives lucky charms and breaks evil influence, and those who forsake you to return. 502 N. 15th, between St. Charles st. and Washington av. 74

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL—10 bushels, $1; 21 bushels, $2; by the load, 9½c. T. F. Carroll, 2021 Franklin av. Send postal.

FOR SALE—New walnut bed, spring and mattress, $10; worth $20. 1219 S. 6th st. 5

SINGER Sewing Machines from $5 to $12, all in perfect order, at Dunn's Loan Office, 912 Franklin av. 5

CUPID'S VICTIMS

can find everything for housekeeping for cash or on credit. STALEY, 1009 Olive.

MUST SELL THE GOODS,

Must have cash, or good notes, for every piece of goods and every article in the People's Furniture, Carpets, and Housefurnishing store, 208, 210 and 212 N. 7th st., inside of thirty days. Open evenings.

Ingalls' Terms--$1 Down

And 50c a week on clocks, lamps, silverware, rugs, albums and pictures; $1 a week on baby carriages, gasoline stoves, ice-boxes, rattan chairs, watches and jewelry. Open at night. Ingalls, 1007 Olive street.

F-U-R-N-I-T-U-R-E AT AUCTION.

100 Rooms in Hotel Brown, at corner 12th and Olive Streets; will continue to-morrow. LANHAM & SUTTON, Auctioneers.

STORAGE.

FURNITURE, pianos, etc., stored, money advanced when desired; packing and shipping a specialty; moving with care. C. F. Betts, 208 N. 8th st. 81

STORAGE—For furniture, pianos, carriages, trunks, etc.; inspection solicited; get our rates; money advanced; careful moving, packing and shipping, etc. R. U. Leonori, Jr., & Co., 1005 Olive st. 81

STORAGE.

Furniture, Pianos, Trunks, Boxes, Etc.

stored on the best terms; cheapest, safest, best and most convenient in city; an itemized warehouse receipt given; money advanced if desired; packing and shipping furniture, pianos, pictures, glass and queensware a specialty; moving done at low rates, with care at our large fire-proof warehouse.
WM. O. LANGAN & CO., 1003 and 1005 Morgan st.
81

MUSICAL.

FOR SALE—Cheap, one 11-inch head 32-bracket banjo, with nickel-plated rim and ivory keys. Address N 58, this office. 27

REMOVAL—P. G. Anton, dealer in first-class pianos, 1110 Olive st. Old instruments taken in exchange. 27

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

714 FRANKLIN AV.—Formerly occupied by the Globe Clothing Company.

FOR RENT—Choice Olive st. store. Apply to Jas. M. Carpenter & Co., 206 N. 8th st. 17

BOARDING.

102 S. 7TH ST.—Room, with board, $5 and $6 per week, or $1 and $1.50 per day. 18

713-715 PINE ST.—Furnished rooms, with or without board, at the St. Elmo. 18

1016 N. 16TH ST., between Wash and Carr sts.—Elegant furnished front room; board if desired. 18

1118 PINE ST.—Front rooms with board; terms reas.; transient, $1 per day; day boarders accommodated. 18

1324 OLIVE ST.—Front or back parlor, fur. or unfur.; to let; with or without board. 18

1411 WASHINGTON AV.—Rooms with board; transients $1.50 per day; day board reasonable. 18

2113 LUCAS PLACE—Elegantly furnished rooms, rent low; southern exposure; first-class board. 18

2602 STODDARD ST.—Rooms fur. or unfur.; with or without board; terms reasonable; all conveniences. 18

3056 SHERIDAN AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms, large grounds; first-class board. 18

ST. JAMES HOTEL gives board and room at from $8 to $10 per week, and from $30 to $40 per month. 18

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—2135 De Soto av., five-room house, folding doors, very cheap; $1,600. 7

FOR SALE—A choice 50-foot lot on Olive st. with improvements, also four detached stone front dwellings on Lucas av.; the property of a non-resident, which we are ordered to sell low down. Apply to JAS. M. CARPENTER & CO., 206 N. 8th st. 7

FOR SALE—3674 Cook, 10-room stone-front house adjoining Cook Avenue Methodist Church; all modern improvements; hard wood finish; basement finished with Portland cement; perfect sewerage. Inquire within. 7

SUBURBAN PROPERTY FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—At a great sacrifice, the country residence of the late W. S. Cuddy with 50 acres of farm land, a few acres more can be bought from adjoining farm. Address M. F. Cuddy, 1229 S. Jefferson av 9



SWOPE'S $5 DRESS WALKING SHOE FOR LADIES.

Genuine Hand-Sewed. The Best and Most Elegant Walking Shoe in the Market for the Price.

JOEL SWOPE & BRO., 311 N. FOURTH STREET.

Have also a most complete GENERAL STOCK in all the NEW STYLES, and at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES. SEND FOR OUR ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

205 CENTER ST.—Two rooms and kitchen; front and back entrance. 13

205½ N. EIGHTH ST.—Well furnished small room. 13

207 N. 8TH ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for gentlemen; gas and bath. 13

713 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished rooms. 13

900 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—Two rooms, furnished or unfurnished, single or en suite, to gentleman or man and wife. 13

938 AUTUMN ST.—Four rooms, all conveniences. 13

1015 CHESTNUT ST.—Finely furnished front rooms; also room fur. complete for light housekeeping. 13

1035 S. 12TH ST., near Chouteau av.: convenient to Union Depot—Nicely fur. rooms; pri. fam. 13

1312 DILLON ST.—One furnished room; private family. 13

1320 S. 10TH ST.—A nice furnished front room for gentlemen; gas and bath; private family. 13

1640 TEXAS AV.—Six rooms, up-stairs, near Lafayette av. 13

2111 CHESTNUT ST.—Four rooms second floor. Apply to 2125½ Chestnut st. 13

2227 FRANKLIN AV.—Three large, newly-papered rooms on 3d floor, $9 month; all conveniences. 13

FOR RENT—3 rooms on 2d floor, northeast corner 12th and Chouteau av. 13

FOR RENT—Two rooms for a small family; rent low. Inquire at 1506 Singleton st. 13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

902 CHAMBERS ST.—Seven rooms, gas, bath, hall and laundry; $25. Apply s. w. cor. 9th and Chambers. 14

3843 COOK AV.—Eight-room stone-front mansard roof. Apply to D. J. Hayden, 108 N. 8th st 14

WANTED—A ten or twelve-room house, between Pine and Morgan, 21st and Grand av. Address W 56, this office. 14

FOR RENT—A nice 7-room house in first-class neighborhood. Apply to M. R. Collins, Jr., & Co., 623 Chestnut st. 14

FOR RENT—FLATS.

LUCAS AV. FLATS—Corner 23d st.—Four rooms; cellar; janitor; water; 1st floor; $18. 13

FURNISHED HOUSES FOR RENT.

3018 CLARK AV.—Eight-room stone-front dwelling, handsomely furnished throughout; house has all modern conveniences, front and rear yard; good neighborhood; will rent from May 1 to September 1; cheap to responsible tenant. App. on premises. 15

SPECIAL NOTICES.

BY authority of the Board of Directors, the undersigned hereby call a meeting of the shareholders of the American Brake Company, to be held at the office of the Company in the City of St. Louis, Mo., on the 22d day of April, 1887, at 9 o'clock, a. m., for the purpose of acting on two propositions, to-wit: First, To authorize the Board to issue bonds of the Company to an amount not exceeding $100,000, and to be secured by a mortgage on the property of the Company, for the purpose of funding the present bonded indebtedness, to provide for a manufactory in Canada, should the Board deem it expedient, and in extending the Company's business. Second, To adopt a code of by-laws which shall authorize the Directors to hold their sessions either in the City of St. Louis or in the City of New York as they may deem expedient. S. M. DODD, President.
E. B. LEIGH, Secretary.

DOCTOR WHITTIER

617 St. Charles St., St. Louis, Mo.

A regular graduate of three Medical Colleges, has been 15 years longer engaged in the special treatment of CHRONIC, NERVOUS, SKIN and BLOOD DISEASES than any other Physician in St. Louis. **Blood Impurities and Poisoning**, with sore mouth, tongue, throat, blotches or bone pains are treated with unparalleled success, on latest scientific principles, Safely, Privately. **Unnatural Discharges Promptly Cured.** **Nervous Prostration, Debility, Mental and Physical Weakness, Arising from Indiscretion, Excess or Indulgence**, which produce some of the following effects: nervousness, debility, dimness of sight and defective memory, pimples on the face, physical decay, aversion to the society of females, confusion of ideas, etc., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, permanently cured. Consultation at office or by mail, free, invited & strictly confidential. It is self-evident that a physician paying particular attention to a class of cases attains great skill. In this oldest office in America every known appliance is resorted to and the PROVED GOOD REMEDIES of all ages and countries are used. Charges are as low as can be made, using only the best. Avoid cheap promised cure-alls—they are useless and often dangerous. Every case requires specially prepared treatment. All are treated with skill in a respectful manner, and knowing what to do, NO EXPERIMENTS ARE MADE. If you secure the skill and get a speedy and perfect life-cure, that is the important matter. Call or write Dr. Whittier.

MANHOOD RESTORED, A victim of youthful imprudence causing Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow sufferers. Address, C. J. MASON, Post Office Box 3179, New York City.

MANLY VIGOR, lost through errors or bad practices, may be perfectly regained by the new Craigie Rectal Pearls. Send for our new illustrated "Guide to Health." Absolute secrecy. Address the Craigie Medical Clinic, 35 Nassau St., N. Y.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

Placer Sam's Investment.

From the St. Paul Globe.

Placer Sam told me of a green lad, unused to the ways of the West, who one day wandered into Confederate Gulch and applied for work. There was no one there who wanted to hire help, and he was told to prospect. He didn't understand what the word meant, and insisted that some one should put him to work and give him an opportunity to earn his daily bread. Tiring of his persistence, one day when the lad made his usual application for work with a salary attachment, a miner picked up a stone from the ground and throwing it out upon an unbroken spot in the gulch, told him to get a pick and shovel and dig. The lad did as he was bid, and as he quietly kept at his work day after day and paid no particular attention to any one, the miners, pleased at last to have gotten rid of him, studiously left him to himself.

For six months he kept up his digging, and at the end of that time surprised the camp by buying a mule team and hiring a company of twenty-five armed men to watch the nail kegs, filled to the brim with glittering gold dust taken from the ground on which the stone, tossed by a careless hand, had fallen. The kegs were loaded behind the mules, and under the eyes of the twenty-five men were carried through the mountains and across the plains to Omaha, where it was disposed of and the handsome proceeds pocketed by the lucky lad. I asked the man what was the name of the fellow who had made the big strike, and with a jab at the staves of the keg with his knife, he replied:

"It wus me."

I was considerably surprised, but not satisfied, and, continuing the conversation, askeh him if he had the money invested, and he said he had invested every cent. I asked him what in and he replied:

"Poker."

500 Men's Union Cassimere Suits

At $2.95; 450 Men's Blue Flannel Suits at $3.95; 300 men's strictly All-Wool Suits, worth fully $10, at $5.65, in the great consignment sale at the

GLOBE, 705 to 715 Franklin avenue.

FIGHTING EACH OTHER.

THE CHICAGO & ALTON TAKING STEPS TO LIFT THE BOYCOTT.

The Interstate Commerce Law Appealed to For Relief Against the Trunk Lines—Important Decision Under the First Clause—Indiana Coal Syndicate Purchases—An Excellent Showing of Earnings—Permit Case Decided—Railroad News.

CHICAGO, April 11.—An Indianapolis, (Ind.) special says: On Saturday last the ticket agent of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Logansport, Ind., refused to sell a party of twelve tickets to San Diego, reading over the Chicago & Alton Railroad, a Western connection of the Pennsylvania Railroad lines, which the Pennsylvania Company has boycotted. He offered to sell the party tickets reading over a competing line of the Chicago & Alton Railroad. A representative of the Chicago & Alton will, this morning, go to Logansport, Ind., with instructions, should the Pennsylvania agent still refuse to sell the tickets via the Chicago & Alton line, to bring the matter before the United States courts under the discrimination clause of the new law.

AN IMPORTANT DECISION.

Judge Deady Delivers an Opinion on the Interstate Commerce Law.

PORTLAND, Ore., April 11.—The decision of Judge Deady of the United States Circuit Court of Oregon on the scope of the interstate commerce law is still all the talk in legal circles. The question arose from advice sought by the receiver of the Oregon & California Railroad Company as to freight shipped out of the State through the agency of the Oregon Railway and Navagation Company's steamers. The latter is an organization independent of the first mentioned company. The railway company operates within the State and the interstate character of its commerce comes from its use of the steamers. The receiver made a particular point of the separate management of the rail and the boat lines.

Judge Deady decided that section 1 of the interstate commerce law did not apply in that case, as it does not include any water craft which is not used under a common control or arrangement with a railroad. The judge said: "So long as the railway and steamer are each operated under a separate and distinct control, making its own rates and only liable for the carriage and safe delivery of the goods at the end of its own route, the act does not apply to the transaction."

Railroad Permit Case Decided.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—A decision was rendered by the Supreme Court of the United States to-day in the railroad permit case of Henry S. Barron against George W. Burnside, Sheriff of Lynn County, Iowa, in error to the Supreme Court of that State. The question presented by the case is the validity of an act of the General Assembly of Iowa, approved April 6, 1886, entitled "An act requiring foreign corporations to file their articles of incorporation with the Secretary of State," and imposing certain conditions upon such corporations transacting business in this State. The object of the act is to compel foreign railway corporations to take out a permit for the transaction of business within the State, and it is made a condition of the granting of such a permit that the railroad company, if sued by a citizen of the State, shall not remove the case to a Federal Court. This court, in an opinion by Justice Blatchford, holds that, as the Iowa statute makes the right to a permit dependent upon the surrender by the foreign corporation of a privilege secured to it by the Constitution and laws of the United States, the statute is void. The judgment of the Supreme Court of Iowa is reversed and the case remanded with directions to enter a judgment discharging the plaintiff in error from custody. The corporation concerned in this case is the Chicago & Northwestern Railway Company.

An Excellent Showing.

NEW YORK, April 11.—The annual report of the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha Railroad for the year ending December 31, 1886, has just been issued. It shows gross earnings of $6,153,266, against $5,814,810 in 1885; operating expenses and taxes, $3,848,574, against $3,721,150; net earnings, $2,304,691, against $2,093,660; fixed charges, $1,390,630, against $1,376,596; net income, $914,061, against $717,064; income from land sales, $741,065, against $724,881. Total net income from all sources, $1,655,127, against $1,439,059 in 1885. The 6 per cent dividend on the preferred stock calling for $675,408, leaving a net balance from the operations for the year of $979,719. The company had on December 31 $2,075,146 cash on hand.

The Coal Railway Syndicate.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 11.—A Daily News special from Brazil, Ind., says: The Chicago and Indiana Coal Railway syndicate, which, in its recent purchase of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, secured a right of way into Chicago, it is understood has also leased the Chicago & West Michigan, with which they connect at La Crosse, Ind., and are negotiating for a lease of the Evansville & Indianapolis at Brazil.

Notes.

John W. Rielly, late chief clerk of the Cairo Short Line, has been appointed General Agent of the Mobile & Ohio road.

The Mobile & Ohio officials have obtained from the National Commission a suspension of the long-and-short-haul clause of the interstate commerce bill in their Green Line points for ninety days.

At the annual election of officers of the St. Louis Transfer Railway Company held to-day the following were chosen: President, T. L. Ridgely; Vice-President, C. S. Greeley; Secretary and Treasurer, Henry L. Clark; Directors, John Scullin, F. L. Ridgely, C. S. Greeley, E. Peugnet and A. C. Church.

The Central Missouri railway project is in good shape at last, and it is understood that the bonds have been taken, and the money secured for construction. The contractors are expected here this week, and it is stated at the office that work will be commenced before May 1. Col. Hayward is still in New York, but President Hollins will be in this city in a few days.

The Missouri Pacific officials are contemplating considerable improvements on the Iron Mountain road in the near future. The line has been unfortunate of late in the number of unavoidable accidents which have occurred, but the road-bed is again in good shape and a large addition has been made to the equipment. Several new trains will also be put on, one a fast train leaving here at 7 o'clock in the evening and reaching Little Rock about 8 o'clock the next morning, a gain of several hours over the present time.

W. C. T. U. Dinners.

The West End W. C. T. U. will give dinners all of this week on Sixth street, near Olive. The ladies, whose culinary abilities are in no way lessened by their labors as reformers, have made extensive preparations to give their friends and the public as satisfying and seasonable meals as they could wish for. The Union hopes that this financial venture will meet with encouragement of everybody who yearns for a good dinner when the noon hour comes round.

MAYOR FRANCIS to-day appointed John A. Johnston Constable for the Twelfth District, vice Wm. Edwards resigned.

MATTERS IN COURT.

A Young Lady's Claim for a Torn Scalp—The Schierholz Divorce—Cases on Trial.

The damage suit of Miss Ella Barlow against Frankentahl & Co., an employe's claim for the loss of her hair and for a damaged scalp, was brought before a jury this afternoon in Judge Lubke's court. The young lady's hair was caught in the rubber band of the machinery at the Frankenthal factory and it is claimed that her health has suffered in consequence of the accident.

Judge Valliant heard, this afternoon the contested divorce case of Charles Schierholz against Caroline Schierholz, and at the close of the testimony a non-suit was taken by the husband. He complained of various indignities to which his wife subjected him, rendering his condition intolerable. The evidence developed a display of temper on both sides, but the Court held that no ground for divorce has been established. Mrs. Schierholz denied her husband's charges.

Mrs. Henriette Arwein, a widow, entered a suit to-day in the Circuit Court against Herman Brockschmitt, seeking to set aside a deed to property acquired at a sale and to remove the cloud to her title to the same.

The report of the Master in the matter of the Quincy, Missouri & Pacific Railroad was confirmed to day in the Federal Court. The special Master was directed to retain $1,000 for his services and to pay into the registry $10,573.42 applicable to the thirteen bonds outstanding and to repay the purchasers $5,687.48.

Letters of administration were granted to-day to Chas. E. Capelli on the estate of Dominick Ginochio and on the estate of Ginochio & Lamini.

The Probate Court to-day overruled the motion of the public administrator for a revocation of letters to Albert G. Edwards in the estate of Patrick Grogan.

An appeal was taken to the Court of Appeals to-day in the suit of Coquard vs. Wernse et al, involving the Pan telephone stock transaction.

The following cases were dismissed in the Circuit Court to-day: Singer vs. Singer; Kempf vs. Brenner; J. Wallack vs. H. F. Harrington; Warren vs. Buck.

The following judgments were rendered to-day in the Circuit Court: Benjamin Altheimer vs. Wm. Hernstein and D. Prince; judgment for $1,590.60. Wm. Barr Dry Goods Company vs. M. T. Ridenbaugh; judgment for $470.67. Furthman vs. Koetter; judgment for $79 and costs. Wm. H. Kellogg et al. vs. Joseph M. Polack; judgment for plaintiff for $799.90. J. P. Snider et al. vs. Wm. A. Myers et al.; judgment for plaintiff for $282.66.

A suit has been entered by the Great Western Printing Company and Noxon & Toomey against Richard Roche and the Casino Theater Company seeking to reach assets of the company for payment of claims of creditors amounting to $430.28, and to set aside a mortgage held by Mr. Roche covering the effects.

THE LATEST NOVELTIES.

A Fine Stock of Clothing, Hats and Caps Offered.

The St. Louis Clothing Company's handsome establishment at 213-215 North Broadway, formerly J. M. Polack's, has been filled Saturday and to-day with throngs of people looking for the new styles in spring clothing for men and boys. The elegant store has been beautifully decorated for the opening on Saturday and presented a bright and pleasing appearance. It is not the appearance of the store which is the chief attraction, but it is the goods, the stock of which is surpassed nowhere in quantity, quality or lowness of prices. The stock is new throughout and contains the very latest novelties in spring suits at prices which are absolutely astonishing and are the lowest in the market.

All the late and handsome patterns and styles may be found there. In the hat and cap department also the stock is large, varied and the best that can be found in St. Louis, at prices lower than any other house in the West. Mr. Polack is associated with Mr. Freasdorf as manager, and will be glad to see his old friends and customers.

A DISASTROUS BLAZE.

Explosion and Fire in a Drug Store—Railroad Shops Burned.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Fire broke out this afternoon in the basement of No. 203 Broadway, occupied with the store above by Hegeman & Co., druggists. Before the fire department reached the scene, the store was in flames. The fire was quickly subdued. It was caused by the gas from a disconnected pipe of the soda fountain igniting from the lamp of a plumber. An explosion followed, wrecking the store, and flames broke out at once. Thomas Shaughnessy of Truck No. 1 fell through a skylight and broke his right leg. He was removed to the Chambers Street Hospital. Hegeman & Co. has a stock valued at $90,000. Their loss is said to be $75,000; fully insured. All their prescription books are destroyed and cannot be replaced. The Western Union Telegraph employes did effective service in turning four heavy streams upon the seat of the fire before the fire department had arrived.

AMONG THE BROKERS.

Further Break in Bremen—Granite Mountain Report—Mining Gossip.

L. G. McNair is in the city on his way to Kansas City.

Peacock sold at $1.12½@1.10 to-day.

Trading in mining stocks to-day was light and values unchanged.

On call to-day 50 Sheridan sold at 32½ cents and 1,000 at 30 cents.

Mexican Improvement was weaker to-day, 100 shares selling on call at $1.30.

Bremen broke away again to-day being offered down step by step to 45 cents.

The regular Granite Mountain report says that No. 6 has advanced twelve feet and the ore averages 150 to 200 ounces in the East fall. In the Gore shaft the vein is 3½ feet wide, average 125 ounces. In B stope 275 feet the vein is 4 feet wide and averages 250 oz.; in the other 75 feet it averages 125 oz. In C it is 12 feet wide, average 100 oz. In D it is 4 feet wide, average 200 oz.; D intermediate, 4 feet wide, average 400 oz., and D west 3 feet wide, average 100 oz.

Owens of Silver City, formerly foreman for Breman, telegraphed to William F. Wernse that he examined the Winner strike and deems it of great value to the Flat. It proves that the mineral is not confined to one locality.

Pauline stock was 12½c bid and 25c asked.

Dry Mountain was 10½ bid. There was some offered at 30 cents and some at 50 cents. As long as buyers and sellers remain that far apart there are not likely to be many transactions. It is reported that the company intend to go to work full force in a short time.

Will Be Buried Here.

A letter was received at the Coroner's office to-day from H. Beaupre of Green Bay, Wis., stating that he has not the means at present to have the remains of his son, William Beaupre, who died Saturday morning on an Iron Mountain train near Pevely, Mo., removed to Green Bay. He therefore desires him interred here for the present. He says the young man was 28 years of age and that his leg had been injured in a mill at Cummins or Vamar, Ark., last December.

THE PRISONERS DISCHARGED.

End of the Sensational Bowman Murder Trial—Voice and O'Neill Set Free.

By Telephone to the POST-DISPATCH.

BELLEVILLE, April 11, 4 p. m.—At 3:45 p. m. to-day the cases against Policeman Voice and his fellow prisoner, O'Neill, accused of the murder of ex-Mayor John B. Bowman of East St. Louis, were dismissed and the prisoners set at liberty.

The State had asked for a second continuance after the one granted this morning, but Judge Snyder refused it, hence the action. The case against the men was always regarded as very weak.

An Evil That Should Be Removed

is annoying many people at present. It is an inflammation of that delicate lining, the mucous membrane, and is called catarrh. Don't put off purchasing a Carbolic Smoke Ball, southeast corner Broadway and Olive.

THE HARD FATE OF A HINDOO BRIDE.

Miseries Entailed by the Barbarous Custom of Infant Marriage.

From a Calcutta Letter.

Rukmibhai, the native lady whose wrongs aroused so general a feeling of sympathy in England and India, was married, according to Hindoo usage, at the age of 11, to a youth some years her senior. She remained at her parents' house, was carefully educated, and grew up, according to all accounts, into a refined and highly cultivated lady. Some eighteen months ago she published in the Times of India, under the nom de plume of "A Hindoo Lady," a series of forcible and striking letters on the miseries entailed on her sex in India by the barbarous customs of infant marriage and enforced widowhood.

Last year her husband tried to get her to live with him, and on her refusing instituted a suit for the restitution of conjugal rights in the Bombay High Court. The case was tried in the first instance by Mr. Justice Pinhey, when, it having been proved that the husband was too poor to support her, was utterly ignorant and uneducated—in fact, a mere coolie—and was, moreover, consumptive, the Judge expressed the opinion that it would be a barbarous, cruel and revolting thing to compel her to live with such a man. He further held that such suit could not lie under Hindoo law, and dismissed it. The husband appealed, and the case was argued before the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Bayley. Those learned Judges, while expressing their entire sympathy with Rukmibhai, felt compelled to rule that Mr. Justice Pinhey was wrong in law, and remanded the case to the lower court for trial on its merits.

It is now being re-heard before Mr. Justice Farran. Rukmibhai's counsel could only repeat that his client had never consented to the marriage and never regarded the man as her husband; that the husband was poor, ignorant and unhealthy, and that if ordered to return to him she would be forced to disobey, and was prepared to take the consequences. The court had no option save to pass an order that she should join her husband within a month. Should she fail to do so she would be liable to six months' imprisonment. The case has excited much sympathy among the Anglo-Indian community. The English newspapers are publishing articles and letters on the subject, and steps are being taken in Bombay to raise a fund on her behalf.

Among the native community, however, hardly a single voice except that of Mr. Malabari, a Parsee gentleman, has been raised in her favor, and the so-called reformers who agitate loudly for representative institutions, etc., say no word for the alteration of the cruel law which the Bombay court has been reluctantly compelled to enforce.

Don't Let the Fact Slip

your mind that the host of so-called "Capsicum," "Capucin," "Capsicine" plasters offered for sale are cheap and worthless imitations of the genuine Benson's Capcine Plasters. Be careful. Ask for Benson's and examine when buying.

"I WISH I WAS A MAN."

A Frequent Feminine Exclamation Which May Be True.

From the San Francisco Chronicle.

She said she was very busy, and had no time to enjoy herself, and she wished she were a man. I wonder what she was busy about. I wonder what she had to do. She is wealthy, she is unmarried, she has everything that anybody can want. She buys everything she needs. She knows how to make a great many useless things. She can embroider a handkerchief for a man. She can make a crazy quilt for somebody else, who can buy a handsomer one at the store. She can play a piano. She can ride on horseback. But she doesn't know a mutton chop in its conglomerate shape or a piece of beef for roasting when she sees it. She reads books, and she goes to the theater. There's no earthly thing for her to do that is useful that the world can't get on without, and yet she is busy. She says she does not enjoy herself; she finds life flat, stale and unprofitable. She has nothing to do but amuse herself, and yet she wants to be a man because she thinks that's precisely what a man does. Look here; did you ever see a man enjoying himself? It is the most pitiable thing in life in the way of amusement. I don't mean those amusements which are equally open to the female sex—music and books and walks and dancing and conversation. A man having fun that is not given to ladies to have is only amusing because it raises the fellow who is looking on sober so much higher in his own esteem.

When a man gets very full and takes you aside and tells you that he likes you, and when he likes anybody as he likes you he likes them, and begins to confide in you all sorts of incoherent secrets that are not of the faintest consequence, he is funny. When a man tells you he has had a good time, a lovely time, ask him what he did, and you'll find he has forgotten every thing that happened, and only thinks he must have had a good time, because he's got a head on him too big for any hat in the town. Now, an enormous proportion of the fun a man has is of that kind. All the other pleasure he knows in life he enjoys in the society of his lady friends, and it will upset all the calculations of the philosophy the best authorities have printed on human nature, if the ladies want to change places when a man's trying to get them to fall in love with him.

Regular New Orleans Spring Meeting.

Furber's Turf Exchange, entrances 724 Olive street and 210½ and 214 North Eighth street. Pools sold and books made on all sporting events, afternoon and evening.
ARTHUR S. LOCK, Book-maker. [illegible], Proprietor.

A Public Meeting of the Garrison Mutual Building & Loan Association

Will be held at Garrison Hall, Leonard and Easton Avs., WEDNESDAY, the 13th inst., at 8 o'clock, p. m., to which the public is invited. The object of the meeting is to explain the workings of the Association. It is expected quite a large number of ladies will be present. Those desiring to subscribe to the stock or secure further information pertaining to the Association, will please call on any of the following officers or Directors:

President—John Glenny, President Glenny Bros. Glass Co.
Vice-President—Wm. J. Hegel, Contractor and Builder, 719 Olive.
Treasurer—Jos. M. Ward, House and Sign Painter.
Secretary—Lorenzo E. Anderson, Real Estate Agent, 816 Chestnut.
Directors (Real Estate Committee)—R. J. Lancaster, with Lancaster & Tiernan, Real Estate, 202 N. 8th. J. A. Fanning, Contractor, 3145 Sheridan. Thos. Whelan, Contractor, 2620 Spring.
Building Committee—Stephen O'Connor, Plasterer, S.E.Cor.5th & Olive; Luke McLaughlin, Bricklayer, 1516 N. Grand Av.; Wm. S. O'Brien, Builder, 3142 Easton Av.
Finance Committee—Festus J. Wade, Secretary Aug. Gast Bank Note Co., 215 Pine. DeWitt H. Steigers, with Norman Brown, Hides, 516 & 518 N. Levee. Jno. T. Hodgins, with F. Hackey, Boots & Shoes, 714 Pine.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

JUDGE WOERNER TO-DAY DECIDES A QUESTION OF DOWER AND DIVORCE.

A Curious Controversy Arising in the Estate of Joseph Brewster—The Claim of a Step-Daughter Sustained—Important Decisions in Probate—New Suits Filed—The Divorce Docket.

Judge Woerner rendered a decision to-day in the matter of the estate of Joseph Brewster, deceased, upon an application for an order to pay the widow her absolute dower. Martha McWilliams was at one time the wife of Joseph Brewster and was divorced from him for his misconduct. She subsequently married Robert McWilliams and Brewster married a second wife, who survives him. Mrs. McWilliams claims that she is entitled to personal property not exceeding $400 in value under Section 107, Revised Statutes, as Brewster's widow, basing her right upon Section 2,198, Revised Statutes, which provides that if any woman be divorced from her husband for his misconduct she shall not thereby lose her dower.

It was contended that the property above mentioned constitutes dower. Granting this, it would follow, says the Court, that the divorce has not deprived her of her right thereto upon the husband's death, no matter how many widows he might have. But the statute nowhere makes the right a dower-right. The word is used in a sense not identifying this right with dower, but distinguishing it therefrom. Judge Ryland held in the case of Dobson against Butter that the widow must have been at the time of the death the wife of the husband; that the relation of husband and wife must have existed between them up to the death; that a wife, when divorced from her husband, is not and cannot be the widow contemplated in the statute of administration. Judgment is rendered in favor of the defendant.

A Step-Daughter's Claim.

Judge Woerner in the Probate Court to-day rendered a decision in the case of Frederick Wagner against the estate of Simon Mayer. This was a claim by the husband of the step-daughter of the deceased for boarding, lodging, washing and nursing for a period of four years and ten months. There was no proof of an express contract to pay for these services and it was contended for the defense that the deceased was received into the family of the claimant as a member of the family and was treated as such. He had married Mrs. Wagner's mother, who had one other child beside her. The children lived with Meyer, and were educated and supported by him. His wife had some property upon which he erected a house, and after her death he bought out the step-daughter's interest. He left a will devising his estate to his wife, but she died before him. The Court holds that an express provision to pay is not necessary to fix the liability, and judgment is rendered in favor of the claimant.

A Voluntary Curatorship.

Judge Woerner rendered a decision to-day in the Probate Court in the case of Lewis Lipman against the estate of Wm. T. Ballentine, involving the question whether, having voluntarily assumed the care, custody, education and support of a child, a claim for compensation can be sustained. The child died before attaining his majority. The Court holds that what was originally intended as a gratuity cannot be subsequently turned into a charge. The claimant testified that he never thought of making a charge until after the death of the boy. Judgment is rendered in favor of the estate.

Judge Valliant's Decisions.

Judge Valliant to-day rendered the following decisions in cases taken under advisement:

A. Rouef vs. O. Von Phul; judgment affirmed for failure to give new appeal bond.

E. A. Carr vs. Louis C. Bohle; Freidhold vs. Steele; Guy E. Ward vs. Northern Central Railway Company; motions for new trial overruled.

Suit for Divorce.

A petition for divorce was filed to-day in the Circuit Court by Anna Neuner against Joseph L. Neuner. She alleges that they were married September 9, 1883, and lived together until November 21 of the same year, when Mrs. Neuner alleges that her husband deserted her without any cause on her part. She asks for restoration of her maiden name, Anna Eckhardt and for the custody of the child and alimony.

A petition for divorce has been filed in the Circuit Court by Eva M. Carrigan against James Carrigan. They were married in Arkansas on the 29th of August, 1882, and lived together until the 15th of March, 1885. Mrs. Carrigan alleges that her husband abandoned her without cause.

Notes in Court.

The will of Egge Berling was admitted to probate to-day. The property is left to the widow, passing at her death to the two brothers.

The will of John Carroll was admitted to probate to-day. The property is left to the widow.

J. F. Conroy has entered a suit in the Circuit Court against the St. Louis Times Company and John T. Crisp to recover the balance of a note for $1,632.98 executed March 15, 1877, to the order of John T. Crisp, and Stilson Hutchins. This is a reminiscence of one of the sales of the Times newspaper prior to its final sale by decree of court.

The business of the adjourned term of the Probate Court will occupy several days. Final adjournment will be taken next week.

BELLEVILLE.

A Bloody Fight at the East St. Louis Ball Park—Notes.

This morning before 'Squire Challenor Officer McManus of East St. Louis took out warrants against Wm. and Frank Irwin, Jack O'Connell and Thos. Hayden on charges of assault with intent to kill. Officer McManus was stationed at the gate of the base ball park in East St. Louis yesterday to preserve order. The four above named parties attempted to force themselves in without paying. McManus tried to prevent them from entering, and Wm. Irwin and O'Connell struck him several blows in the face. He retaliated, and the four of them then drew revolvers on him, and ordered him to kneel. He refused, and they were about to beat him again when Capt. Mike Walsh interfered, and succeeded in getting the Irwins, and O'Connell and Hayden away and then advised McManus to leave. This the latter refused to do, and about five or ten minutes afterwards he was approached by Wm. Irwin, who began to renew the quarrel. "McManus," he said, "I understand that you said that you could whip any one of us single handed?"

McManus acknowledged that he was of that opinion and Irwin let loose and struck him in the face. McManus struck back, cutting Irwin's lip. They then clinched and McManus succeeded in throwing Irwin out of the gate. The latter then shouted for help, and Frank Irwin, Jack O'Connell and Tom Hayden came rushing out to his assistance, with their revolvers in hand. Seeing that they only had McManus to deal with, they did not use their weapons, but threw him to the ground and kicked him brutally about the head and body. The 1,500 people in the ball grounds, among whom were many ladies, were almost paralyzed with fear when they saw McManus covered with blood and his four assailants with drawn revolvers, and the attendance at future games will be materially lessened on account of the occurrence. The Irwin boys and Jack O'Connell are the same parties who made a murderous attack on the life of Alderman Stack the evening before the recent election, firing four shots at him, but fortunately without effect.

The election for a School Trustee in Township 2, North Range 10 West, Saturday, resulted in the election of Mr. Isom Wright over Hugh McNulty.

The East St. Louis City Council will meet to-morrow in regular session, and the appointment of city officers will most likely be made. Capt. Mike Walsh will most likely be appointed Chief of Police and J. B. Messick City Attorney. For City Clerk there are several applicants, and it cannot be safely predicted which will be the successful one.

500 Silk Umbrellas

At $1.75, some with gold handles, worth $4.50, at $2.50 in the great consignment sale at the GLOBE, 705 to 713 Franklin avenue.

ABOUT TOWN.

BUFF GARRISON, residing at Washington, Mo., fell from a 'Frisco train, near the junction of Chouteau avenue and Manchester road, at 10:30 last night, sustaining severe injuries about the legs. He was taken to Dr. Barbee's residence, near by for treatment.

A LARGE meeting was held by Acme Lodge No. 51, A. O. U. W., on Saturday evening at Druids' Hall. Delegations from ten lodges were present, four candidates were initiated and a degree of honor was conferred, at the conclusion of which a repast was spread which was enjoyed by all present.

HUMANE SOCIETY benefit, Exposition building, to-morrow night, "Damon and Pythias," Geo. H. Libby, Damon.

SAM'L A. GAYLORD. JOHN H. BLESSING.

SAM'L A. GAYLORD & CO.,

NO. 307 OLIVE ST.

We make a specialty of dividend-paying mining stocks. We execute orders in all mining stocks that have a market value. Small Hopes, Great Hopes and Adams bought and sold.

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Stock Brokers.

MATTHEWS & WHITAKER

121 N. 3rd St.,

Bond, Stock and Note Brokers.

Deal in all local bonds and stocks, American Cotton Oil Certificates; also, mining stocks.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, April 11, 11 a. m.—The stock market was generally firm at the opening this morning, with advances over Saturday's closing prices ranging up to ⅝ per cent. The market was heavy in the early dealings, however, and declines from the opening figures of from ⅛ to ⅝ per cent were made in most stocks, Richmond & West Point showing most weakness. The market rallied later and in most cases the early losses were regained and in some few cases, something in addition. Reading and St. Paul were the only active stocks, with a moderate but well distributed business in the remainder. At 11 o'clock the market is active and firm, generally at advances of small fractions from the highest prices.

Noon—Money is easy at 5@6 per cent. Bar silver, 94½. The stock market was more quiet after 11 o'clock and prices remained steady until the latter part of the hour, when a slight yielding in quotations was accompanied by an increase in activity. Reading was very active with a fair business in Richmond & West Point, but the remainder of the list were comparatively dull. The changes in quotations were confined to slight fractions only, and at noon the market is moderately active and steady. Bonds: 3s, 100; 4s, coupon, 129⅛; 4½s, coupon, 110; Pacific 6s of 1895, 126½ bid.

3 p. m.—The market closed heavy.

BOSTON, April 11.—Mexican Central bonds: 4s, 63¾; 7s, —; scrip, 64; common, 17⅛. Mining stocks: Calumet & Hecla and Huron, —; Allouez, 1½@2.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, 121 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	62¾	62⅞	62¼	62¼
Canadian Pacific	62½	.....	.....	62½
Central New Jersey	78½	80¼	78¼	79¾
Central Pacific	41	41½	41	41½
C., St. P., M. & O.	51¾	52⅛	51¾	51⅞
do pfd	112¼	.....	.....	112¼
C., R. I. & P	126½	126⅞	126½	126¾
Cotton Oil Trusts	54¾	55½	54½	54½
C., B. & Q.	142	.....	.....	142
C., M. & St. P.	93½	93½	92⅞	92⅞
C. & N. W. com	120	120⅝	120	120¼
Del., Lack. & W.	137½	137½	136⅞	137⅛
Del. & Hudson	105	105⅛	104½	104⅞
Denver & Rio Grande	31⅜	31½	31⅜	31½
East Tenn. com	26	.....	.....	26
East Tenn. pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
Erie com	34⅞	34⅞	34¾	34⅞
Erie pfd	74	74	73½	73½
Erie 2d mtg bonds	102⅛	102⅛	102	102⅛
Houston & Texas	.....	.....	.....	.....
Illinois Central	.....	.....	.....	.....
Ind., B. & West	27½	27½	27⅜	27⅜
Lake Shore	96	96⅛	95⅝	95⅝
Louis & Nash	68½	69	68½	68⅝
Mich. Central	93¼	.....	.....	93¼
Missouri Pacific	109	109¼	109	109⅛
M., K. & T.	33⅞	34	33¾	33¾
Manhattan Elevated	155½	155¾	155½	155¾
New York & New Eng.	63⅜	63⅜	62⅝	63
New York Central	112¾	.....	.....	112¾
N. Pacific com	29⅛	29⅛	29	29
do pfd	61	61	60⅞	60⅞
Ohio Southern	.....	.....	.....	.....
Oregon & Trans	35⅛	35¼	35⅛	35⅛
O. N. & Trans. Co.	.....	.....	.....	.....
O. & M. com	32	32¼	31⅞	31⅞
Pacific Mail	57⅛	57⅜	56	56⅛
Phila. & Reading	43⅝	45⅝	43½	45⅛
Pullman Palace Car	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. Paul & Duluth com	68½	68¾	68½	68¾
do pfd	.....	.....	.....	.....
St. L. & S. F. com	37	37⅛	36	37⅛
do 1st pfd	116	.....	.....	116
do 2d pfd	74¼	75¾	74¼	74⅞
St. P., M. & Man	118¼	.....	.....	118¼
Texas & Pacific	30¼	30⅜	29⅜	29⅜
Texas & Pacific Income	.....	.....	.....	.....
Union Pacific	62	62	61¼	61½
Wab., St. L. & P	20¾	21⅛	20⅝	21
do pfd	35½	35⅞	35⅜	35⅝
Western U. T. Co.	77½	77⅞	76⅞	76⅞
West Shore Bonds	103⅛	103⅛	102¾	102¾

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS.

	WHEN DUE.	INTEREST PAYABLE.	BID.	ASK.
3 ⅌ cent bonds	.....	M. A. N. & F.	100⅛	100⅜
4½ ⅌ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M.	108¾	109¼
4 ⅌ cent bonds	1907	J. A. J. & O.	128	128½

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 4s sterling, 10-20s	1902	May and Nov.	101½	103
City 4s sterling, 10-20s	1902	Jan. and July	102½	103½
City 5s sterling, C10-20s	1900	June and Dec	103½	104½
City 5s	1900	Jan. and July	109	110
City 6s currency	1887	Various	101¼	102
City 6s gold	1892—93	Various	110½	111
City 6s sterling	1896	June and Dec	117	118
City 6s water	1887	June and Dec	101¼	102
City 6s water	1890	June and Dec	107½	108½
City 6s water	1892	Apr. and Oct.	110½	110
City 6s bridge approach	1892	June and Dec	110¾	111½
County 6s gold	1895—96	Jan. and July	114½	116
County Park	1905	Apr. and Oct.	123	125

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac. 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. and Aug.	102½	103
Mo. Pac. Consols	1920	May and Nov.	115½	116
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. and July	109½	110½
Mo. Pac. 3d	1905	May and Nov.	124½	125
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July	117	117½
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb. and Aug	108	113¼
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	June and Dec.	106	111½
K. P. D. Ex. 6s	1899	May and Nov.	104½	105½
K. P. Consols	1910	May and Nov.	98½	99½
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug	111	111½

CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearings	$2,996,502
Balances	353,075

Mining Stocks.

Name.	Bid.	Asked.
Granite	$62 00	$64 00
Small Hopes	7 25	7 50
Adams	2 25	2 35
Sheridan	30	35
Peacock	1 10	1 15
Yavapai	90	92½
Bremen	40	45
Mexican Improvement	1 25	1 35
Dinero	55	60
Ideal	40	45
Lochiel	13	14
West Granite	1 15	1 20
Hope	6 75	7 00

COMMERCIAL.

WHAT A SURPRISE!

Visible of Wheat Increase, Which, With Rains, Causes a Decline—Provisions Higher.

By Telegraph from Jones, McCormick & Kennett, Chicago, to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, April 11, 1 p. m.—Wheat opened dull, but fairly strong; later, however, the scalpers offered small lots and found very few buying orders, which gave them more courage, and they offered May freely, breaking the price ⅝c. Later, the market got in a rut and the range was very small. At 82¾c there were scattered buying orders in the crowd and at 83c a good deal was offered in a general way. The bears had two favorable features to-day—general rains in the West and an increase in the stock in sight. The latter was a great surprise, but was somewhat discounted and had little or no effect when officially announced. Toward the close of the session the scalpers absorbed the offerings, and had every appearance of covering short stuff. The close is strong, but dull.

Corn has been quite active to-day. It eased off early with wheat, but later the estimated light receipts for to-morrow gave the market a stronger tone and the shorts were kept busy covering. The prospects of light receipts proved to be the first effect of the interstate bill. Higher rates, it is said, have cut off shipments. The market closes quiet and steady.

Hogs were in light supply and higher, and closed strong. Provisions have been much more active. Prominent operators commenced buying, and as prices advanced it became general, including the shorts, with the result of advancing prices. Ribs took the lead, but lard was not slow to follow. Ribs weakened somewhat at the close, but lard was steady.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

	Closing Saturday.	Highest To-day.	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
ST. LOUIS:				
WHEAT.				
May	80¾	80¾	79¾	80⅛
June	80⅝	80⅝	79	79¼
July	78⅞@79	79⅛	78⅛	78⅞
Aug.	79⅝	79¼	78½	78⅞@¾
Sept.	80¾	80½	79⅛	79⅞ a
CORN.				
April	35	34⅞	34⅞	34⅞ n
May	35½	35½	35	35¼
June	36½	.....	.....	36¼
July	37⅛	37⅜	37⅛	37½
OATS.				
May	27⅞	.....	.....	27⅞ b
CHICAGO:				
WHEAT.				
May	83½	83⅝@½	82⅝	82⅞ a
June	82	82	81	81⅛
July	81¼@⅞	81⅞	81	81¼ a
CORN.				
May	39⅝@½	39⅞	39⅛	39¾ b
June	40¼@⅞	41 @⅛	40½	40 a
July	42	42½	41⅞@42	42⅞ a
OATS.				
May	29½@⅝	29⅝@¾	29½	29½@⅝
June	29⅞	30	29¾	30 b
PORK.				
May	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.00
June	21.00	21.00	21.00	21.00
LARD.				
May	7.37	7.55	7.40	7.50 b
June	7.45	7.62	7.45	7.60 a
July	7.52	7.70	7.55	7.67
SHORT RIBS.				
May	8.17@20	8.55	8.20	8.47@50
June	8.27	8.65	8.27	8.57@60
July	8.35	8.70	8.37	8.70 a

NEW YORK—Wheat—April, —; May, 91¼c a; June, 91⅛ a; July, 91 a; August, 90½ a; September, 91 a. Corn—April, —; May, 49¼c b; June, 49c; July, 50 a. August, 51⅛c.

TOLEDO—Wheat—May, 81½c b; June, 82⅝c; August, 82½a.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

PORTS.	RECEIPTS. Wheat.	RECEIPTS. Corn.	SHIPMENTS. Wheat.	SHIPMENTS. Corn.
St. Louis	32,092	30,710	48,500	198,606
Milwaukee	10,815	4,320	10,695	12,480
Baltimore	41,354	57,008	80,000	109,768
Toledo	2,071	12,380	600	1,550
New York	43,350	32,400	86,083	42,286
Chicago	82,208	511,665	48,866	45,344
Kansas City	5,000	12,500	.....	7,000
Detroit	7,771	9,342	5,350	6,408
Duluth	.....	.....	.....	.....
Minneapolis	.....	.....	.....	.....
Philadel'hia	16,278	16,114	959	31,161
Totals	.....	686,439	.....	454,603

Stock of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat bu	Corn bu.	Oats bu.	Rye bu.	Barley bu.
Sat'dy	2,101,000	3,219,991	388,174	33,527	9,860
To-day	2,095,491	3,211,333	399,921	34,347	10,684
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.
Sat'dy	1,844,146	2,612,260	311,536	25,625	.....
To-day	1,839,377	2,610,993	317,969	25,197	.....

Visible Supply of Grain.

	April 9, '87.	April 2, '87.	April 10, '86
Wheat	51,914,116	51,585,985	47,682,497
Corn	20,130,673	18,784,702	16,487,865
Oats	4,238,791	3,904,821	2,236,693
Rye	380,229	392,392	496,398
Barley	969,763	1,168,623	832,962

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION—CLOSING 1 P. M.

The Signal Service prediction is for rain in the winter wheat belt within forty-eight hours. ——The California wheat crop is estimated at 700,000 short tons by the San Francisco Bulletin——Kansas' wheat crop is not in such a deplorable state as late advices seemed to indicate. According to the Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture, reports received since the close of March show rain to be needed, but indicate wheat and rye to be in good condition. The acreage is 10 to 20 per cent short of last year and the plant is small, but in good condition, as the winter was favorable, and with favorable weather from now on a good crop is certain. Live stock never was in better condition. ——India is now shipping her new crop of wheat, and from the nature of the contracts it is expected that heavy supplies will arrive in Europe between May and September.——W. S. Bartley's Antwerp cable this morning quotes No. 2 wheat 18¾ francs, equal to 97½c per bu, c. and f. there, and shoulders 77 francs. He says his latest previous cable reported wheat at 19¼ francs, and that to-day's price is the lowest he has known it to be for a long time.——San Francisco wires general rain, but market ⅝c higher, as syndicate was buying freely.——While there were numerous drouth-damage reports in this morning, there were also others contradicting some received last week and the number of good crop reports were larger than of late. Wm. H. Hovine, cashier of the Commercial Bank, Waterloo, Ill., writes P. J. McMorrow that from his own personal observation, and from information he can gather from sections he has not seen, he feels safe in predicting a 75 per cent yield, if crop is not further affected by unfavorable weather. "Some of it that is supposed to be killed I find is still in the ground, but very backward." Last week it was currently reported here that the crop in that section was about ruined. Chas. Bluhm of Johnson County, Mo., was on the floor, and said the ground there was in fine shape, wheat was not at all injured and farmers were plowing for corn and oats. Dan E. Smith writes from Kansas to Annan, Burg & Co. that it is very dry in that State, but wheat can stand ten days or two weeks more of drouth without injury. "Doc" Blakeslee of the Union Elevator Company of Kansas overheard this and remarked: "We don't need rains in Kansas to raise big crops."——The statement that New York's stocks of wheat in store and afloat decreased only 45,000 bu is received with incredulity by the trade. The fact that the export clearances at that market last week exceeded the receipts by 600,000 bu, and that on April 6 their stock had decreased 300,000 bu, according to their published report, leads to the belief that a mistake, if nothing worse than that, has been made. ——The figures on the visible supply of wheat show an increase of 328,000 bu, which was one of the most complete surprises the trade has yet received. Last year for the same week it decreased 1,290,000 bu. Corn shows an increase of 1,346,000 bu and oats of 334,000 bu.——Of Saturday's export clearances of wheat at New York, 22,000 bu went to Oporto, 55,694 bu to Newcastle, 8,380 to Bremen.—— ——There were rumors of a break in Green Line freight rates to the South, but could not be verified. The rate to Mobile was reported 1c per 100 lbs lower, and there was no doubt but that lower rates could be obtained to all points, or at any rate they soon will be, as it is understood the Cincinnati Southern road is cutting rates from Cincinnati south.——The London Miller, March 28, states that spring wheat is now being sold in Southern Russia, and as the winter wheat looks well, and the weather is mild and spring-like, the markets have been hard to maintain. Ghirka wheat, in fact, has been selling at a slight reduction at most places, including Odessa. Very little trade is doing for England, but more is expected after Easter, and shipments to Italy and Marseilles are also regarded as likely to be substantially increased.

Wheat—The Signal Service prediction that rains would be general in the winter wheat section within forty-eight hours, backed by reports of good rains in Iowa and light showers in Nebraska, Texas and part of Kansas, not alone took all the stiffening out of the markets but caused a break in price this morning. To add to the depression and give the bears more swing, the reports on stock in store at many points were surprising for the small decreases. They showed our own only falling off 53,000 and New York 45,000, while at other markets where a decrease had been looked for the returns were for a small increase. This ran the estimates down from a large decrease—1,500,000 to 2,000,000 on Saturday—to only 200,000 and furnished the short sellers with a most powerful influence for pounding with. There had been heavy selling on the expected change in the weather, but this visible supply factor greatly intensified the desire to get some wheat off. Not alone were the pit traders bent on selling, and all the old local bears came once more to the surface to do more or less, but a large amount of country and other outside long wheat was thrown upon the market. Had it not been that the demand from shorts was exceptionally active, a more disastrous break than really took place would have resulted. As it was the market declined ⅞@1⅛c. The 328,000 increase in the visible was such a surprise party that hardly any one believed it, and looked for a correction, and though none was made the market gradually recovered in sympathy with others. The close was firm and ½@¾c below Saturday. Spot No. 2 red was quiet and lower, with car lots selling in M. at 79¾c and 5,000 in St. L. at 80c. Millers were the only buyers.

Corn was weakened some by wheat and also by the 1,300,000 increase in the visible supply, so that the market declined ½c, but late rallied sharply along with Chicago, May gaining all it had lost, and July, closing only ⅛c below Saturday. Trading was slack and of an intermittent character. Spot grades were lower, but in very fair demand on local and order account, millers taking all the No. 2 white they could get and paying full figures for this side. No. 2, 35¼c in C., D. and in 34⅞c bid for U.; No. 3, 34c East side, 34¼c in St. L. and M. and bid for C.; No. 4, 32½c M., 33c bid St. L.; No. 2 white, 37¼@37½c this side, 36¾c in A., 37c bid for E.; No. 3 do, 36¼c in M.

Oats futures were weaker in sympathy with declines elsewhere, and the early let down in wheat and corn, the 334,000 increase in the visible and the expected rains having some effect also, but there were very few sellers and they not disposed to shade late prices, so that nothing was done. Spot grades were lower, but demand better, as Southern order dealers were buying all offered. No. 2 27¾c in U. and A., 28c in St. L. and M.; No. 3, 28¼c in M.

Rye was lower to sell, with 53c the best bid for No. 2 this side and offered East side at 54c.

Flour was very dull, and if there was any "cut" in Green Line points South it was not felt in this market. The feeling was undoubtedly weak, and there was shading of prices going on, though no open decline was made. There seems to be some demand for XX, which showed most strength in consequence, but very little inquiry for anything else. Patents, $4@4.25; straights, $3.85@3.90; clears, $3.45@3.70; mediums, $3@3.25; low grades, $2.40@2.90. Quotations of the St. Louis Flour Dealers' Association were: XX, $2.40@2.50; XXX, $2.75@2.85; family, $3.10@3.20; choice, $3.40@3.50; fancy, $3.65@3.75; extra do, $3.80@3.95; patents at $4@4.25. These prices are for lots on arrival at the depot or levee; order lots higher.

Rye Flour—Quiet at $3@3.15 per bbl.

Cornmeal firm at $2.10@2.15 for city orders del.; pearl meal, $2.50; grits and hominy, $2.60@2.75.

Bran—Firm and in demand. Sacked 65c at mill and East track, 67c at country points and f. o. b. East track; bulk, 60c East track.

Hay—All descriptions were dull, even the best grades selling slowly, but there was no change in prices. The range for sound: This side—Prairie, Illinois and Iowa, $7@8.50; Kansas, $9@10.50 for prime to fancy; mixed timothy, $7.50@10; prime to fancy timothy, $11@14; top rate for large bales. East track stock sells 50c@$1 per ton below the above rates.

Provisions were firm and higher, as there was a considerable advance in Chicago that put more strength into the local market. Only a moderate business was done, and confined then to the job and order trade, as sellers kept advancing their figures the higher Chicago went, and thus shut buyers out. Early in the day dry salt cribs were offered to arrive c. and f. here at 8.32½c for cash (8¼ bid there), and 8⅜c for May, but late 8½c and 8.57½c was asked. Sales of packed bacon were made early at 6⅜@6½c for shoulders, 8.60@8.65c for longs, 8.70@8¾c for c'ribs, 8⅞@8.90c for shorts, but afterwards could not be bought this low, and shorts sold later at 9c. Boxed dry salt shoulders sold at 6⅜@6½c, longs at 8.60@8.65c; c'ribs at 8.70@8¾c, and shorts at 8½c; loose f. o. b. on cash orders—shoulders, 6¼c; longs, 8.10c; c'ribs, 8.20c; shorts, 8.40c. Small sales old standard pork at $15, and new hardside at $17; new standard nominal at $18. Prime steam lard, 7⅛c bid; fancy leaf, 7⅝c; second brands, 7⅜c. Country lard, 6@6½c ⅌ lb for small lots in irregular packages. C. s. c. hams, 11½@14c. Breakfast bacon, 9@10c. Country bacon—Hams, 8½@10c; sides, 8¼c; shoulders, 5½@6c. Beef—Family, $6.50@8 ⅌ bbl; on orders higher; $4.25@4.75 ⅌ half-bbl; dried, 12@14c; selected, 15c ⅌ lb; smoked tongues, $4.25@5 ⅌ doz. Tallow—Choice, 3¾c in oil bbls; No. 2, 3¼c; in irregular packages, ¼c less; choice cake, 3⅞c. Grease—Brown, 2½@2¾c; yellow, 3@3¼c; white, 3½@4c; straight lots held higher. Salt—Domestic, 90c per bbl on E., and 95c this side. Ground alum, $1.10@1.15 per sack; small way higher.

Highwines steady at $1.13 in St. Louis and Cincinnati, $1.14 in Peoria, $1.18 in Chicago.

Lead was weak and dull, as there was hardly any demand. Common and chemical hard were offered at $4.05 this and $4.07½ East side and refined at $4.12½, and it was intimated that a bid of $4 for a round lot common would have purchased. Two cars refined sold at $4.10, and that price was refused for 100 tons.

St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat weak, with May holding up in price, but all other months declining on a pressure to sell. Corn easier. Oats dull.

Cotton.

The rains in Texas failed to influence the market in the slightest, seemingly, probably because they were light and confined to a small area in the Southern part of the State. New York was firm, with spot middling 10⅝c, and futures sold higher, closing 4@10 points above Saturday. No market in Liverpool to-day, as it was bank holiday over there. The local market was steady, with quotations advanced 1-16c. Sales were only 100 bales, which was due to the very small supply for sale. There is not now over 15,000 bales that can be bought here, and about all of this is undesirable stock or it would all be sold, as there is an excellent demand.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, 7¾c; ordinary, 8¾c; good ordinary, 9¼c; low middling, 9 11-16c; middling, 10 1-16c; good middling, 10 5-16c; middling fair, 10 13-16c; fair, —; stained, ¼@¾c below white.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts to-day, 188 bales; since September 1, 1886, 407,014 bales, against 438,906 same time last year; shipments to-day, 1,088 bales; since September 1, 1886, 387,788 bales, against 355,288 bales same time last year. Stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day, 29,243 bales, against 85,227.

CLOSING PRICES—3 P. M.

NEW YORK—Futures closed firm; April, 10.67c; May, 11.59c; June, 10.67c; July, 10.74c; August, 10.80c; September, 10.45c; October, 10.03c; November, 9.93c; December, 10.92c; January, 10.97c. Sales, 113,900 bales.

Country Produce.

DRIED FRUIT—Quiet and steady. We quote: Apples—Sun-dried, old, 1@2½c; Southern quarters, 2@3c; Western do, 3½@4c; sliced and rings, 4@4½c; evaporated, quarters and unbleached, 7@10c; bleached rings, 10@12c. Peaches—Old, 3@5c; new, 5@6¼c. Blackberries, 8@8½c.

STRAWBERRIES—Demand good. Mississippi, $6@7; Texas and Alabama, $3 per 6-gal. case; Louisiana, $2@3 per 3-gal. case; Florida, $5@7 per 8-gal. case.

POTATOES—Firm. Burbank, 65@68c; rose, 62@65c; peerless and beauty of hebron, 60@63c, top rates for Eastern; common and mixed near-by, 35@40c, and choice, 45@55c per bu.

NEW SOUTHERN VEGETABLES—Green peas, 70@85c per ⅓ bu, $2.25@2.40 per bu box; beets, $3.50 per crate; cucumbers, 75@80c per doz for choice; tomatoes, $1.50 per peck box; celery, 35@45c per doz; new potatoes, $3@3.50 per bbl; turnips, 50@75c per 1¼ bu crates; string beans, $2.25@2.75 per 3-peck box; carrots, 35@40c per doz bunches; cabbage, $5 per crate; squash, 50c per doz.

BUTTER—Receipts, 28,844 lbs. Quiet and easier, but unchanged. We quote: Creamery—Fair to good, 24@26c; choice and fancy, 27@28c, and selections and Elgin more. Dairy—Common and near-by make, 12@16c; medium and good, 20@24c; choice and fancy, 24@26c. Ladle-packed, 18@25c, as in quality.

BUTTERINE—(Revenue license necessary to handle this article.)—Creamery, 17½c; choice dairy, 15c; dairy, 12½c.

CHEESE—Wisconsin full cream, 12@12½c; Illinois do, 11@11½c; skims, 3@3½c for hard and 6@8c for choice; Young America, 13¾.

EGGS—Receipts, 1,939 pkgs. Good demand at 10¼@10½c per doz.

LIVE POULTRY—Quiet and steady. Old chickens ranged at $2.25 for cocks, $2.50@2.75 for mixed, to $2.75@3 for hens; springs, $3.50@5 ⅌ doz.; turkeys at 7c ⅌ lb round for gobblers and hens; ducks at $2.50@3; geese, $3@3.50. Live pigeons, $1.50 per doz.

GAME—Ducks dull. We quote: Mixed, 50@60c; teal, $1@1.25; mallard, $1.50; snipe at 75c; plover, 50@75c.

VEALS—Quiet. Choice fat sold at 5@5½c; poor at 4@4½c and heretics, 3@3½c.

GRASS SEED—Clover quotable at $3.50@3.75; timothy at $1.60@1.70; German millet, 65@75c; common millet, 50@60c; red top at 25@30c; Hungarian at 55@65c.

COTTON SEED—Selling at $10.50 per ton.

HEMP SEED—Nominal at 90c pure test.

FLAX SEED—Worth $1.02 for pure test.

CASTOR BEANS—Prime are worth $1.25.

HIDES—Quiet and easy. We quote: Green salted No. 1 at 7¾c; No. 2 at 6½c; bull and stag, 5c; uncured, 1c ⅌ lb less than cured; glue, 3c. Dry flint—No. 1 at 15½c; No. 2 at 12½c; bull and stag, 10c; dry salted, 12c; damaged, 10c; glue, 7c.

DEER SKINS—Prime dry, 24c; salted, damaged and meaty, 5@8c less; green, 10c.

SHEEP PELTS—Green, 50@90c for fair to choice large; dry, 40@70c; small lamb skins, 30@50c; shearlings, 15@20c for green, 10@15c for dry; Texas and Territory, 10@12c per lb.

FEATHERS—Quiet. We quote: Prime live geese (white) at 41c in large sacks, and 42c in small sacks (stock largely gray, 5c ⅌ lb less than prime white); unripe, quilly, etc., 30@35c; mixed and old, 10@30c; chicken (dry picked), 4@5c; duck, 20c; tare, 3 and 10 per cent.

BEESWAX—Steady at 21c for choice.

BROOM CORN—Dull. Quote: Straight common, 2¾@3¼c; choice, 3½@3¾c; crooked, half price.

WOOL—Receipts, 12,160 lbs. Market weak and quiet. We quote old:

UNWASHED—STATES.	Medium.	Coarse braid.	Low sandy.
Mo., Ill., Ark., etc	24 @24½	19@21	17@19
Kansas and Nebraska	20 @22	16@18	14@16
Texas & Indian Territory (12 mo	23 @24	18@20	16@18
(6 to 8 mo	21 @22	16@18	13@16
Colorado, New Mexico, etc	20 @21	17@19	13@17
Montana, Wyoming, etc	20 @21	17@20	15@18

UNWASHED—STATES.	Fine. Light.	Fine. Heavy.
Missouri, Illinois, Arkansas, etc	21 @22	17 @19
Kansas and Nebraska	18 @20	14 @16
Texas and Indian Territory (12 mo	21 @22	17 @20
(6 to 8 mo	20 @21	14 @17
Colorado, New Mexico, etc	20 @21	16 @17
Montana, Wyoming, etc	20 @21	15 @18

Burry and Cotted—Slightly, 2c to 3c off; moderately, 4c to 5c off; hard, 11c to 15c ⅌ lb; black, 16@23c. Tub—Choice, 36c; fair, 33@35c; low, 30@32c.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Wheat ¼@½c lower and fairly active; receipts, 43,350 bu; sales, 1,480,000 bu No. 2 red May at 91½@92c; 1,296,000 bu do June at 91¼@91⅝c; 240,000 bu do July at 91 1-16@91⅜c; 248,000 bu do August at 90@90⅝c; 872,000 bu do December at 94⅜@94½c. Corn a shade easier and dull; receipts, 32,400 bu; sales, 248,000 bu; mixed Western spot, 49@50¼c; futures, 49¼@50½c. Oats a trifle lower and dull; receipts, 143,000 bu; sales, 20,000 bu; Western 35@40c. Beef dull; new extra mess, $8.50@9. Pork steady; new mess, $16.25; old do, $15@15.25. Lard stronger; steam rendered, 7.65c. Butter steady; Western, 12@29c. Eggs—Western, fresh, 13½@13¾c. Sugar quiet; crushed, 6 3-16c; powdered, 5⅞@6c; granulated, 5.69@5¾c. Molasses dull; 50 test, 20c. Coffee steady; fair Rio, 15½c; good do, 15¾c; prime do, 16c. Turpentine dull at 39½c.

CHICAGO, Ill., April 11, noon.—May wheat opened at 83⅝c, but on more favorable crop news from California, declined to 82¾c, and is now steady at that figure. May corn, 39½c. May oats, 29½c. May lard, 7.42½c.

1 p. m.—Wheat easier; cash, 77⅝@80⅞c; May, 82 15-16c; June, 81¼c; July, 81⅜c. Corn steady; cash, 34⅝@38½c; May, 39⅝c; June, 41⅛c; July, 42 7-16c. Oats firm; cash, 25; May, 29½c; June, 30c. Rye, 54½c. Barley, 51½c. Flaxseed, $1.04. Prime timothy, $1.70. Whisky, $1.18. Pork firm; cash, $20.75; May and June, $21. Lard stronger; 7.47½c; May, 9.52½c; June, 7.62½c.

NEW ORLEANS, April 11.—Flour quiet; extra fancy, $4.25@4.35; fancy, $4@4.10; choice, $3.75@3.90. Cornmeal quiet at $2.15@2.17½. Corn firm; mixed, 51c; yellow held at 52c; white held at 52c. Oats steady; No. 2, 37½c. Bran steady and firm at 95@$1. Hay quiet and steady at $15@15.50; prime, $13.50@14.50. Provisions quiet and dull. Pork nominally 17c; cut meats and shoulders at 6.25c; sides, 8.25c; bacon, 6.75@8⅞c; l.c.s., 8.75c. Hams—Choice sugar-cured, 12@12¼c. Lard—Refined tcs at 7c. Whisky steady, on a basis of $1.13. Exchange on New York, 25@50c premium; sight, $1 premium. Cotton—Spot steady at 10 1-16c; net receipts, 1,376 bales; gross, 1,376 bales.

BALTIMORE, Md., April 11.—Wheat—Western easier and inactive; No. 2 red winter, spot, 89½@90c; May, 90⅝@90⅞c; June, 90¾@90⅞c; July, 90½c asked; August 90c asked. Corn—Western easy and dull; mixed spot, 45¾@45⅞c; May, 46½@46¾c; steamer, 44¾@45c. Oats steady and quiet; Western white, 36@38c; do mixed, 34@35c. Rye steady and firm. Provisions steady and dull; mess pork, $15.50@17.50. Lard, refined 8@8¼c. Butter firm for choice; western packed, 16@23c; creamery, 26@32c. Eggs steady, 14@14½c. Coffee higher and quiet; Rio cargoes, ordinary to fair, 15½@15¾c. Other articles unchanged. Receipts—Flour, 8,601 bbls; wheat, 42,000 bu; corn, 57,000 bu; oats, 6,000 bu; rye, 1,000 bu. Shipments—Flour, 26,884 bbls; wheat, 8,000 bu; corn, 110,000 bu.

KANSAS CITY, April 11.—The Daily Indicator reports: Wheat—Receipts 4,438 bu; shipments, 1,211 bu; in store, 194,737 bu; lower; No. 2 red cash, 69½c bid, 69¾c asked; May, sales at 71c; No. 2 soft, cash, 77c bid, 79c asked. Corn—Receipts, 8,147 bu; shipments, 3,217 bu; in store, 192,969 bu; lower; No. 2 cash, sales at 31½c; May, 32⅝c bid, 32⅞c asked; No. 2 white, cash, 33c bid, 33⅝c asked. Oats—No. 2 cash, no bids; May, 28½c asked. Rye—No bids nor offers. Eggs and butter unchanged. Hay unchanged.

CINCINNATI, O., April 11.—Flour more active; family, $3.35@3.60; fancy, $3.70@$4. Wheat quiet, 83c. Corn active and strong; higher at $4.10. Oats firm at 30@30½c. Rye steady at 62½c. Pork dull at $17. Lard firmer at 7.20c. Bulk meats stronger; short ribs, 8.12½c. Bacon firmer; short ribs, 8.75c; short clear, 9c. Whiskey firm; sales of 921 barrels finished goods on a basis of 113.

DETROIT, Mich., April 11.—Wheat—No. 1 white cash, 82½c; cash Michigan red, 83c; No. 2 red cash and April, 83c; May, 83½c; June, 83⅝c; August, 83c. Corn, 41¼c. Oats—No. 2, 29c; No. 2 white, 32c. Cloverseed, cash, $4.00.

Receipts: Wheat, 7,800 bu; corn, 9,300 bu; oats, 7,000 bu.

TOLEDO, O., April 11.—Wheat lower and quiet; cash, 81c regular, 82c Lake Shore; May, 82c; June, 82¾c; August, 82½c. Corn easier; cash, 39¾c; May, 40½c bid. Cloverseed firm; cash, $4.10; April, $4 bid.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., April 11.—Wheat cash, 87c; May, 78⅝c. Corn dull; No. 2, 37c. Oats higher; No. 2 white, 31½c. Rye quiet; No. 1, 60c. Barley firm; No. 2, 53¼c.

The Butter Market.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

ELGIN, Ill., April 11.—The butter market is in a peculiar shape to-day. Very few dealers want to buy, and bidding at the opening is slow; ran from 25c to 26c. Cheese unchanged; creams 12c to 13c; skims 5c to 9½c.

Oil and Petroleum.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 11.—Petroleum was fairly active. Prices opened at 65¼c, declined to 64½c and at 1 o'clock this afternoon 64¾c was bid.

CLEVELAND, O., April 11.—Petroleum steady; S. W. 110, 7c.

WILMINGTON, N.C., April 11.—Turpentine firm at 34¾c.

LIVE STOCK.

	Cattle.	Hogs.	Sheep.	Horses and Mules.
Receipts	1,441	1,163	1,683	216
Shipments	1,196	5,427	2,148	458

CATTLE—There was very little life in the trade to-day and the general market was in a most unsatisfactory condition. Buyers were scarce and indifferent, and few cattle changed hands during the forenoon. The feeling was unsettled, and though not quotably lower, values were weak and in buyers' favor, the only class showing any life or firmness being the best grades of butchers' cattle. We quote:

RULING QUOTATIONS.—Good to choice native shippers, $4.60@5; fair to medium, $4.30@4.50; common, $4.@4.25; butchers' steers, fair to choice, $3.90@4.35; common, $3 60@3.75; cows and heifers, fair to choice, $3@3.80; common, $2.30@2.75; feeding steers, $3.50@4.20; stockers, $2.50@3.25; native bulls, $2@3.25; veals, calves, $5@10 per head.

Representative sales:

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily report of sales of cattle: St. Louis, Apr. 11, '87.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
27	good native steers	1,202	$4 55
14	good native steers	1,250	4 60
24	light Southwest stockers	750	3 40
16	light Southwest stockers	800	3 50
14	mixed native cows and heifers	970	3 60
10	mixed sausage bulls	1,060	2 60
15	good native cows and calves, $36 each		
16	good Southwest cows and calves, $27 each.		
135	retail from $2.50 to $4.50.		

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

No.	Description.	Av.	Price.
17	Southwest butchers	992	$4 00
25	Arkansas butchers	1,084	4 35
18	native butchers	1,172	4 50
20	native butchers	977	4 30
21	Southwest butchers	871	3 90
30	native steers	1,336	4 65
69	native steers	1,277	4 65
37	native feeders	1,038	4 15
20	native feeders	1,025	4 00
28	native butchers	1,243	4 45
11	corn-fed Texans	882	4 00
120	wintered Texans	930	3 65
58	Colorado steers	1,285	4 30
27	Southwest butchers	794	3 62½
17	Southwest butchers	911	3 85
22	Southwest butchers	1,070	4 30
19	Southwest butchers	1,047	4 15
15	native butchers	1,047	4 05
23	native butchers	1,048	4 30

HOGS—Trade was active this morning, and in some instances the market was higher, butchers hogs especially were in request, and owing to a scarcity of desirable grades sales were at an advance, the range paid being from $5.35@5.75 for light to fat medium weight hogs. There was also a fair demand for Yorkers at $5.20@5.35, but the movement was limited for want of supply. Outside of the above the demand was confined to speculative buyers, who bought mixed hogs at $5@5.30. Offerings were closed out at an early hour.

Representative sales:

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily report of sales of hogs, April 11, 1887:

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
58	239	$5 60	67	209	$5 50
35	200	5 50	48	227	5 40
41	218	5 40	56	189	5 30
69	172	5 20	72	167	5 05
77	173	5 15	53	194	5 40
61	202	5 50	67	198	5 40
44	220	5 15	41	238	5 60
54	220	5 25	44	190	5 25

NATIONAL STOCK YARDS.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
60	248	$5 75	56	196	$5 25
61	221	5 62½	15	193	5 25
58	201	5 60	68	183	5 30
50	202	5 60	28	121	4 70
44	237	5 60	26	113	4 00
29	164	5 10	96	163	5 10
18	312	5 10	22	211	5 00
110	198	5 35	85	175	5 20
138	173	5 35	88	154	5 10
61	165	5 10			

SHEEP—Market steady but quiet, not from any lack of demand, but from want of supply. Wooled sheep neglected, the demand being confined to clipped.

UNION STOCK YARDS.

Daily report of sales of sheep, April 11, 1887.

No.	Av.	Price.	No.	Av.	Price.
116	83	$4 25	30	72	$4 00
49	107	4 35	89	86	4 25

Horses and Mules.

HORSES.

Heavy draft, extra	$160@225
Heavy draft, good	125@150
Drivers, extra	160@225
Drivers, good	110@140
Saddlers, extra	130@170
Saddlers, good	80@110
Streeters, extra	115@135
Streeters, good	80@100
Plugs, good to extra	30@ 55
Plugs, common	15@ 25

MULES.

14 hands, 4 to 7 years	70@ 80
14½ hands, 4 to 7 years	85@ 90
15 hands, 4 to 7 years	105@115
15½ hands, medium	110@120
16 to 16½ hands, extra	135@150
16 to 16½ hands, medium	115@130
16 to 16½ hands, extra	170@185
Heavy plugs	75@ 95

Live Stock by Telegraph.

CHICAGO, April 11.—Hogs—Receipts, 11,000; market active and 5@10c higher; pigs, $4.40@4.80; light, $5@5.55; rough packing, $5.25@5.55; mixed and heavy packing and shipping, $5.50@5.90. Cattle—Receipts, 7,000; market slow but steady; beeves, $4@5.15; butchers, $1.90@3.90; stockers, $2.60@4.20. Sheep—Receipts, 3,500; market slow; common, $3@4; good to choice, $4.50@5.10.

STOCK YARDS, KANSAS CITY, Mo., April 11.—Receipts—Cattle, 3,461; hogs, 3,248. Cattle steady. Hogs strong and 5c higher; best $5.60@5.70; bulk, about $5.40@5.60.

THE WEATHER.

Local Weather Report.

ST. LOUIS, April 11, 1887.

LOCAL TIME.	Barometer.	Temperature.	Dew-point.	Direction of Wind.	Velocity of Wind.	State of Weath'r.
5:59 a. m.	30.127	64.0	.....	SW	7	Fair.
1:59 p. m.	30.108	80.0	.....	S	13	Clear.
Means						

Minimum temperature, 63.0.
Maximum temperature, 80.0.
River, 15.5; rise 0.2.
Rainfall, 0.0.

G. A. WEBER,
Sergt. Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Easter Was the Birthday of Spring

We took time by the forelock and made ample preparations for elegant light-weight SPRING SUITS, in SCOTCH GOODS, CHEVIOTS, CHECKS, STRIPES, PLAIDS, DIAGONALS, WIDE-WALES and NEAT MIXTURES, made up in 4-BUTTON CUTAWAYS, SACKS, STRAIGHT-CUTS and CUTAWAYS, and the FULL-DRESS PRINCE ALBERTS.

We commence our All-Wool, Nicely Trimmed Suits, in the above styles of materials, at $12 PER SUIT.

Look at our Elegant Stock of BOYS' SUITS in knee pants, from 3 to 14 years; our CHILDREN'S KILT SUITS, from 2 to 7 years, in all the late designs. We commence these suits at $2.75 PER SUIT.

Our BOYS' LONG-PANT SUITS, from 12 years to 18 years, in Scotch Goods, Checks, Plaids, Wide-Wales, Diagonals, and Fancy Cassimeres. We commence these suits at $5 PER SUIT.

FINLEY & HULL,

CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.

Remember Location: N. W. Cor. Broadway and Pine St.

Weather Bulletin.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. ARMY,
WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11, 1887.

The following observations are taken at 7 a. m., 75th meridian time:

STATIONS.	Barom.	Therm.	Change in 24 h	Wind.	Rainfall in 9 h.	State of Weather.
Jacksonville, Fla.	30.19	55	....	NE	....	Clear.
Vicksburg, Miss.	30.20	54	....	S	....	Clear.
New Orleans	30.17	58	....	SE	....	Clear.
Shreveport, La.	30.12	58	....	S	....	Clear.
Little Rock, Ark.	30.14	58	....	Calm	....	Fair.
Galveston	30.10	68	....	SE	....	Clear.
Memphis	30.18	59	....	SE	....	Clear.
Nashville	30.22	49	....	Calm	....	Clear.
Louisville	30.22	55	....	Calm	....	Fair.
Indianapolis	30.19	56	† 2	S	....	Fair.
Cincinnati	30.23	51	....	S	....	Clear.
Pittsburg, Pa.	30.15	52	....	Calm	....	Foggy.
Marquette, Mich.	30.34	26	....	NE	....	Cloudy.
Chicago	30.06	58	....	NE	....	Cloudy.
Duluth, Minn.	30.28	24	....	NE	*—	Sleet.
St. Paul	30.04	39	....	N	1.43	Th. storm
La Crosse, Wis.	30.08	48	....	NE	.27	Cloudy.
Davenport, Io	30.06	58	- 1	SW	....	Clear.
Cairo, Ill	30.17	60	† 2	S	....	Clear.
St. Louis	30.14	64	† 3	SW	....	Fair.
Leavenworth	30.05	60	- 2	SW	....	Fair.
Omaha, Neb.	29.92	62	† 4	S	....	Cloudy.
Moorhead	Miss.					
St. Vincent	Miss.					
Bismarck, Dak.	30.01	29	....	E	.08	Thr't'ng
Ft. Buford	29.95	27	....	E	.01	Lt. Snow.
Ft. Assinaboine	Miss.					
Deadwood, Dak.	Miss.					
North Platte	29.63	58	....	SE	.60	Cloudy.
Denver	29.62	55	†13	S	....	Clear.
West Las Animas	29.70	43	- 4	W	....	Fair.
Dodge City	29.88	56	- 1	SE	.01	Lt. Rain.
Ft. Elliott, Tex.	29.78	59	....	S	.02	Th. storm
El Paso, Tex.	Miss.					
Salt Lake City	29.73	36	- 6	SE	....	Cloudy.
San Francisco	Miss.					

Dash (*—) indicates rainfall inappreciable; † indicates rise; - indicate fall. G. A. WEBER, Sergeant Signal Corps, U. S. A.

Indications.

WASHINGTON, D. C., April 11.—Indications for the twenty-four hours commencing at 3 p. m. to-day:

For Illinois—Local rains in the northern portion; fair weather followed by local rains in the southern portion; continued warm weather, followed by slightly cooler weather during Tuesday; southerly winds, becoming variable.

For Missouri—Local rains; preceded by fair weather in the southeast portion; southerly winds, becoming variable; slightly cooler.

For Iowa—Light rains, generally cooler; variable winds.

For Nebraska and Kansas—Light rains, southerly winds, becoming variable; cooler on Tuesday morning, followed by slowly rising temperature.

The rivers will continue to fall slowly.

The River.

ARRIVALS.

E. C. Elliot, Grand Tower; Spread Eagle, Grafton; Belle Memphis, Vicksburg; City of St. Louis, New Orleans, Libbie Conger, Burlington.

CLEARANCES.

A. H. Cheny, Tennessee River; Libbie Conger, Wabasha; Spread Eagle, Grafton; Hudson, Grafton; W. F. Nisbet, Cape Girardeau.

Driftwood.

The river is falling at this point.

The W. F. Nisbet, a little ahead of time on her up trip, gets off for the Cape at 4 o'clock.

The Hudson got off for Grafton this morning and the Spread Eagle followed her this evening.

The Electric Line sent the Wyoming to Kansas City yesterday, and is receiving for the Dacotah on Saturday.

The long John Gilbert is due out Wednesday, and will take freight for all points on the Ohio, Cumberland and Tennessee rivers.

The Anchor Line sends the E. C. Elliot to Grand Tower and the Belle Memphis to Vicksburg to-morrow. The General Meade is due out to the Missouri River on Wednesday.

The W. H. Cherry holds her old name and reputation and reached here with a big trip from the Tennessee and Ohio yesterday, and loaded up and departed for Florence, Ala.

The Sidney of the Diamond Jo Line got away yesterday for the ice-bound head of navigation on the Upper Mississippi and the Libbie Conger follows her to-day and the Pittsburg to-morrow.

River Telegrams.

CAIRO, Ill., April 11.—Arrived: City of Cairo, St. Louis, 9 p. m.; City of Baton Rouge, St. Louis, 1 a. m. Departed: Mary Houston, New Orleans, 11 p. m.; City of Cairo, Vicksburg, 11. River 21 feet 9 inches and falling. Clear and mild.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., April 11.—Noon.—River falling; 7 feet 9 inches in canal; 5 feet 5 inches on the falls. Arrived: Rainbow, Evansville. Departed: Granite State, Memphis. Weather pleasant.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 11, noon.—River 13 feet 8 inches and rising. Departed: City of Owensboro, for Louisville. Weather clear and warm.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., April 11.—River 12 feet 8 inches and rising. Departed: City of Owensboro, for Louisville. Weather clear and warm.

CINCINNATI, April 11.—River 15 feet 8 inches and falling. Clear. Thermometer, 71. Arrived: Scotia, Pittsburg.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 11.—River falling. Departed: U. P. Schneck to Cincinnati late last night. Weather clear.

WHEELING, W. Va., April 11.—River 6 feet 8 inches and falling. Clear and warm.

PITTSBURG, April 11.—River 3 feet 6 inches and falling. Clear and hot.

Marine.

SOUTHAMPTON, April 11.—The steamer Elbe, from New York for this port and Bremen, arrived off the Lizard at 10 a. m. to-day.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Arrived: Steamers Arizona, from Liverpool, and Hungaria from Hamburg.

RIVER TRANSPORTATION.

LOWER MISSISSIPPI.

St. Louis and New Orleans Anchor Line.

U. S. MAIL AND BONDED LINE.

Packets for Natchez, Bayou Sara, Baton Rouge and New Orleans leave Wednesdays and Saturdays.

Str. CITY OF ST. LOUIS ....O'Neal, Master, Will leave Wednesday, April 13, at 5 p. m.

Packets for Cape Girardeau, Cairo, Hickman, Memphis, Helena, Greenville, Arkansas City and Vicksburg leave Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

Str. BELLE MEMPHIS ......Geo. Baker, Master, Will leave Tuesday, April 12, at 5 p. m.

Packet for Ste. Genevieve, St. Mary's, Chester, Wittenberg and Grand Tower

Str. E. C. ELLIOT ....Lenox, Master, Leaves Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, at 4 p. m.

D. T. PRATHER, Agent.

UPPER MISSISSIPPI.

For Alton, Portage, Jersey and Grafton. Palace Steamer HUDSON, leaves foot of Vine st. at 8:30 a. m. daily, returning at 7 p. m. JENKINS & SASS, Agts., 806 Commercial st.

For Alton, Portage, Jersey Landing and Grafton. Str. SPREAD EAGLE Leaves daily at 3 p. m. For freight rates apply on board or to L. F. D'ARCAMBAL, Agent.

303 N. 4TH ST.
M. J. Steinberg
HATTER

CITY NEWS.

Tailoring.

New management and new cutters, the best in town, in D. Crawford & Co.'s popular tailoring department.

Find the finest range of new spring imported and domestic woolens ever shown in this city at this house.

No fit, no sale; prices 25 to 75 per cent below exclusive merchant tailors' prices!

Pants to measure, from $5 a pair up.
Suits to measure, from $20 a suit up.
Spring overcoats, from $22.50 up.
One trial is solicited.

GUERNSEY FURNITURE COMPANY.

Factory and retail salesroom corner of Locust and Third street. Boston designs manufactured in St. Louis.

SAVE the pieces! "10c Royal" glues 'em. Broken glass, china, furniture, toys, etc. Dr'g'ts.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
f22 Olive street. Set of teeth, $8.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles, cures diseases of indiscretion, indulgences. Call or write.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and medicines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine st.

CHOPPED WITH A HOE.

An Enraged Negress Murders a Colored Girl—A Lynching Probable.

AMERICUS, Ga., April 11.—Mrs. Sykie Williams, a colored woman, was lodged in the Sumter County Jail late Saturday night. When she was ushered into the institution her clothes were still bespattered with the blood of her victim, a young colored girl, Lizzie Poole. It seems that the women, who were neighbors, worked on the same plantation. Saturday morning Lizzie Poole remained at home to take care of the Williams children, and during the absence of the mother, she found it necessary to correct them. This correction was greatly magnified by the children when the mother returned, enraging the woman to a terrible extent. Seizing a hoe, Mrs. Williams fairly chopped Lizzie Poole down with it. The first blow opened the victim's skull and when she fell to the ground the murderess continued to chop away at the quivering body with the hoe. The negroes were preparing to lynch the murderess when the officers snatched her away and brought her to this place.

Why Not?

Come and listen to the exquisitely toned MUSIC BOXES we are now showing. You will surely purchase one to delight your household when you learn the low prices at which we offer them—which range from 75 cents to $100.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
Corner 4th and Locust.
They will make splendid wedding gifts.

A WRONGED HUSBAND'S VENGEANCE.

Murdered in a Saloon—A Farmer's Wife Assaulted by a Neighbor—Texas Topics.

DALLAS, April 11.—Charles Henry shot and fatally wounded his wife yesterday afternoon. He came home and discovered Hunter Farrell of Plano in his wife's bedroom. Drawing his revolver he fired at Farrell, who managed to escape. He then shot his wife and ran out after Farrell.

FORT WORTH, April 11.—George Howard was shot and killed yesterday in a saloon by Wm. Oliver, who, it is alleged, was carelessly handling a revolver. The County Attorney, however, caused Oliver's arrest upon information that the two men had a quarrel on Saturday.

ENNIS, April 11.—Mrs. Sampson Holcomb, wife of a farmer at Onion Creek, was criminally assaulted on Saturday during her husband's absence by a neighboring farmer, who escaped. A posse is in pursuit.

WE CANNOT TOO STRONGLY

Impress upon you, *should you require the aid of Glasses*, that our optical department is in
Charge of the most skillful opticians,
Who are both patient and pleasant,
Who will fit you most accurately
At reasonable prices. Try them.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
CORNER 4TH AND LOCUST.
Prices range, $1 for steel; $5 for gold and finer.

OLD SETTLERS GONE.

A Special Grand-Jury for the Bald Knobbers—Missouri Matters.

LOUISIANA, April 11.—Samuel F. Stephenson, one of the oldest residents of this section, died last night. He settled here in 1818. M. H. Arthur, an old settler of Pike County, died at Reading in his 80th year.

OZARK, April 11.—A special Grand-jury will assemble on the 19th inst. to investigate the Bald Knobbers' outrages in Christian County. The accused have mortgaged their farms to meet the legal expenses of the defense.

LEXINGTON, April 11.—The arguments in the Callahan-Chichester murder case were submitted this morning. Callahan joined the Christian Church yesterday.

PIANO LAMPS.

FOR HOME DECORATION AND WEDDING GIFTS.

We ask an inspection of our exquisite variety and their low prices.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
COR. 4TH & LOCUST.
Prices range from $15 to $75.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

Wm. Shaporter, Fayette, Mo.; Chas. H. Fisher, Anderson, Ind.; R. J. Harris, Gilmore, Mo., are at the St. James.

W. H. Hornor, Butler Springs, Kan.; R. D. Hubbard, Mankato, Minn.; H. S. Taylor, Atchison, Kan., and G. W. Kimball, Rock Island, Ill., are at the Planters'.

T. L. Robertson, Ozark, Mo.; W. C. Schulte, C. J. F. Hoffman, Ft. Smith, Ark.; M. Heymann, Huntsville, Mo.; Wm. Somerville, Quincy, Ill., are at the Hotel Barnum.

A. H. Danforth, Charleston, Mo.; H. F. Fellows, Springfield, Mo.; Thos. Connor, J. B. Briggs, Joplin, Mo.; G. L. Chapman, Wellington, Kan.; Wm. C. Masten, Kansas City, are at the Laclede.

J. F. Vickers, Paducah, Ky.; J. Johnson, Carlinville, Ill.; J. W. Carlton, Oreal Springs; Mrs. F. H. Bailey, Curtis, Ark.; J. T. Bradshaw, Lebanon, Mo.; W. H. O'Brien, Denison, Tex., are at the Hotel Hunt.

C. W. Geuchs and wife, Washington, D. C.; Chas. H. Howell, Jerseyville, Mo.; Miss M. W. Shaw, Greenville, Miss.; F. Blakesler, Neodesha, Kan.; J. C. Macspadden, Chicago, Ill.; Geo. L. Smith, New York, are at Hursts'.

Geo. M. Hewitt and wife, Wichita, Kan.; Mrs. F. M. Friend and A. B. Arment, Winfield, Kan.; J. C. McVay, Yankton, Dak.; Geo. C. Webber, Rochester, N. Y.; Chas. S. Paine, Toledo, O., and Chas. Morris and family, Holton, Kan., are at the Lindell.

Jos. M. Ward, Newark, N. J.; P. Wyckoff, C. H. Searing, W. F. Kloff, Arkansas City, Kan.; Matthew Ryan and son, Leavenworth, Kan.; A. Leonard and wife, Mt. Leonard, Mo.; S. F. Bittenbender and wife, Ponca, Neb.; Mrs. W. Snyder, Bryan Snyder, Galveston, Tex.; W. J. Wood and wife, Mrs. Alex. Gilchrist, Evansville, Ind.; B. A. Stone, Mohawk, N. Y.; W. W. Wallace, Peoria, Ill., are at the Southern.

THE artistic wedding invitations executed by the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., corner Fourth and Locust, are winning universal commendation. Place your orders with them to obtain correct forms and elegant work.

KEEP THEM THERE.

AMERICANS IN LONDON ASHAMED OF THEIR OWN COUNTRY.

An Interesting Conversation Between an Englishman and a Denationalized American—"A Genuine Londoner"—The Haymarket Theater—Lady Colin Campbell at the Theater—Tips and Gratitude.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, April 11.—Under date of March 30, Mr. T. C. Crawford writes from London to the WORLD, as follows: A great many more Americans come to London to stay than any other city in Europe. Paris used to be their favorite city. Now the tide has changed to London. During the days of the late French empire, Americans were made very welcome at Napoleon III.'s Court. The gayeties of his reign, and the welcome given to Americans made the attractions which drew the crowd. Now Americans are better received in London than they have been for many years. It has been discovered by the practical business men of London that there are a great many rich people in America and that they spend their money freely. The English encouragement to Americans dates largely from the desire of the mercantile community to have American visitors come to London. One of the prominent editors of London said yesterday in conversation: "We are very glad to see Americans here. They go about and visit other countries much more than our people. I am glad to see that Englishmen are beginning to visit America more than they have. In the old days the education of a young Englishman was not considered finished till he had made a trip to the Continent. Now his education is considered very imperfect if he has not made a tour of the States. The number of Englishmen who visit America is not yet as great as it should be. Americans who come here with any kind of letters of introduction are sure to be made most welcome. The climate here is at first depressing, but it is soon found to be an excellent working climate and an extremely healthful one."

MISREPRESENTING THEIR COUNTRY.

Some of the Americans here who are the most conspicuous, do not represent in a complimentary way their own country. People who are ashamed of their own country, or who are disposed to go about apologizing for it, belong to the class of people ashamed of their own families. I heard a conversation illustrating this type in front of the Haymarket Theater last night, between a denationalized American and an Englishman, while we were waiting for the doors to be opened for the performance of "Man and Wife." I did not know that the denationalized was an American until he admitted the disgraceful fact with great depreciation and numerous apologies. He had the most exaggerated cockney accent and employed the broadest a's, where even ordinary Englishmen flat them, and used with great frequency the London colloquilisms. In the course of the conversation the denationalized began to discuss Mrs. Potter and said:

"Some of these Americans are wonderfully clever, and this woman may make a hit."

The Englishman replied in a sort of doubting way: "You speak of her as if she were a foreigner. Is she not a countrywoman of yours?"

"Yes, I am American born; but I have been fifteen years away from my country and I have completely lost all my connections and acquaintance there. The greater part of the time I have lived in London. I believe to-day that I am more of a genuine Londoner than you are. I am such a devoted admirer of the English and their customs, and I have lived their life so long, that I often forget, unless reminded of it by a question, that I am an American."

THE HAYMARKET THEATER.

There was not a bonnet worn by one of the ladies at the Haymarket Theater at last evening's performance. All of the ladies present were in evening dress. The seats in this theater are much wider than in any theater in New York, and for this reason the dresses were not crushed, and there was more brilliant effect throughout the house. The arrangement of this theater is different from anything in the United States. The balcony seats and the boxes are on the same floor with the entrance from the street. The stalls, which correspond to our orchestra chairs, are on the floor below the street. On this floor is a large dressing-room, where the ladies leave their wraps and bonnets. Between it and the passage-way, and back of the stalls, is a large smoking-room and a bar attended by a hale-faced brunette with regular features, who was dressed in a close-fitting suit of black silk.

LADY COLIN CAMPBELL.

I saw Lady Colin Campbell at the first appearance of Mrs. Potter at the Haymarket, last evening. Lady Campbell sat in the back part of the section of the theater occupied by the stalls. She was in full evening dress and was accompanied by her brother. Although she was surrounded by a large number of society people who knew her well, no one spoke to her or recognized her in any way. She is a striking looking woman with more than ordinary claims to be handsome. She is tall with a slim figure and the small waist so much admired in English society. Her complexion is clear and fresh. Her eye-brows are well arched and delicately defined. Her nose is not classical, but it is irregular in line. The lower part of her face is delicate in line and pleasing. Her dark eyes are expressive and full of fire. Her hair is very dark and was worn high, twisted into a coronet shape on the top of her head. She wore an elaborate evening dress of a pink lavender color. She leaned back in a position of extreme repose, as she fanned herself idly with a fan of white ostrich feathers. She appeared perfectly self-possessed and indifferent. There was not upon her face the slightest sign of worry or care. Her brother was a fresh-colored, modest-looking young man of a type fully as dark as his sister. He never left her for a moment.

TIPS.

In the United States one can say "thank you" in return for some service without incurring the danger of being taken for a servant or a person in a position where he is not above being tipped. To say "thank you" in England puts you at once on a level with the people who have their heads set at an alert angle, on guard for a coy shilling. "Thank you," pronounced either "thank yo" or "thank yew," meets you at every turn. You cannot say a word to any of the tradesmen or the servant class without hearing it as a reply to your every sentence which is not a direct question. This morning I told the newsdealer to cut off certain papers he had been furnishing me and he replied promptly, "Thank yo." It was the same "thank yo" that greeted the order. I believe that if you were to tell any member of the class I have just named that their dearest friend was dead he would reply "thank you." I am told that among the few people in the highest circles, where tips are not expected or received, grateful acknowledgments are expressed by "thanks awfully."

Every Lady and Gentleman

Should examine the grand collection of *silk umbrellas* at the

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.'S,
Corner 4th and Locust.

Prices range from $3.50 to $15, which includes free a solid silver plate with name engraved.

Death of Eben J. Stearns.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., April 11.—Eben Stearns, President of the Tennessee Normal College and Chancellor of the University of the South, died in this city this morning.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

STRENGTHENS THE INTELLECT.

Dr. D. P. McClure, Rantoul, Ill., says: "I find it very beneficial to strengthen the intellect."

THE CLEVELAND INVITATION.

Signatures Coming in Rapidly—The Exchange Will Sign Officially.

President Frank Gaiennie of the Merchants' Exchange obtained this morning a sufficient number of signature blanks for the Cleveland invitation and they were scattered over the desks on the Exchange. They were heavily signed during the day. One person with an exagerated idea of humor took a sheet containing the names of about forty prominent citizens and, after signing the names of all the members of his family, wrote beneath it: "The rest of the family died young." The sheet was of course destroyed and a number of valuable signatures went with it. The gentlemen who signed this sheet, which was in the southeast corner of the Exchange, are requested to sign one of the other blanks. These others, which were to be found on every desk on the Exchange, were very liberally signed this morning. One blank has been reserved to be finally signed by the officers and directors of the Exchange in their official capacity. The Exchange sheets will then be bound together.

At Forest Park yesterday signatures were received at the cottage and one of the signature blanks was very quickly filled up.

Yesterday was a heavy day for signatures.

AMONG THE DRUGGISTS.

John S. Mffiott of the committee sent this morning to the Mayor's office for 200 more books, the demands for blanks from the druggists being very heavy. As the books are to be reported at the meeting at the Mayor's office on Wednesday, it is expected that all books will be returned before Wednesday, at 5 p. m., to the committeeman from whom they came.

The committee would be pleased to furnish blanks to all large business houses and corporations who may desire them.

It is to be hoped that all who, as yet, have not signed the invitation will call at the nearest drug store and sign as soon as possible. Books were received to-day from Fernow, Addington, Alexander and the Laclede Pharmacy.

Mrs. Gen. Logan's Dentist,

Dr. E. A. Carroll of Washington, D. C., says: "I have had Zonweiss Cream for the teeth analyzed. It is safe to use and is the most perfect dentrifice I have ever seen."

LABOR LAID LOW.

Congressman O'Neill Knocks Down J. J. McGarry, Judge Advocate, K. of L.

J. J. McGarry, Judge Advocate of the Knights of Labor, was knocked down by Congressman Jno. J. O'Neill at the corner of Eighth and Olive streets yesterday afternoon. McGarry, from all reports, was under the influence of liquor and hardly responsible for his actions. He attempted to pick a quarrel with O'Neill, claiming that the Congressman had maligned him to his friends. McGarry followed O'Neill about and became offensive in his remarks, and O'Neill turned and knocked him down. The police officer in the vicinity refused to make any arrests on the ground that he had not seen the assault.

WE only charge $1 for 100 finest visiting cards from plate, and but $1.50 for 100 cards and finely engraved copper plate. Kindly place your orders early. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., corner Fourth and Locust.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

The town of Corydon, Ky., was destroyed by fire Saturday.

The backbone of the cotton strike at New Orleans is said to be broken.

Levi Erupie, a prominent Odd Fellow, died at Burlingame, Kan., Saturday.

Judge William Strong of the noted Strong family died at Portland yesterday.

The sealing steamer Eagle, reported lost, arrived at St. Johns, N. F., Saturday.

Rev. Dr. McGlynn will leave New York tomorrow on a lecturing tour through the West.

The Maumee Rolling-mills, near Toledo, O., were destroyed by fire last night. Net loss, $220,000.

Rev. Edward Taylor, D. D., a noted Baptist preacher and editor, died at Buffalo, N. Y., Saturday.

The female seminary at Fort Gibson, I. T., was burned last night. Loss, above insurance, $60,000.

President Joseph Smith of the Latter Day Saints, son of the Mormon prophet, in a sermon at Kirtland, O., yesterday denounced polygamy.

Ball games were stopped by the police all through Queens County, Long Island, yesterday. Over fifteen thousand people "lost their money's worth."

Robt. E. Pattison of Pennsylvania, E. Ellery Anderson of New York and David T. Littler of Illinois were appointed Saturday as commissioners to investigate the Pacific railroads.

Rabbi Machal of Cleveland, O., delivered a fiery philippic Saturday against Rabbi Hahn for holding Sunday lectures, declaring them the entering wedge for a breaking down of Judaism.

At Baltimore, Md., Saturday night Policeman James M. Moore was fatally shot by Martin Gundlach, a cab driver, whom he was trying to arrest for disorderly conduct in a house of ill-fame.

In the trial of Huffman and Bell at Nebraska City for a Missouri Pacific train wrecking the former was convicted of murder in the first degree and the latter, who turned State's evidence, got ten years.

Next Sunday the Sunday law goes into effect in Washington, D. C. The tobacco, confectionery and liquor-dealers propose to see that the law is made to includes cars, papers and other Sunday business.

William Fields, Captain of the United States Indian police for Indian Territory, was shot and killed by James Cummins, on whom he tried to serve a warrant. The murder occurred near Eufala, I. T. Cummins was arrested.

The inevitable religious riot diversified the Easter festivities at Belfast, Ireland, yesterday. The police charged the mob twice, but could not disperse it, and at last fired, wounding one man. A repetition of last year's riots is feared.

Benjamin Marston, a miner at Negaunee, Mich., was being hoisted to the surface when he stuck his head out of the cage. The head was sheared off clean and fell to the bottom of the shaft, causing a stampede among the other miners, who quit work.

Cardinal Taschereau of Quebec has issued a manifesto granting absolution to the Knights of Labor on the several conditions that they be ready to abandon the society at the behest of the Holy See; that they promise to avoid anything that savors of Masonry or other secret societies, and that they abstain from oaths and promises.

Purchase Artistic Wedding Presents

at the leading art dealers, Redheffer & Koch, 1000 Olive st.

A Fashionable Affair.

Preparations are now complete for the drawing-room concert this evening at the Mrs. Moses Fraley's residence, No. 3650 Lindell avenue, for the benefit of the St. Louis Children's Hospital. The programme will embrace numbers by Signor Parisi, the brilliant violinist of the last Musical Union concert; Mrs. Preetorious, Mr. Robyne, Mr. Osgood and other professionals, a vocal quartet by certain well-known lady amateurs and other contributions of unusual excellence. The affair will also be a social event of more than usual importance, coming as it does upon the first night after the Lenten restrictions upon fashionable divertisements. The house is a museum of bric-a-brac and articles of vertu, and the entre acte will afford many persons an opportunity to gratify their curiosity and artistic taste by an inspection of these treasures. In order that the amplest opportunity may be afforded to swell the treasury of the hospital, Mrs. Fraley has kindly consented that tickets may be sold at the door this evening. They may also be obtained of Mrs. Hugh M. McKittrick, the President, and of the other ladies, members of the board.

HUMANE SOCIETY benefit, Exposition building, to-morrow night. Pythian Dramatic Association in "Damon and Pythias."



Confirmation Suits!

We have exceeded all past efforts this season in placing before the public the most complete and elegant assortment of BOYS' CONFIRMATION SUITS in St. Louis, made up in the Best Woolen Fabrics in fine Cassimeres, Worsteds, Corkscrews and Flannels, in blues and blacks.

KNEE-PANT CONFIRMATION SUITS—For Boys 9 to 13, at $4 $4.50, $5, $5.50, $6, $7.50, $8.50, $10.

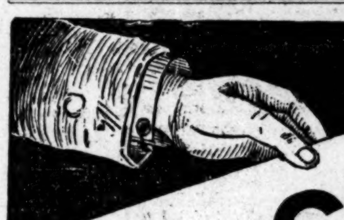
LONG-PANT CONFIRMATION SUITS—For Large Boys, at $5, $5.50, $6, $6.50, $7.50, $8.50, $10, $12.50, $15, $18 and $20.

Our Spring Offerings in Gents' and Young Men's Tailor-Made Suits are unsurpassed in this city or the West. Gentlemen who have made selections from our magnificent stock pronounce it incomparable. New lines in both our Men's and Boys' Departments open this week.

See our elegant selection of Spring Trousers at $5.00, Tailor-Made and perfect-fitting.

THE GREAT ARCTIC FOUNTAIN is now in full blast. ICE CREAM SODA with the purest fruit syrups, **SERVED AT 5 CENTS PER CLASS.**

FAMOUS
JOSEPH SPECHT, President,
NINETEENTH CENTURY DEALERS in Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Furnishing Goods, Millinery, Fancy Goods, Cloaks, Wraps, Trunks, Valises, Rubber Goods & Garments, BROADWAY AND MORGAN, St. Louis.



85 CENTS

Is the price we will sell some Choice Body Brussels Carpets, worth $1.10. Those All-Wool Extra Super Carpets at 65c are moving lively. We still have some left, which will certainly be closed out this week. At 20c and 25c we are showing Ingrain Carpets, which will not be equaled in the city. A special sale of Oil-Cloth, in all widths, will be found among our bargains this week.

KNAUPP & KRAMER 411 FRANKLIN AVE.

MASS IN JAIL.

WELL-ATTENDED EASTER SERVICES IN A VERY UNUSUAL PLACE.

A Choice Selection of Murderers and Other Criminals Assist at the Service and Partake of Communion—Dan Jewell, Who Is to Hang Next Friday, the Happiest of the Participants—Maher, the Peddler, Who Figured in the Terrible Assault on Mrs. Gutting, a Convert.

Easter services were held in jail this morning, under the auspices of the Sisters of Mercy. It is the second time in the history of the institution that the Roman Catholics have held services there. Last Christmas solemn high mass was celebrated in jail, under the auspices of the same order of Sisters, and created considerable talk at the time among the members of the Protestant clergy. Many of them denounced Jailer Siegmund for permitting mass to be held there, although the Young Men's Christian Association had been holding services there every Sunday for a few years past. Mr. Siegmund has made it a rule to allow any denomination to hold services there and refused to discriminate against the Roman Catholics. The holding of that Christmas mass was the consummation of a long cherished desire of the Sisters.

This morning the

REV. FATHER TIHAN,

the assistant of Father Hennessy of St. John's Church, both celebrated mass and preached the sermon. His superior and a half-dozen ladies were among the visitors. The little white altar that had been utilized Christmas was again brought into requisition this morning. As before it was placed at the north end of the jail court just under the spiral stairway on which the "look-out" is stationed, the altar being faced to the south. Eleven Christian brothers were present. One presided at the organ and the other ten were seated on benches to the east of the altar. They formed the choir and sang beautifully. Father Hennessy and the lady visitors occupied benches to the west of the altar, and the male prisoners who are believers in the faith were seated on benches directly in front of the altar. All the prisoners in the jail were let out of their cells, as on Christmas, to attend the services if they so desired, and they all attended, except Jack Hayes, the murderer of Saloon-keeper Philip Mueller. This poor simpering idiot is not able to leave his cell, but he realized that something unusual was taking place, and in his driveling way inquired of one of the guards if it was not Sunday.

THE FEMALE PRISONERS

were seated on benches in the western part of the jail court and the males ranged themselves around in a circle near the cells. They all had their heads bared and listened in most respectful manner to the services. Maxwell and the Chinese murderers took up their positions at the extreme east end of the court. The services commenced at 8 o'clock prompt, two little acolytes assisting Father Tihan in the celebration of mass. Fully an hour earlier two Sisters of Mercy arrived and busied themselves making preparations for the event. It was 9:20 when the services were concluded and the prisoners returned to their cells. Those who took communion were Daniel Jewell, the negro who is to be hanged Friday for the murder of his wife; Henry Landgraf, Mike Gilmore, Herman Effen, John O'Hara, Wm. Hennessy and Wm. Woods, all murderers; Wm. Maher, one of the peddlers who are charged with criminally assaulting Mrs. J. W. Gutting, wife of the Deputy Probate Clerk, having carried her away from her house in the southern part of the city in a wagon and kept her all day; Henry Ahern, Tom, Mike and John Carmody, John Ryan, Ed Ryan, John Coleman, Theodorus Condon, John King, Ed Davis and Ed Short. Yucatan Marsteliar, the murderer of Alexander J. Steele, the stock dealer, was steated on one of the benches, but did not receive communion.

DAN JEWELL

was nattily dressed in a pair of light pants and a light blue coat and vest. He has entirely recovered from his recent illness and does not appear to be in the slightest troubled about the execution hanging over his head. In fact, he was in the very best of spirits, and no one who was not aware of the fact would suppose for an instant that he was to be executed Friday. The death-watch will be placed on him Wednesday morning.

THE loveliest of new Silverwares, Clocks and Fine Vases for bridal presents are shown by the

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,
CORNER 4TH AND LOCUST.
Whose prices are very low.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest and Gossip From the Adjacent Towns.

North Springfield, Mo., April 8.—Work has commenced on the extension of the White River Branch Railroad, which is to be extended to Little Rock, Ark., via Harrison. The road will run through a very rich mineral county.——The vote to consolidate the twin cities of Springfield and North Springfield was almost unanimous, so that the future of the Queen City of the Ozarks is assured.——Maj. Cole, the Evangelist, is holding a series of meetings in a large tent, and has had many converts, and the good work will be continued next week.

Joplin, Mo., April 10.—Hon. Lee D. Bell, Mayor of Neosho, has been a recent guest of Joplin; also Mr. M. W. Clay of Splitlog, Mo.——Mrs. A. M. McPherson and her daughter, Lida McPherson, of Galena are recent visitors here.——Col. T. A. McClelland left last night for Kansas City.——Mrs. Dan T. Short has returned from a visit to relatives at Vandalia, Ill. She is accompanied by her daughter, Mrs. Fogler, of that town.——Mrs. N. Long is visiting Carthage friends——Florence Fillmore is entertaining Miss Mattie Rombauer and Miss Lou Naughton of Carthage.——Mrs. Dr. C. C. Wheeler, aunt of Mrs. John Foster, and Miss Switzegabel of Kansas City, is entertaining them at her residence here.

Cape Girardeau, Mo., April 10.—The Potosi Presbytery has been in session here since Friday night. W. Beale of New Madrid Moderator, and J. V. Worsham of Seventy-six, Mo., Secretary. To-day the ministers of the Presbytery occupy the Protestant pulpits with the exception of the Episcopal.——The Easter services in the Catholic and Episcopal churches were on a magnificent scale. The music at St. Vincent's Church was especially grand.——Miss Maude Warwick of Theba, Ill., is the guest of Mrs. H. A. Pott.——Misses Lou Schofield and Jennie Rennie of Cairo are visiting St. Vincent's Academy.——Mmes. Benifair and Cloas of Benton are visitors here this week.——Mrs. Zal Penny of New Madrid was entertained by Cape friends.

St. Charles, Mo., April 11.—Miss Kate Sloan of St. Louis, who has been visiting Mrs. E. D. Wilhite of this city during the past week, returned home Saturday.——Mrs. F. W. Fensky of St. Louis, who has been a guest of her mother, Mrs. Charles Hildebrandt, during the past few days, returned home Sunday afternoon.——Mrs. Annie Shannon of Kansas City is the guest of her sister, Mrs. Henry Kemper of this place.——Col. John E. Hutton, after a few days' visit to this city, returned home Saturday morning. The St. Charles College cadets were reviewed by him Saturday morning in front of the Galt House.——Mr. Thebeau Kamerlin of St. Louis was a guest of 'Squire Dolan Sunday.

HUMANE Society Benefit, Exposition Building to-morrow night. Pythian Dramatic Association in "Damon and Pythias."

IS THERE ANYTHING

Particularly attractive about a last season's hat? The question arises out of the fact of some men's clinging to them with a tenacity worthy of a better cause. Wait—there may be a reason for this—ordinary, every-day hatters have been for years playing havoc with the pocket-books of mankind, and have forced them, by high prices, to stick to the old hat as long as possible. Well—Humphrey comes to the rescue with the following price list:

SILK HATS} DUNLAP BLOCK, {$3.50 to $5.00
Derby Hats} Dunlap and Youman Styles, black and brown. {$1.90, $2.50, $3
CRUSH HATS} All Styles and Colors for Men and Boys. {$1.00

These prices are for goods that any other hat dealer charges 33 per cent higher prices for.

Boys' and Children's Hats and Caps a specialty.

F. W. Humphrey & Co.,
N. E. CORNER BROADWAY AND PINE.

The LARGEST, NEWEST and BEST-ASSORTED Stock of FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES and HOUSE-FURNISHING GOODS IN ST. LOUIS ON

TIME PAYMENTS

AT THE

Straus-Emerich Outfitting Co., 1116 Olive Street.

Sell on easy WEEKLY or MONTHLY payments everything needed to furnish a house complete, from cellar to garret. Our STOCK is the LARGEST, our PRICES the LOWEST, and our TERMS the EASIEST. No security required. We also sell on CREDIT a full line of CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, DRESS GOODS, SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS, LADIES' CLOAKS and WRAPS, GOLD and SILVER WATCHES, JEWELRY, etc. OPEN AT NIGHT.

Horton Place!

—ON—

MAPLE AND HAMILTON AVENUES.

Most desirable Building Lots in the West End. Improvements, Neighborhood and Location Unexcelled. Call and see us before locating.

RUTLEDGE & HORTON,
801 LOCUST STREET.

PROVIDE A HOME!

MERCANTILE BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION!

Capital Stock, $600,000......2,500 Shares; $240 per Share........Dues, $1 per Month a Share.

OFFICERS:

FRED G. ZEIBIG..................President | WM. B. PHILIBERT..................Treasurer
JNO. B. CLEMENTS............Vice-President | F. M. GILMORE..................Secretary

DIRECTORS:

FRED G. ZEIBERG, Real Estate. | DR. SAM'L H. FRAZER, Coroner.
J. B. CLEMENTS, Civil Engineer. | THEO. BENOIST, Real Estate.
WM. B. PHILIBERT, Planing Mill. | JOHNSTON MORRISON, Contractor.
F. M. GILMORE, Real Estate. | W. C. WALLS, Builder.
JNO. DWYER, Builder. | ALFRED M. BAKER, Architect.
D. A. HAILMAN, Printer. | JAS. F. CHAPMAN, Real Estate.
W. P. HUNT.

All who desire to live in their own homes, and acquire the same at the least possible cost, should attend the meeting of the stockholders and friends of the MERCANTILE BUILDING AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, to be held

Tuesday Eve., April 12, at 8 o'clock, at the Office of Chapman & Gilmore, No. 320 Chestnut st.

Only a limited amount of stock remains unsubscribed; so don't fail to secure some. Come and get a prospectus.

THE GROSS EXCHANGES.

A Table Showing the Business of the Leading Clearing-Houses.

BOSTON, April 11.—The following table shows the gross exchanges of the leading clearing houses of the United States for the week ending April 9, 1887, together with a percentage comparison with the corresponding week in 1886:

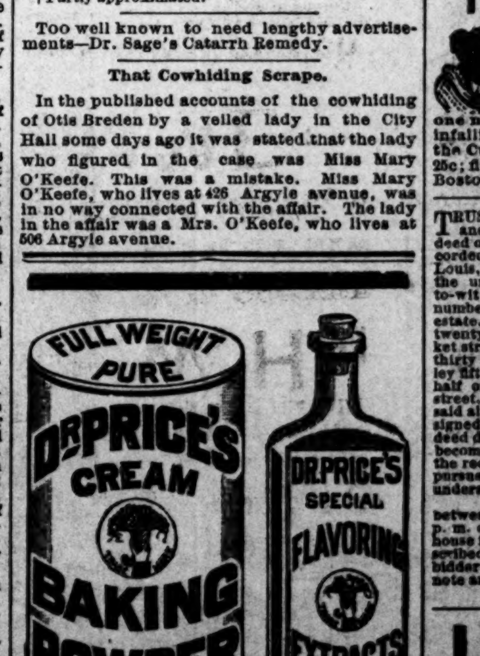
	Week ending April 9, 1877.	Per cent.	
New York	$659,268,800	Inc.	15.2
Boston	87,958,992	Inc.	36.8
Philadelphia	56,921,159	Inc.	13.7
Chicago	50,545,000	Inc.	16.2
St. Louis	17,555,030	Inc.	9.1
San Francisco	14,785,224	Inc.	50.4
Baltimore	11,544,220	Inc.	8.5
Cincinnati	12,238,950	Inc.	25.4
Pittsburg	8,574,959	Inc.	9.3
Kansas City	7,884,963	Inc.	49.5
New Orleans	6,859,517	Dec.	11.2
Louisville	5,584,336	Dec.	22.7
Providence	4,694,500	Inc.	16.3
St. Paul	3,685,000	Inc.	46.9
*Detroit	3,677,000	Inc.	22.8
Milwaukee	3,511,000	Inc.	9.7
Cleveland	3,278,617	Inc.	41.0
Omaha	2,941,176	Inc.	100.2
Minneapolis	2,273,021	Inc.	7.1
Denver	2,831,644	Inc.	65.6
Memphis	2,119,175	Inc.	12.4
Columbus	2,084,513	Inc.	10.8
Hartford	1,694,497	Dec.	0.3
Indianapolis	1,265,281	Inc.	38.9
†Wichita	1,226,688	......	
Galveston	1,105,001	Dec.	9.2
New Haven	1,156,773	Inc.	7.8
Springfield	1,009,573	Inc.	37.7
St. Joseph	1,268,365	Inc.	83.5
Peoria	960,955	Inc.	42.5
Worcester	927,618	Inc.	16.0
Syracuse	785,029	Inc.	57.7
Norfolk	683,635	Inc.	5.1
Grand Rapids	399,688	Inc.	4.0
Total	$983,153,870	Inc.	15.8
Outside New York	$323,885,070	Inc.	20.7

* Not included in total.
† Partly approximated.

Too well known to need lengthy advertisements—Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

That Cowhiding Scrape.

In the published accounts of the cowhiding of Otis Breden by a veiled lady in the City Hall some days ago it was stated that the lady who figured in the case was Miss Mary O'Keefe. This was a mistake. Miss Mary O'Keefe, who lives at 426 Argyle avenue, was in no way connected with the affair. The lady in the affair was a Mrs. O'Keefe, who lives at 506 Argyle avenue.



MOST PERFECT MADE

Prepared with strict regard to Purity, Strength, and Healthfulness. Dr. Price's Baking Powder contains no Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor deliciously.

HOTELS.

HOTEL VENDOME.
Broadway and 41st Street, New York.
AMERICAN PLAN.
Centrally located. All the latest improvements. Cuisine and service unexcelled. Special rates to permanent guests.
I. STEINFELD, Manager.

Sneezing Catarrh.

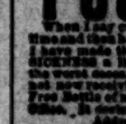
The distressing sneeze, sneeze, sneeze, the acrid, watery discharges from the eyes and nose, the painful inflammation extending to the throat, the swelling of the mucous lining, causing choking sensations, cough, ringing noises in the head and splitting headaches—how familiar these symptoms are to thousands who suffer periodically from head colds or influenza, and who live in ignorance of the fact that a single application of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE FOR CATARRH will afford *instantaneous relief.*

But this treatment in cases of simple Catarrh gives but a faint idea of what this remedy will do in the chronic forms, where the breathing is obstructed by choking, putrid mucous accumulations, the hearing affected, smell and taste gone, throat ulcerated and hacking cough gradually fastening itself upon the debilitated system. Then it is that the marvelous curative power of SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE manifests itself in instantaneous and grateful relief. Cure begins from the first application. It is rapid, radical, permanent, economical, safe.

SANFORD'S RADICAL CURE consists of one bottle of the RADICAL CURE, one box of CATARRHAL SOLVENT, and an IMPROVED INHALER; price, $1.

POTTER DRUG & CHEMICAL CO., BOSTON.

I ACHE ALL OVER.



"I must give up; I cannot bear these pains; I ache all over, and nothing I try does me any good." Backache, Uterine Pains, Hip and Side Pains, Soreness, Lameness, Weakness and Inflammation relieved in one minute by that new, original, elegant and infallible antidote to pain and inflammation, the Cuticura Anti-Pain Plaster. At druggists, 25c; five for $1. Potter Drug and Chemical Co., Boston.

TRUSTEE'S SALE.—Whereas Hermann Trapmann and Bettie Trapmann, his wife, by their certain deed of trust, dated March 16, A. D. 1885, and recorded in the Recorder's Office of the City of St. Louis, Mo., in book 748, at page 400, conveyed to the undersigned the following described real estate to-wit: The east half of lot number six (6) of block number ten (10) of the third subdivision of the "Wash estate," now city block No. 3,695, having a front of twenty-five (25) feet on the north line of North Market street, by a depth northwardly of one hundred and thirty feet and six inches (130 feet 6 inches) to an alley fifteen (15) feet wide; bounded west by the west half of said lot No. 6, south by North Market street, east by lot No. 7 of said block, and north by said alley, which conveyance was made to the undersigned to secure the payment of certain notes in said deed described; and, whereas the principal note has become due and remains unpaid; now, therefore, at the request of the legal holder of said note and in pursuance of the conditions of said deed of trust, the undersigned will on

THURSDAY, APRIL 21, A. D., 1887,

between the hours of 10 o'clock a. m. and 5 o'clock p. m. of said day, at the east front door of the Court-house in the city of St. Louis, Mo., sell above-described real estate at public vendue to the highest bidder, for cash, for the purposes of satisfying said note and the costs of executing this trust.

HENRY HIEMENZ, JR., Trustee.

I CURE FITS!

When I say cure I do not mean merely to stop them for a time and then have them return again, I mean a radical cure. I have made the disease of FITS, EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS a life-long study. I warrant my remedy to cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a Free Bottle of my infallible remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and I will cure you. Address Dr. H. G. ROOT, 183 Pearl St., New York.

LADIES' PENNYROYAL PILLS. "CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH." The Original and only Genuine. Ask your Druggist for Chichester's English; take no other, or [illegible]